

1. - 8. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. The first time we find ---- of life on a planet orbiting another star will probably be by analysing the gases in its atmosphere.

- A) reality  
B) accountability  
C) comparison  
D) annoyance  
E) evidence

2. Education reformers ---- by the late 19th century that a standard calendar with a summer break would provide a/an opportunity for students and teachers alike to refocus.

- A) shook  
B) delivered  
C) contributed  
D) reasoned  
E) included

3. With new technologies introduced every passing day, our time spent on video calls has risen ---- in the last few years.

- A) arguably  
B) previously  
C) considerably  
D) carefully  
E) subtly

4. Brazil, where only one percent of the population, the rich elite, owns more than half of the arable land, is notorious for its extremely ---- land distribution.

- A) unequal  
B) invaluable  
C) unlikely  
D) indispensable  
E) unintentional

5. Until birth, a fetus ---- its mother to provide all the essentials, and the placenta is the channel that lets mom pass the baby everything it needs to support its development.

- A) gets on  
B) relies on  
C) puts away  
D) gives off  
E) looks into

6. While self-control ---- positive outcomes in many aspects of life, research ---- that frequent acts of self-control may harm mental health.

- A) has led to / found  
B) leads to / has found  
C) had led to / will find  
D) would lead to / finds  
E) will lead to / was finding

7. While you ---- the newly-discovered black hole while stargazing from your backyard, stars orbiting it ---- by skywatchers in the Southern Hemisphere.

- A) cannot find / could have been seen  
B) must not find / would be seen  
C) don't have to find / might be seen  
D) may not be able to find / can be seen  
E) aren't supposed to find / should be seen

8. Mistakenly ---- with other medieval artefacts in an Italian museum, one of the oldest swords on record was spotted by a keen-eyed archaeology student.

- A) to be grouped  
B) having grouped  
C) grouping  
D) to group  
E) grouped

9. - 15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

9. Antarctica is one of the driest places ---- the planet, but there is a surprising amount of liquid water hidden ---- the continent's frozen surface.

- A) in / above  
B) to / over  
C) on / below  
D) of / among  
E) off / into

10. More than 70% of Earth is covered ---- water, so it is no surprise that scientists find inspiration ---- exploring these great depths.

- A) by / of  
B) amid / for  
C) over / on  
D) with / in  
E) out / by

11. Naked mole rats are supremely weird creatures as they do not need much oxygen, and indeed they may have seizures ---- they don't get enough carbon dioxide.

- A) since  
B) in case  
C) if  
D) though  
E) before

12. The pre-Incan civilization living in what is now Peru created the Nazca Lines ---- we have no idea how they were able to do so.

- A) although  
B) because  
C) as soon as  
D) unless  
E) until

13. Almost ---- of the cells in our body need to divide and to do this, the cell's DNA makes a copy of itself, but ---- mistakes can happen in this process, which results in cancerous cells.

- A) no / all  
B) all / some  
C) some / many  
D) many / much  
E) none / no

14. Biodiesel made from palm oil grown on newly deforested land results in ---- greenhouse gas emissions ---- burning fossil fuels.

- A) more / than  
B) either / or  
C) whether / or  
D) neither / nor  
E) not only / but also

15. You might be surprised by how far the small changes to your usual routine can go; for instance, drinking one cup of coffee a day ---- three can add up to 12 gallons of water saved a month.

- A) in addition to  
B) in terms of  
C) instead of  
D) despite  
E) on account of

16. - 20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

Sleep is something we all need to survive. (16) ---- popular belief, it is not a bad idea to wear socks in bed. In fact, it (17) ---- you a better night's sleep. A 2007 study at the Netherlands Institute for Neuroscience found that people who wore socks in bed fell asleep faster than those without. The reason is that warming your feet tricks your body (18) ---- thinking it is too hot, and so it increases blood flow to the skin. This causes your core temperature to drop (19) ----, and the reduced core temperature is one of the signals that tell the brain to prepare for sleep. Considering such ease and comfort, it may be worth try trying. (20) ----, it is a good idea to change your daytime socks when you come home – just to keep things feeling fresh.

16.

- A) With regard to                      B) Owing to  
C) For the purpose of                D) On behalf of  
E) Contrary to

17.

- A) would give                      B) may give  
C) has to give                      D) must give  
E) should have given

18.

- A) into                                      B) over  
C) amid                                    D) through  
E) by

19.

- A) hardly                                B) deliberately  
C) carelessly                            D) slightly  
E) intentionally

20.

- A) Namely                                B) Otherwise  
C) In contrast                            D) Likewise  
E) However

21. - 28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. **While we know that some marine animals seem to eat plastic, ----.**

- A) the amount of plastic pollution in the oceans is increasing at a great pace
- B) the best thing we can do is to keep plastic from getting into the ocean at all
- C) other species on land also consume plastic in one form or another
- D) less research has been carried out into how it harms these creatures
- E) some turtle species become ill and stranded on the beach due to their ingestion of plastic

22. **----, they will get tired more quickly because of the high carbohydrate ingredient of the food.**

- A) As long as an athlete combines high-intensity training with long runs regularly
- B) Although marathon runners need to experience a long run before the marathon itself
- C) If marathon runners eat starchy foods on marathon day
- D) As marathon runners want to be able to use less energy during the race
- E) Until athletes learn how to combine a carb-intensive diet with correct amounts of protein

23. **As long as they don't experience an adverse childhood experience at home, ----.**

- A) children will benefit from the supportive environment provided by their family
- B) there won't be a different outcome for parents even if they have different educational levels
- C) only children end up being relatively disadvantaged compared to children having grown up with siblings
- D) parents have to be able to provide a supportive and generally advantaged home for their child
- E) children will have to understand that a loving family can reduce a child's risk of depression

24. **Because it is not eliminated in the body like other vitamins, ----.**

- A) having a severe deficiency in Vitamin D can lead to further problems
- B) too much vitamin D can cause a build-up of calcium in the blood
- C) vitamin D and Zinc can easily be consumed by agents in the body that absorb vitamins
- D) vitamin D and Zinc intake might be crucial for preventing respiratory diseases
- E) doctors' advice on vitamin D intake is strictly followed by many

25. ---- before checking out any emotional expressions that you might have on your face.

- A) Dogs spend more time looking at other dogs and cats
- B) Dogs are experts at sensing most emotions of humans
- C) Your bodily movements can pose more threat to dogs than your hands
- D) You might think dogs will take a look at your body motions
- E) Research suggests that dogs are likely to first look at your hands

26. Sending e-mails to employees at night is not only impolite, ----.

- A) yet it might also create a positive environment in the workplace, promoting the productivity of employees
- B) and people working from home do not have to bear with this under any circumstances
- C) but it creates a hectic work schedule that requires people to be constantly available as well
- D) since nobody can make others do work after they get home following a hard day's work
- E) but this practice shouldn't extend to having a culture that expects people to be available all the time

27. Though extracting poison or other chemicals from an animal was the norm in the past for its use in potential medicines, ----.

- A) previous practice included harming the animals' habitat
- B) animals have long been exploited for their medicinal properties
- C) the vast majority of these traditional remedies are not backed up by any scientific evidence
- D) today all we need is the animal's DNA – without collecting or harming a single animal
- E) specific molecules with medical potential have historically been too difficult to locate or extract

28. While, months ago, anyone wearing a mask in public would have drawn 'stares' in many countries, ----.

- A) they are now a reminder of the strange times with contagious diseases
- B) the mask today should have at least three layers
- C) there is still debate about whether people should wear face masks
- D) a key point is that people can reduce the spread of the disease by wearing masks in public
- E) even wearing a damp homemade mask can reduce the number of droplets we inhale

**29. - 31. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Watching subtitled films, TV programmes and videos has huge benefits for children. It can help them boost their reading skills and learn other languages, as well as providing more comprehensive access for children with disabilities or those who speak a minority language. This small change – turning on subtitles – can make a big difference. Research shows that turning on subtitles in the same language as the TV show or film can indeed improve children’s reading skills. Watching video content with same language subtitles, both when used as a teaching tool and for entertainment outside the classroom, can improve children’s decoding skills – their ability to use their existing knowledge of letters and sounds to pronounce words correctly. It can also help them improve their vocabulary and boost their comprehension skills and reading fluency. Subtitles have also been shown to improve the literacy skills of economically disadvantaged children, those who are struggling with reading, and minority language speakers learning the official language of the country in which they live and receive schooling.

**29. It is pointed out in the passage that economically disadvantaged children ----.**

- A) can do better than those struggling with reading whether subtitles are on or not
- B) are almost always members of minority groups in a developed country
- C) might have comprehensive access to reading opportunities if subtitles are enabled
- D) can have better literacy skills if they turn subtitles on while watching something
- E) benefit more when subtitles are used for entertainment outside the classroom

**30. According to the passage, one of the benefits of turning subtitles on is ----.**

- A) the opportunity for children to correctly pronounce the words in their language
- B) that all children from minority groups can learn the language of the country they live in
- C) that students can boost their fluency in speaking skills
- D) the chance for teachers to bring a new teaching tool into the classroom
- E) the fact that there is a lot of scientific research on this hot topic

**31. The passage is mainly about ----.**

- A) how economically disadvantaged children can use subtitles in learning
- B) the difficulties encountered by children with disabilities while learning a language
- C) the benefits of turning on subtitles for children while watching TV, films or videos
- D) some ways for children to improve their vocabulary and literacy skills
- E) the methods children use to improve their decoding skills

**32. - 34. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Trees have a remarkable range of traits that can help reduce urban air pollution, and cities around the world are looking to **harness** them. In January 2019, the mayor of London announced that 7,000 trees would be planted before the end of the following year. Meanwhile, China's Hebei Province, home to Beijing, has been working on a "green necklace" of plants that could help reduce pollution from factories that surround the capital. And Paris is planning an urban forest that will encompass its most iconic landmarks in an effort to adapt to climate change, and also improve the city's air quality. While trees are generally effective at reducing air pollution, it isn't as simple as the more trees you have in an urban space, the better the air will be. Some trees are markedly more effective at filtering pollutants from the air than others. To make the most difference in air quality in a street or city, it has to be the right tree for the job.

**32. According to the passage, planting many trees in urban spaces might not reduce air pollution as ----.**

- A) the trees should not be over a pre-specified number
- B) some cities have different air pollutants than others
- C) the type of the tree determines how effective it will be
- D) cities in different sizes will need a certain number of trees
- E) a tree that is good for Beijing might not be so for London

**33. The underlined word 'harness' in the passage is closest in meaning to ----.**

- A) recycle
- B) exploit
- C) defend
- D) delay
- E) curb

**34. Which of the following is true about the plans to plant trees in cities?**

- A) Different cities need the same type of trees to get rid of air pollution.
- B) London is going to follow Beijing's example in setting up a green necklace.
- C) Paris is trying to curb the air pollution produced by factories.
- D) Air pollution in big cities can hardly be prevented by planting more trees.
- E) Enhancing the quality of air is only one of the objectives.

35. - 37. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Unwanted messages and solicitations – the act of asking someone for money – bombard us on a regular basis. Most of us hit ignore or delete, knowing that these messages and solicitations are most likely so-called mass-market scams. Others aren't so lucky. Scams – a dishonest way of getting money from people – cost individuals, organizations and governments trillions of dollars each year in estimated losses, and many victims endure depression and ill health. There is no other crime, in fact, that affects so many people from almost all ages, backgrounds and geographical locations. To best protect yourself from being targeted, you need to be careful and use resources to help avoid scams. There are some services and apps intended to assist in screening calls and to prevent identity theft. And some telephone companies allow you to opt for such services. And more consumer education on the dangers of scams would help. It is also important to resist clicking and responding to suspicious material in any way. Consumers who quickly identify a solicitation as a risk and dispose of it without wasting time are less vulnerable.

35. It can be concluded from the passage that mass-market scams ----.

- A) were done by regular mail and phones in the past
- B) no longer affect many people these days
- C) are not as bad as solicitation e-mails
- D) have a unique position among all other crimes
- E) make many people waste their time online

36. Which of the following can be said about people who are deceived by mass-market scams?

- A) Their number is much higher than those who ignore or delete messages containing scams.
- B) They lose money, and most of them have health problems after being victims of scams.
- C) They are prone to falling for scams more than once in many cases.
- D) They are vulnerable as they think they can't resist clicking suspicious material.
- E) Their numbers will eventually dwindle as new services and apps become popular.

37. Which of the following could be the best title for the passage?

- A) Mass-market Scams Are No Joke: Learn to Protect Yourself
- B) Mass-market Scams: How Can People Be So Naive to Be Deceived by Them?
- C) To Click or Not to Click: The Undeniable Allure of Scam Mail
- D) Mass-market Scams Explained in Brief
- E) Those Who are Deceived by Mass-market Scams are Not Alone



**38. - 40. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Shakespeare's work spoke to Elizabethan concerns – but in many ways, he speaks more clearly and directly to American concerns than to English ones. America embraced Shakespeare as its national poet even after the US broke with England in 1776, and he has never really had a rival as the writer that everyone in the nation reads. Another thing to note is that America's Shakespeare is not England's or Britain's Shakespeare. Certain plays, such as Othello, take on a distinctive political and social meaning in the US that they don't in England, and works such as Twelfth Night matter in terms of class in the UK in a way they don't in the US. The link between William Shakespeare and the United States even goes back to pre-revolutionary times (before 1776). Indeed, Hamlet's famous lines 'To be or not to be' were appropriated both by those who wanted to get rid of the British and by defenders of the British in America. Finally, Shakespeare has become a way for Americans to engage with social and political issues that are not easily spoken about or confronted: race, immigration. Time and again in American history, his work has been a way of speaking to those concerns.

**38. It is clear from the passage that the perception of Shakespeare ----.**

- A) has changed throughout the centuries
- B) has been stable in the US for centuries
- C) is quite different in the UK than in the US
- D) in the United States is a little extraordinary
- E) has influenced concepts like race and immigration

**39. Which of the following can be inferred from the passage about Shakespeare?**

- A) He was most probably alive and living in England in 1776.
- B) He wrote works specifically for English people as well as for Americans.
- C) His most famous play in England is Twelfth Night.
- D) He definitely influenced two different cultures in a profound way.
- E) His use of English was such that he influenced many cultures.

**40. According to the passage, ----.**

- A) the defenders of the British rule in America used lines from the famous Twelfth Night by Shakespeare to get their message across
- B) it can be said that American culture was shaped more by Shakespeare's works than any other American writer
- C) the impact that Shakespeare's Twelfth Night has made on the British class system was similar to the one in America
- D) difficult subjects such as race and immigration were handled by Shakespeare in a natural way
- E) it is not the British but the Americans who resorted to the works of Shakespeare to express their concerns about race

41. - 43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

A 51-year-old man we will call "Mr Pinocchio" had a strange problem. When he tried to tell a lie, he often passed out and had convulsions. In essence, he became a kind of Pinocchio, the fictional puppet whose nose grew with every unimportant lie he told. For the patient, the consequences were all too real: he was a high-ranking official in the European Union, and his negotiating partners could tell immediately when he was bending the truth. His condition was dangerous, and it was bad for his career, too. Doctors at the University Hospitals of Strasbourg in France discovered that the root of the problem was a tumour in his brain about the size of a walnut. The tumour was probably increasing the excitability of a brain region involved in emotions. Once the tumour was removed, the fits stopped, and he was able to resume his duties. The doctors, who described the case in 1993, named the condition the "Pinocchio syndrome." Mr Pinocchio's plight demonstrates the far-reaching consequences of even minor changes in the structure of the brain.

41. According to the passage, the man mentioned in the passage ----.

- A) started telling lies after his work experience in the European Union
- B) was called "Mr Pinocchio" because of the troubles he endured when he tried to lie
- C) later lost his life because of a brain tumour that also caused him trouble while telling lies
- D) was younger than 50 in 1993, when doctors described his condition
- E) was able to deceive his colleagues almost every time he told a lie

42. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

- A) The writer's analogy of Pinocchio is not suitable as the patient's nose did not grow.
- B) Mr Pinocchio's negotiating partners fail to realize whether lies or not.
- C) There were cases similar to Mr Pinocchio's before his case was revealed in 1993.
- D) University Hospitals of Strasbourg in France performed the first brain tumour removal.
- E) The brain has little tolerance for even the slightest changes in its structure.

43. The passage is mainly about ----.

- A) the troubles a brain tumour caused for a high-ranking official in the European Union
- B) the importance of brain tumours in revealing those who tend to tell lies frequently
- C) the successful brain operation performed by University Hospitals of Strasbourg in France
- D) the similarity between a fictional character and a real person from Europe
- E) the lies people tell to their colleagues even in high-ranking positions

44. - 48. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

44.

Daisy:

– Hi, Sean. I need a favour. Can you please borrow Chaucer’s Canterbury Tales from the library for me?

Sean:

- ----

Daisy:

– I would if I could, but my quota is full and I need this one urgently for the assignment.

Sean:

– OK, then. I am heading to the library right away.

- A) Why do you need that ancient book anyway? Even the British stopped reading it.
- B) Why don’t you buy the book? That way, you won’t need the library.
- C) Why aren’t you borrowing the book yourself? Is there a problem?
- D) You have put a lot of books on reserve again, haven’t you?
- E) I am sorry but I can’t. The book has been put on reserve by an academician.

45.

Teacher:

– Well, then. It is time to check homework. As you well know, it was on the use of phrasal verbs in daily speech.

Student:

- ----

Teacher:

– What? I am pretty sure it is. Look at my notepad. It says Phrasal Verbs for Section 108 on Wednesday.

Student:

– Sir, we are Section 118.

Teacher:

– Oops. You are right. Well, let’s check your section’s homework then.

- A) I really don’t understand why we need them. The language has thousands of verbs, anyway.
- B) That is not our homework, sir. We were supposed to do drills on the Subjunctive Mood.
- C) Sir, could we please postpone it to another day? Personally, I find them quite confusing.
- D) Are you sure it is the homework for next Wednesday, sir?
- E) Phrasal verbs? We can’t even tell the difference between regular and irregular verbs, sir.

46.

Patient:

– I’ve tested negative for the flu, so why am I being transferred to a ward full of flu patients?

Doctor:

– It is because your test results showed signs of infection in your lungs.

Patient:

-- ----

Doctor:

– That’s not possible; I am afraid. The infection is big enough for us to keep you in hospital.

Patient:

– Alright, then. At least let me call my family so that they can bring some essentials for my hospital stay.

- A) Is this the standard procedure for every patient whose test you have done?
- B) What is the average duration of treatment for a patient with my symptoms?
- C) Is there any other thing that I should know? Will there be damage in my lungs, for instance?
- D) Can’t I have medication in my own house if I isolate myself from the family members?
- E) Can I let my girlfriend know about this? She thinks I will be coming back home.

47.

Youngster:

– I think I am losing it. First, they have postponed our exam to the end of July, and now we have to take it at the end of June.

Therapist:

– But you still have time for the exam, so you should keep it cool.

Youngster:

-- ----

Therapist:

– You are right, but you should try not to lose your concentration before the exam. If you focus on studying, things will be alright.

- A) Easier said than done. Having to adjust myself to these changes is tougher than you think.
- B) And I am not alone. Most of my friends are in no better situation than me.
- C) I know self-pity is not a good thing for our mental health.
- D) We’ve had to continue our education “online.” You know exactly what I mean, don’t you?
- E) What was it like when you were preparing for the University Entrance Exam?

48.

Stephen:

– It is happening! I've found plane tickets for a ridiculous price, and we're going to Prag in September.

Michael:

– ----

Stephen:

– Why should I? With the lockdown totally ending in July, things will become normal again.

Michael:

– I wish I had your attitude to life. There is no way things will become normal as we know it.

- A) For real? How much did you pay for the return trip for two?
- B) You should have let me know! Do you think I can also find tickets for a bargain price?
- C) Shouldn't you be at school in September? They will call us back sooner, I think.
- D) Don't you think you should not take advantage of the situation to buy cheap tickets?
- E) And I think you should postpone that trip indefinitely, with the economic crisis and the current pandemic.

49. - 53. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın cümleyi bulunuz.

49. As rural areas become less productive as a result of climate change, cities will have to become internally productive.

- A) One reason why cities will have to become internally productive is climate change and its effects on the productivity of rural areas.
- B) In the future, cities will need to produce their goods themselves since climate change will cause rural areas to become less productive.
- C) As long as cities can remain productive, they won't be affected by the loss of productivity in rural areas due to climate change.
- D) Being internally productive will be an obligation for cities if the level of production in rural areas decreases because of climate change.
- E) Cities, as well as rural areas, will be affected by climate change as they will both lose their productive capacity to a great extent.

50. Whether the emergency is a hurricane, earthquake, or disease outbreak, you need to be prepared with an emergency kit in your car and home.

- A) One has to be prepared for emergencies at home rather than in a car, and it doesn't matter if it is a hurricane, earthquake, or disease outbreak.
- B) There has to be an emergency kit in your car and home for possible emergencies like earthquakes, hurricanes, or disease outbreaks.
- C) It is necessary for you to be prepared with an emergency kit in your car and home for any emergency – whether it is a hurricane, earthquake, or disease outbreak.
- D) What you need to do is to buy an emergency kit for your car and home for possible emergencies like hurricanes, earthquakes and disease outbreaks.
- E) An emergency kit must be ready in your car and home at all times, and the type of emergency doesn't matter; it could be a hurricane, earthquake, or disease outbreak.

**51. Although there are many ways of dealing with poachers, technology is providing new opportunities for the police and rangers to track and find them.**

- A) There are different ways of dealing with poachers, but technology is providing the police and rangers with new opportunities to track and punish them.
- B) There are too many poachers to deal with, yet technology is providing new opportunities for the police and rangers to track and find them.
- C) Though poachers could be dealt with in some different ways, technology is also helping provide the police and rangers with some new opportunities to track and find them.
- D) Poachers can be dealt with in many ways, but new opportunities are provided by technology for the police and rangers to track and find them.
- E) As technology provides new opportunities for the police and rangers to track and find poachers, old ways of dealing with them will eventually be abandoned.



**52. Since flu is an infectious disease, it depends entirely on human hosts to carry and spread it.**

- A) Flu is an infectious disease, so human hosts are essential for its carriage and spread.
- B) Being an infectious disease, flu may need human hosts to carry and spread it.
- C) As in other infectious diseases, it would be impossible for flu to spread without human hosts carrying it.
- D) If flu weren't an infectious disease, it wouldn't need human hosts to carry and spread it.
- E) Its dependence on human hosts to carry and spread it makes flu an infectious disease.



**53. Studies suggest that people who drink coffee are less likely to get certain illnesses, such as heart disease, but we don't know why this is so.**

- A) As far as studies are concerned, coffee drinkers are not likely to get certain illnesses such as heart disease, but the reason for this is a mystery.
- B) Why people who drink coffee get some illnesses like heart disease less than others is a mystery according to studies.
- C) Though coffee drinkers are less prone to get some illnesses like heart disease according to studies, we don't know why this is the case.
- D) Heart disease and other certain illnesses are less frequently seen among coffee drinkers according to some studies, yet we have no idea why it is the case.
- E) Coffee drinkers are lucky in that they suffer from certain illnesses like heart disease, but several studies were unable to come up with an answer to why this happens.

**54. - 58. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek sözü bulunuz.**

**54. You call an ambulance because of the acute pain in your lower back. Still, when the ambulance arrives, the paramedics refuse to take you to the only hospital in town as they are busy because of a huge traffic accident. You want to get rid of the pain immediately, so you ask them: ----**

- A) Isn't it your duty to take people with health problems to the hospital?
- B) Will you call my doctor so that he can come later in the day for a shot?
- C) When will it be safe for us to go to hospitals again?
- D) So you say there is no place available in intensive care, don't you?
- E) Can you at least give me a strong shot of painkiller now?

55. You had hardly placed an order online for a smartphone when you saw a better offer on a different site, so you want to cancel the order. However, the website doesn't give you the option. So you call the hotline and politely explain the problem: ----

- A) What kind of business are you running? How can you say I can't cancel my order?
- B) I have placed my order for a smartphone, but I want to cancel it, and the website doesn't let me.
- C) You claim on your website that we can cancel the order if we find a better offer elsewhere.
- D) I know I shouldn't have attempted to buy things online.
- E) The website says unconditional cancel of deals, but apparently, it is a lie.

56. You follow a tech expert who gives solid advice on Twitter. His advice helps thousands of followers, but he sometimes makes grammar mistakes. When you see a hurtful comment by a follower about his mistake, you can't help reacting, and so you write a reply to the follower: ----

- A) What a nice way to say "thanks" to the person who does nothing but help people like you!
- B) You shouldn't be disheartened by such comments. Please keep on supporting us.
- C) This is the reason why I am going to deactivate my account.
- D) This platform is full of people like you who give positive support to content creators.
- E) Enough is enough! I am not going to advise on this platform anymore!

57. Your neighbour next door has left their pet rabbit with you while they are on holiday. But the rabbit has run away, and you haven't been able to find him no matter what you have done. When they call you to ask if the rabbit is OK, you tell them the truth: ----

- A) I am the last person to trust a pet with. Why did you leave her with me?
- B) Aren't you supposed to be coming today? The rabbit seems to have missed you.
- C) I can't seem to find enough food for her. She has devoured the carrots you left.
- D) Look. I don't know how, but she disappeared. I have been looking for her for hours.
- E) It looks like she has run away from me to look for you guys.

58. Walking down the street, a stranger hugs you and tries to kiss you. At first, you think she has mistaken you for someone else, but it becomes clear that she is doing it as part of a joke since her friends are recording the situation. Irritated, you say: ----

- A) Do I know you? You somewhat look familiar to me.
- B) Seriously? You can't have mistaken me for your boyfriend, can you?
- C) Whenever I go out, why do jokes like this happen to find me?
- D) Will you please get off me? I don't want to be a part of your silly joke.
- E) Pranks are good – especially when they involve some humour.

59. - 63. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere parçada anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

59. You are locked inside and are encouraged to do one hour of physical exercise per day. And you know it will be months before life will return to normal. Sounds familiar? Not what you have guessed though: it describes the life of an astronaut aboard the International Space Station. ---- Earlier this year, an unnamed astronaut developed a blood clot in space for the first time – a common health problem which affects at least one person in 1000 on Earth.
- A) Moreover, male and female astronauts have the same pre-mission training schedules.
- B) Thus, female astronauts could avoid using the medicine prescribed for male astronauts.
- C) There are, however, real physical risks to being in space, especially in a space station.
- D) Nevertheless, the physical activity of at least 30 minutes per day is vital for health.
- E) In contrast, astronauts are known to lose bone density when they travel to space.



60. The Valley of the Kings was the burial site of many rulers of Egypt's New Kingdom (circa 1539-1075 BC) when Egypt rose to new heights of power and influence. Building this great desert necropolis, or graveyard, began during the reign of Thutmose I, the third king of the 18th dynasty, whose rule marked the rebirth of Egypt following a long period of instability. A grand tomb was prepared for Thutmose, cut into the rock of the distant desert valleys on the Nile's west bank. ---- Other New Kingdom rulers placed their tombs there, too, and the cemetery grew.
- A) In the 1st century BC, Diodorus Siculus described the Valley of the Kings as a ruin.
- B) Despite attempts to hide their contents, most tombs were extensively looted.
- C) Even with the loss of its golden grave goods, Seti's tomb still had many treasures.
- D) There is a structure known to scholars as KV17.
- E) This remote spot was chosen to hide extravagant royal burials from tomb raiders.



61. Flowing out of the Black Forest in Germany across Europe, the Danube runs for more than 1,700 miles before it meets the Black Sea. ---- The Danube created a natural border, and the rulers of Rome, starting with the first emperor, Augustus, used it to mark the place where Rome ended, and the frontier began.

- A) The river, Europe's second-longest, has shaped the history of the continent as much as it has shaped the landscape.
- B) Roman writers did not differentiate among the Germanic tribes who lived north of the Danube.
- C) The two Roman fleets sailing the Danube performed the same functions on the river as the legions did on land.
- D) It has been harnessed for hydroelectric power, and the cities along its banks have depended upon it for their economic growth.
- E) At Regensburg, the Danube changes its direction towards south and crosses the vast, fertile and level country.

62. The Colombian drug baron Pablo Escobar surrendered and was subsequently jailed in June 1991. ---- He was allowed to build a luxurious prison, which became known as La Catedral. Not only did the facility include a nightclub, sauna, waterfall, and soccer field, it also had telephones, computers, and fax machines.

- A) Nevertheless, Escobar was able to escape custody in July 1992.
- B) Escobar inspired numerous books, movies, and TV projects in the decades after his death.
- C) His imprisonment, however, had little effect on his criminal activities and his lifestyle.
- D) In addition to rival drug traffickers, his victims included police officers and civilians.
- E) In the mid-1970s he helped found the crime organization that later became known as the Medellín cartel.

63. The composer Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart is remembered for his giftedness, his prolific output, and his beautiful and memorable melodies. With all due respect to the famous opening bars of Eine Kleine Nachtmusik, probably the most familiar melody associated with Mozart is known to English speakers as "Twinkle, Twinkle, Little Star." ---- However, the story isn't true. Mozart, in fact, composed a set of variations on the tune for the piano.
- A) The complete work was published in 1785 and was described as variations on "Ah, Vous dirai-je, Maman."
- B) As for "Twinkle, Twinkle, Little Star," it originated as a poem written by Jane Taylor and was published in 1806 as "The Star."
- C) Among the other songs that have made use of the melody are "Baa, Baa, Black Sheep," the alphabet song, and a German sing-along.
- D) Indeed, it is commonly believed that the tune was one of Mozart's earliest compositions, written for his older sister, Nannerl.
- E) Although some scholars have suggested that the tune might be as old as 1740, the identity of its composer is still a mystery.

64. - 69. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

64. Australian soldiers served in North Africa in the early wartime years, but many returned to defend Australia from possible attack after the invasion of south-east Asia by the Japanese.
- A) Savaşın ilk yıllarında Kuzey Afrika'da görev yapan Avustralya askerleri, Güneydoğu Asya'nın Japonlar tarafından istilasından sonra Avustralya'yı muhtemel saldırıya karşı savunmak için geri döndüler.
- B) Avustralya askerleri, savaşın ilk yıllarında Kuzey Afrika'da görev yaptı, ancak Güneydoğu Asya'nın Japonlar tarafından istilasından sonra Avustralya'yı muhtemel saldırıya karşı savunmak için geri döndüler.
- C) Avustralya askerleri, savaşın ilk yıllarında Kuzey Afrika'da görev yaparken Güneydoğu Asya'nın Japonlar tarafından istilasından sonra Avustralya'yı muhtemel saldırıya karşı savunmak için geri dönmek zorunda kaldılar.
- D) Savaşın ilk yıllarında Kuzey Afrika'da görev yapmakta olan Avustralya askerleri, Güneydoğu Asya'nın Japonlar tarafından istilasından sonra Avustralya'yı muhtemel saldırıya karşı savunmak için geri çağırıldılar.
- E) Avustralya askerleri, savaşın ilk yıllarında Kuzey Afrika'da görev yapmış olsalar da Güneydoğu Asya'nın Japonlar tarafından istilasından sonra Avustralya'yı muhtemel saldırıya karşı savunmak için geri döndüler.

65. The year AD 1000 was far more globalized than we might think and may offer lessons for today's interconnected world.

- A) MS 1000 yılı, düşündüğümüzden çok daha küreselleşmiş olabilir ve günümüzün birbirine bağlı dünyası için dersler sunabilir.
- B) Düşündüğümüzden çok daha küreselleşmiş olan MS 1000 yılı, günümüzün birbirine bağlı dünyası için dersler sunabilir.
- C) MS 1000 yılı, düşündüğümüzden çok daha küreselleşmişti ve günümüzün birbirine bağlı dünyasının ondan alacağı dersler olabilir.
- D) Günümüzün birbirine bağlı dünyasının, düşündüğümüzden çok daha küreselleşmiş olan MS 1000 yılından alacağı dersler var.
- E) MS 1000 yılı, günümüzün birbirine bağlı dünyası kadar küreselleşmişti ve sandığımızdan fazla ders içermekteydi.

66. Experts agree that we may never know for sure how humans originally came to Australia and whether it was intentional or by accident.

- A) Uzmanların hemfikir olduğu şey, insanların ilk başta Avustralya'ya nasıl geldiğini ve bunun bilerek mi yoksa kazayla mı olduğunu asla bilemeyecek olmamızdır.
- B) Uzmanlar, insanların Avustralya'ya hangi yolla geldiğini bilmektedir ve bunun bilerek mi yoksa kazayla mı olduğunu asla bilemeyebileceğimiz konusunda da hemfikirdirler.
- C) İnsanların ilk başta Avustralya'ya nasıl geldiğini ve bunun bilerek mi yoksa kazayla mı olduğunu asla bilemeyebileceğimiz konusunda en azından uzmanlar hemfikirdirler.
- D) Uzmanlar çok az konuda hemfikirdir ve insanların ilk başta Avustralya'ya nasıl geldiğini ve bunun bilerek mi yoksa kazayla mı olduğunu asla bilemeyebilecek oluşumuz bunlardan birisidir.
- E) Uzmanlar, insanların ilk başta Avustralya'ya nasıl geldiğini ve bunun bilerek mi yoksa kazayla mı olduğunu asla bilemeyebileceğimiz konusunda hemfikirdirler.

67. Emotionally intelligent people can communicate their opinions and needs while respecting the opinions and needs of the people around them.

- A) Etraflarındaki insanların fikir ve ihtiyaçlarına saygı duyup kendi fikir ve ihtiyaçlarını dile getirebilen insanların duygusal zekası yüksektir.
- B) Duygusal olarak zeki olanların bir özelliği de etraflarındaki insanların fikir ve ihtiyaçlarına saygı duyup kendi fikir ve ihtiyaçlarını dile getirebilmeleridir.
- C) Duygusal zekaya sahip olmak için kişilerin, etraflarındaki insanların fikir ve ihtiyaçlarına saygı duyup kendi fikir ve ihtiyaçlarını dile getirebilmeleri gerekir.
- D) Duygusal olarak zeki olan insanlar, etraflarındaki insanların fikir ve ihtiyaçlarına saygı duyarken kendi fikir ve ihtiyaçlarını dile getirebilmektedirler.
- E) Duygusal olarak zeki olan insanlar, etraflarındaki insanların fikir ve ihtiyaçlarına saygı duymakla kalmayıp kendi fikir ve ihtiyaçlarını dile getirebilir.

68. The Black Death, which is now most widely used to describe the Bubonic plague outbreak of the 14th century, is, in fact, a 17th-century translation of a Danish name for the disease.

- A) Kara Ölüm, günümüzde en yaygın şekilde 14. yüzyıldaki Baloncuklu veba salgınına tanımlamak için kullanılmaktadır, ancak aslında hastalığa verilen Danca bir ismin 17. yüzyıldaki çevirisidir.
- B) Kara Ölümün günümüzde en yaygın şekilde 14. yüzyıldaki Baloncuklu veba salgınına tanımlamak için kullanılmasına karşın aslında bu isim hastalığa verilen Danca bir ismin 17. yüzyıldaki çevirisidir.
- C) Kara Ölüm, en yaygın şekilde 14. yüzyıldaki Baloncuklu veba salgınına tanımlamak için kullanılıyor olabilir ama aslında hastalığın Danca isminin 17. yüzyıldaki çevirisidir.
- D) Günümüzde en yaygın şekilde 14. yüzyıldaki Baloncuklu veba salgınına tanımlamak için kullanılan Kara Ölüm, aslında hastalığa verilen Danca bir ismin 17. yüzyıldaki çevirisidir.
- E) Günümüzde, 14. yüzyıldaki Baloncuklu veba salgınına tanımlamak için aslında hastalığın Danca isminin 17. yüzyıldaki çevirisi olan Kara Ölüm ifadesinin kullanımı yaygındır.



69. Watching the wildlife outside your window can boost your mental well-being, and it is something lots of people have been doing a lot more of lately.

- A) Son zamanlarda birçok insan, pencerelerinin dışındaki doğal hayatı daha sık izliyor ve bu sayede akıl sağlığını güçlendiriyor.
- B) Son zamanlarda birçok insanın pencerelerinin dışındaki doğal hayatı daha sık izliyor olmasının sebebi, akıl sağlıklarını desteklemek istemeleri olabilir.
- C) Pencerenizin dışındaki doğal hayatı izlemek, akıl sağlığınızı destekleyebilir ve bu birçok insanın son zamanlarda daha çok yaptığı bir şeydir.
- D) Pencerenizin dışındaki doğal hayatı izleyince akıl sağlığınızda iyileşmeler olabilir ve son zamanlarda birçok insanın daha fazla yaptığı şey tam da bu.
- E) Akıl sağlığını desteklemek istiyorsanız pencerenizin dışındaki doğal hayatı birçok insanın son zamanlarda yaptığı gibi daha sık izlemelisiniz.

70. - 75. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

70. **Çoğu insan bilim kurguyu edebi olarak görmese de araştırmalar, her tür kurgunun eleştirel düşünme becerilerini geliştirebileceğini göstermektedir.**

- A) Most people may not consider science fiction to be "literary," yet research shows that all kinds of fiction can improve critical thinking skills.
- B) While most people do not consider science fiction to be "literary," research shows that all kinds of fiction can improve critical thinking skills.
- C) Science fiction may not be considered "literary" by most people, but it has been shown by research that all kinds of fiction can improve critical thinking skills.
- D) If science fiction were considered "literary" by most people, there wouldn't be a need for research to show that all kinds of fiction can improve critical thinking skills.
- E) Research shows that all kinds of fiction can improve critical thinking skills; however, most people do not consider science fiction to be "literary."

71. **Uzaktan çalışma, bilhassa üniversite mezunları, yöneticiler ve profesyoneller arasında yaygındır, ancak uygulanması aynı zamanda sektöre ve işin doğasına bağlıdır.**

- A) Remote work is particularly common among university graduates, managers and professionals, but its practice also depends on the sector and the nature of the job.
- B) Although it is common among university graduates, managers, and professionals in particular, remote work depends on the sector and the nature of the job in terms of practice.
- C) Since remote work is particularly common among university graduates, managers and professionals, its practice depends on the sector and the nature of the job.
- D) Much as remote work is particularly common among university graduates, managers and professionals the sector and the nature of the job define its practice.
- E) Remote work might be quite common among university graduates, managers and professionals, yet its practice strictly depends on the sector and the nature of the job.



72. Bir zamanlar sadece Doğu ruhani gelenekleriyle ilgilenen insanların aşına olduğu gizemli bir konu olan farkındalık, bugün oldukça yaygındır.

- A) Though it was a mysterious topic only familiar to people with interests in Eastern spiritual traditions, mindfulness is pretty common today.
- B) A mysterious topic, mindfulness was only familiar to people with interests in Eastern spiritual traditions in the past, but it is pretty common today.
- C) Once a mysterious topic only familiar to people with interests in Eastern spiritual traditions, mindfulness is pretty common today.
- D) In the past, only people with interests in Eastern spiritual traditions were familiar with mindfulness, yet now it is quite popular.
- E) Even if mindfulness is quite commonplace today, it was once a mysterious topic only familiar to people with interests in Eastern spiritual traditions.



73. Bebeklerin görsel dikkati herhangi bir anda en ilginç neyi bulurlarsa ona çekildiği için siz onları kucağınızda tutarken sizi görmezden gelirlere şaşırmanızdır.

- A) Infants' visual attention is drawn to whatever they find most interesting at any given moment, so you shouldn't be surprised if they ignore you while you are holding them.
- B) If infants' visual attention weren't drawn to whatever they find most interesting at any given moment, you wouldn't be surprised when they ignore you while you are holding them.
- C) The reason why infants will ignore you while you are holding them is that their visual attention is drawn to whatever they find most interesting at any given moment.
- D) Infants will focus on whatever they find most interesting at any given moment, and thus they might ignore you while you are holding them, which shouldn't surprise you.
- E) Since infants' visual attention is drawn to whatever they find most interesting at any given moment, you shouldn't be surprised if they ignore you while you are holding them.

74. Katıksız meyve suyu, vitamin, mineral ve antioksidan içerir ve bunlar bağışıklık sistemini destekleyip enfeksiyon ve yangıyı uzak tutmaya yardım eder.

- A) Since pure fruit juice contains vitamins, minerals and antioxidants, it can boost the immune system and help ward off infection and inflammation.
- B) Pure fruit juice contains vitamins, minerals and antioxidants, and these can boost the immune system and help ward off infection and inflammation.
- C) Were it not for pure fruit juice, which contains vitamins, minerals and antioxidants, our immune system would fail to ward off infection and inflammation.
- D) The vitamins, minerals and antioxidants that pure fruit juice contains can boost the immune system and help ward off infection and inflammation.
- E) It is by the help of the vitamins, minerals and antioxidants pure fruit juice contains that our immune system can ward off infection and inflammation.

75. İklim değişikliği ile ilgili korkular yoğunlaştıkça doğaya aykırı eylemlerimiz için doğa tarafından cezalandırılıyor olduğumuzu düşünmemiz normal.

- A) As fears about climate change intensify, it is normal to feel like we are being punished by nature for our unnatural activities.
- B) Fears about climate change intensify, so it is normal to feel like we are punished by nature for our unnatural activities.
- C) The more intense our fears about climate change get, the more normal it becomes to feel like we are being punished by nature for our unnatural activities.
- D) It is normal to feel like we are being punished by nature for our unnatural activities, and this is because fears about climate change intensify.
- E) Fears about climate change intensify, and thus we feel like we are being punished by nature for our unnatural activities.

76. - 80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) Physical water scarcity is the result of a region's demand outpacing the limited water resources found there. (II) Water scarcity is inextricably linked to human rights, and sufficient access to safe drinking water should be a priority for global development. (III) According to the Food and Agricultural Organization, around 1.2 billion people live in areas of physical scarcity, and many of these people live in arid or semi-arid regions. (IV) Physical water scarcity can be seasonal, so an estimated two-thirds of the world's population lives in areas subject to seasonal water scarcity at least one month of the year. (V) The number of people affected by physical water scarcity is expected to grow as populations increase and as weather patterns become more unpredictable and extreme.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

77. (I) About three-fourths of cats' sleep is a shallow, almost-waking rest called slow-wave sleep. (II) Cats doze in a kind of ready position, their senses of smell and hearing in the "on" mode, so their ears occasionally tremble. (III) Peaceful but alert, they are ready to react instantly: to jump on prey or to scratch you for petting them while they are sleeping. (IV) These famous catnaps usually last 15–30 minutes. (V) Hiding from humans and jumping repeatedly is undoubtedly exhausting for cats.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

78. (I) According to some, the phrase "pair of pants" goes back to the days when what constituted pants – or pantaloons, as they were originally known – consisted of two separate items, one for each leg. (II) They were put on one at a time and then secured around the waist. (III) So, "pants" is a type of noun that is used only in its plural form, even when there is only one item being discussed. (IV) Calling them a pair of pantaloons, or pants, as they were eventually known, made sense when there were two components. (V) The phrasing was retained even after pants were made into one complete garment.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

79. (I) Dinosaurs were the dominant species for nearly 165 million years, during a period known as the Mesozoic Era. (II) Growing evidence suggests that many dinosaurs were warm-blooded, bore colourful feathers, and engaged in behaviours similar to those of contemporary birds. (III) Their reign concluded at the end of the Cretaceous Period when an asteroid the size of a mountain slammed into Mexico's Yucatán Peninsula with the force of 100 trillion tons of TNT. (IV) The impact created a crater 115 miles across and several miles deep and sent tons of rock, dust, and debris into the atmosphere. (V) Darkness descended across the planet that, along with other related catastrophes, wiped out an estimated 80 percent of life on Earth.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

80. (I) Among the most annoying of bugs that irritate us during summer are mosquitoes, whose bites can cause itching for days. (II) The thing bothering us is that their nuisance doesn't end when they bite us and take our blood. (III) The best way to avoid the itching is to avoid mosquitoes in the first place. (IV) Their bite leaves us with a nasty itch that even disturbs our sleep. (V) In fact, people with allergic sensitivity can suffer for days, even weeks, from a single mosquito bite.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

TEST BİTTİ.

CEVAPLARINIZI KONTROL EDİNİZ.