

MINI DENEME



 - 20. sorularda, boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

 London's Underground system was built on the back of the first industrial revolution – a key piece of physical infrastructure that ---- a whole new way of thinking about transportation.

A) led to

B) looked for

C) gave up

D) ended up

E) accounted for

- When ancient people ---- to devise systems for translating the auditory symbolism of language into the visual symbolism of writing, humans ---the ability to communicate information over time and space.
  - A) have begun / havegained
  - B) had begun / had gained
  - C) will begin / will gain
  - D) begin / gain
  - E) began / gained
- The environmental impact ---- climate change poses a significant threat ---- the health of communities worldwide, putting the foods we eat, the water we drink, and the air we breathe at risk.
  - A) on / for

B) in / on

C) of / to

D) over / in

E) through / among

- ---- teaching has been at the core of faculty life from the beginning of the modern university, emphasis on teaching improvement is a more recent phenomenon.
  - A) As long as

B) Since

C) Unless

D) Although

E) Provided that

- ---- the tremendous diverse situations of higher education in African countries, it is hard to reach a generalization which can serve as a common rule.
  - A) With the help of

B) Due to

C) In addition to

D) Despite

E) On behalf of

- 10. sorularda, boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

As a young child (6)---- on the Omaha Nation Reservation in rural Nebraska, Susan La Flesche witnessed firsthand the painful racism of 19thcentury America. She watched a sick Native American woman die after a local white doctor refused to treat her and La Flesche decided then and there that she would become a physic. (7)---- La Flesche left the reservation at 14 to study at a girls' school in New Jersey, there was not a single licensed Native American doctor. She attended Hampton Institute in Virginia (now Hampton University), one of the first colleges for non-white students, and enrolled at the Woman's Medical College of Pennsylvania with scholarships (8)---- the U.S. Office of Indian Affairs. Not only did La Flesche graduate early, but she was No. 1 in her class. (9)---- she had become the first female Native American physician in U.S. history, La Flesche moved back to Nebraska and (10)---- a practice to serve both Omaha Nation and white patients, about 1,300 people in all.

6.

A) having lived

B) to live

C) being lived

D) living

E) to be lived

7.

A) In order that

B) In case

C) Although

D) Unless

E) When

8.

A) from

B) over

D) beyond

C) into

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9.

A) So that

B) Before

C) As soon as

D) Even if

E) Because

10.

A) set up

B) turned in

C) complied with

D) brought about

E) called off

ancord



11. - 12. sorularda verilen cümleyi tamamlayabilecek seceneği bulunuz.

ANGORA DİL-Sertan Hoca

## 11. Although indigenous people around the world have different customs and cultures, ----.

- we should not approach their unique ways of life with respect and sensitivity
- B) we can learn from their diverse experiences and promote cross-cultural understanding
- they not only have distinct social, economic or political systems but also a distinct language, culture and beliefs
- D) they face the same harsh realities: eviction from their ancestral lands, being denied the opportunity to express their culture
- they live on all continents, from the Arctic to the Pacific, via Asia, Africa and the Americas

- Thanks to rapid economic growth, and increased agricultural productivity over the last two decades, ----.
  - A) many people still live in poverty and struggle to meet their basic needs in many parts of the world
  - B) the number of people in the world who aren't getting enough to eat has dropped by almost a
  - there are a lot of people who lack access to basic resources like clean water and healthcare
  - the number of people suffering from famine and malnutrition has increased in many parts of the world
  - many people can feel negative environmental impacts, such as deforestation and depletion of natural resources

13. - 14. sorularda verilen cümleyi tamamlayabilecek seçeneği bulunuz.

- Regarded as the greatest composer who ever lived, Ludwig van Beethoven dominates a period of musical history as no one else before.
  - A) Ludwig van Beethoven, yaşayan en büyük besteciolarakkabuledilirvemüzik tarihinin birdöneminekendisindenönceyaşamışolan bestecilerden dahafazla damga vurmuştur.
  - B) Dahaöncehiçolmadığıkadarmüzik tarihinin birdöneminehükmeden Ludwig van
    Beethoven'ınşu ana kadaryaşamış en büyük besteciolduğukabuledilir.
  - Yaşayan en büyük bestecilerden biriolarakkabuledilenkişi Ludwig van Beethoven'dırve o dahaöncehiçkimseninolmadığışekildemüzik tarihinin birdöneminehükmetmiştir.
  - Şu ana kadaryaşamış en büyük besteciolarakkabuledilen Ludwig van Beethoven, müzik tarihinin birdöneminedahaöncehiçkimseninolmadığıkada rhükmetmektedir.
  - E) Günümüzedeğin yaşayan en büyük bestecininveşu ana kadarhiçkimseninolmadığıkadarmüzik tarihinin birdöneminehükmedenkişinin Ludwig van Beethoven olduğudüşünülür.

- 14. Kıtlıklarındevametmesi, küreselgıdakıtlığındandeğil, yereldüzeydekaynaklarınadaletsizdağılımıgibisiy asivesosyalsorunlardankaynaklanır.
  - A) The persistence of famines is caused not only by global food scarcity, but also by political and social issues, including the unfair distribution of resources at the local level.
  - B) Both political and social issues, such as global food scarcity and the improper distribution of resources at the local level, contribute to famine.
  - C) Famines arise from political and social issues such as unequal distribution of resources at a local level, rather than global food shortages.
  - D) The persistence of famines is due to issues such as unequal distribution of resources at a local level and political and social problems, in addition to the unavailability of global food supplies.
  - E) The persistence of famines is not due to a





global shortage of food, but rather political and social issues, such as unfair distribution of resources at the local level.

 soruda paragrafta verilen boşluğa anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

ANGORA DİL-Sertan Hoca

- 15. Throughout the 17th and 18th centuries, North America was a battleground for British and French colonialism. The French established colonies in present-day Canada, Louisiana, and the Mississippi Valley, while the British settled along the eastern seaboard, from New England to Virginia. This competition for control over land and resources led to frequent clashes and military conflicts, including the French and Indian War. ---- However, this victory came at a high cost, as tensions between the colonists and the British government eventually led to the American Revolution and the formation of the United States of America. The legacy of this colonial competition and conflict can still be seen in the cultural and linguistic diversity of North America, as well as in its political and economic systems.
  - A) The Mississippi Valley and New England would play significant roles in the Revolution and the development of the young country.
  - B) Although the French initially had the upper hand, their forces were eventually defeated, and the British emerged as the dominant colonial power in North America.
  - C) The British and French brought their distinct political and economic systems to North America during colonialism.
  - D) The British system of representative government and capitalist economies have been influential in shaping American political and economic institutions.
  - E) From the defeat of the Spanish Armada to the victories in the two World Wars, Britain has played a significant role in shaping global politics.

CevapAnahtar
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1. A	2. E	3. C	4. D	5. B
6. D	7. E	8. A	9. C	10. A
11. D	12. B	13. D	14. E	15. B



