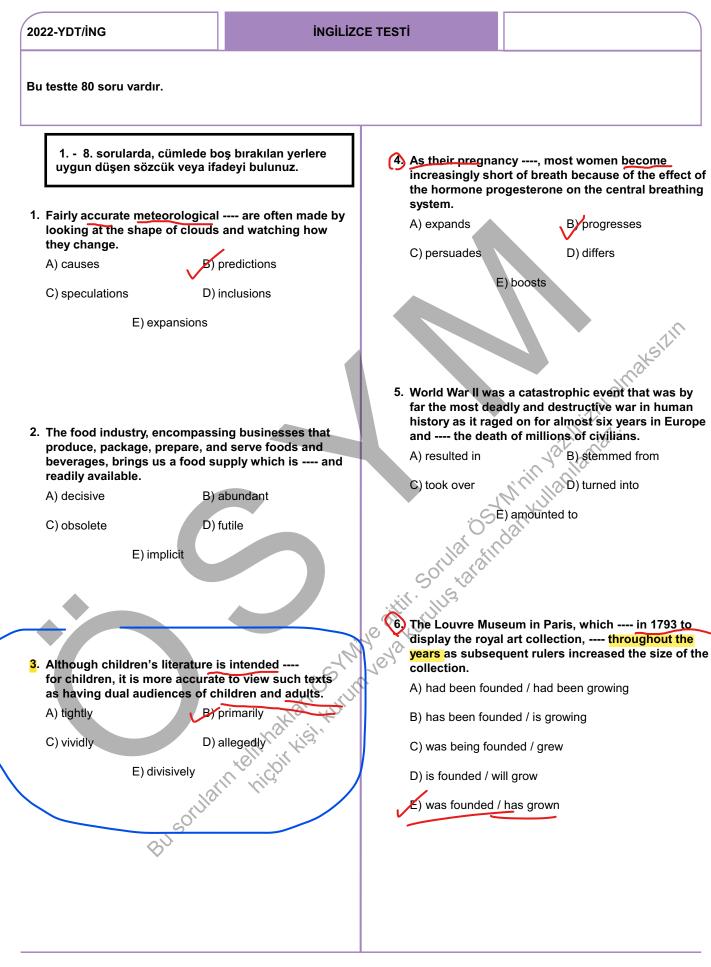


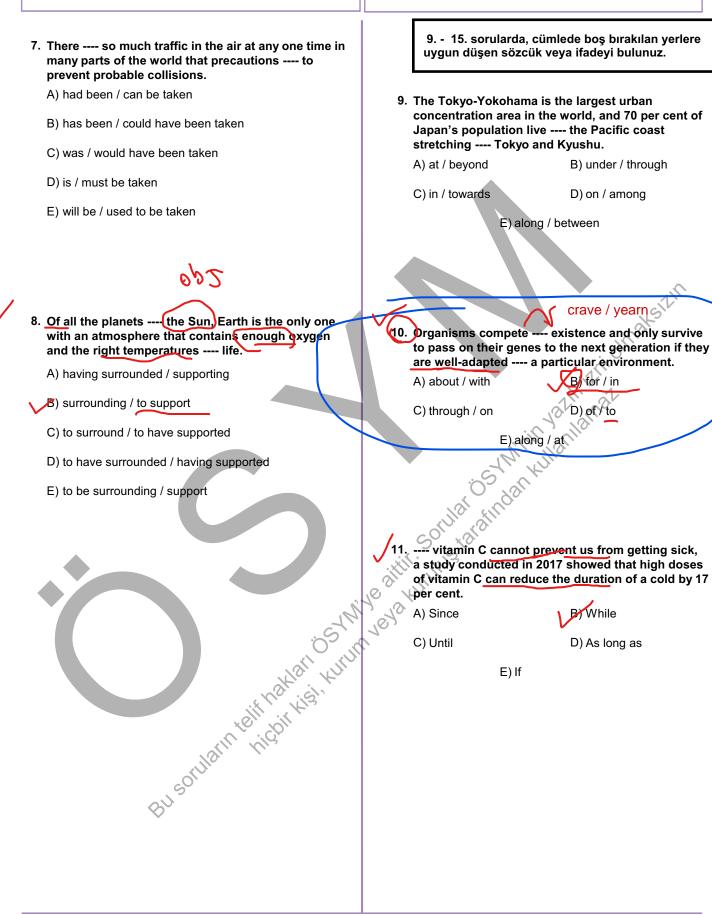
YÜKSEKÖĞRETİM KURUMLARI SINAVI YABANCI DİL TESTİ (2022-YDT) İNGİLİZCE 19 HAZİRAN 2022 PAZAR

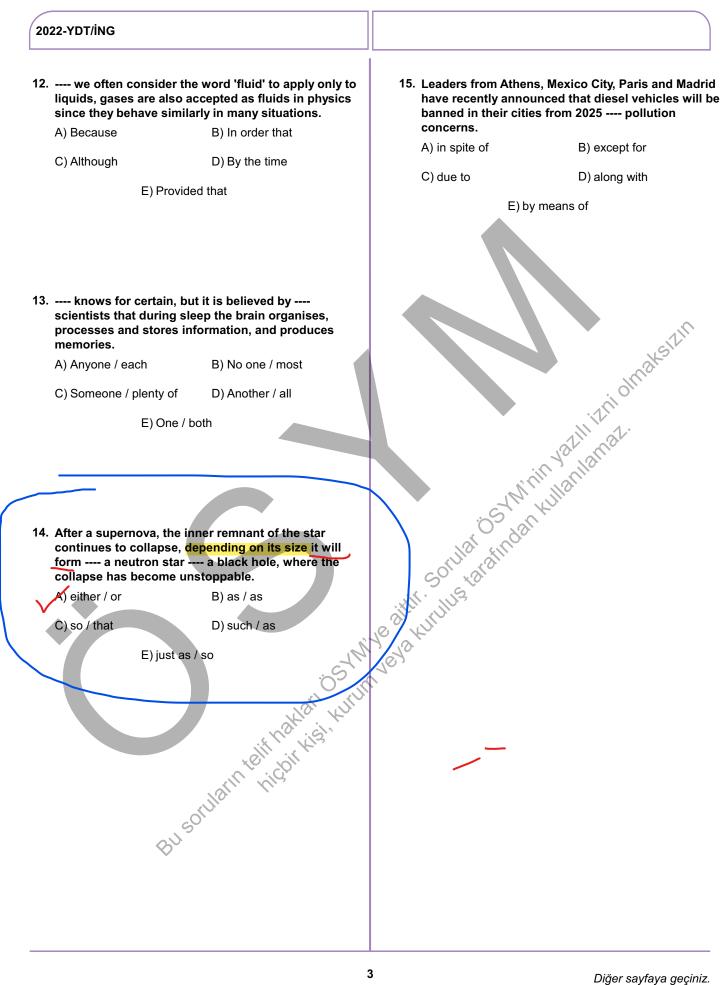
Bu testlerin her hakkı saklıdır. Hangi amaçla olursa olsun, testlerin tamamının veya bir kısmının Merkezimizin yazılı izni olmadan kopya edilmesi, fotoğrafının çekilmesi, herhangi bir yolla çoğaltılması, yayımlanması ya da kullanılması yasaktır. Bu yasağa uymayanlar gerekli cezai sorumluluğu ve testlerin hazırlanmasındaki mali külfeti peşinen kabullenmiş sayılır.

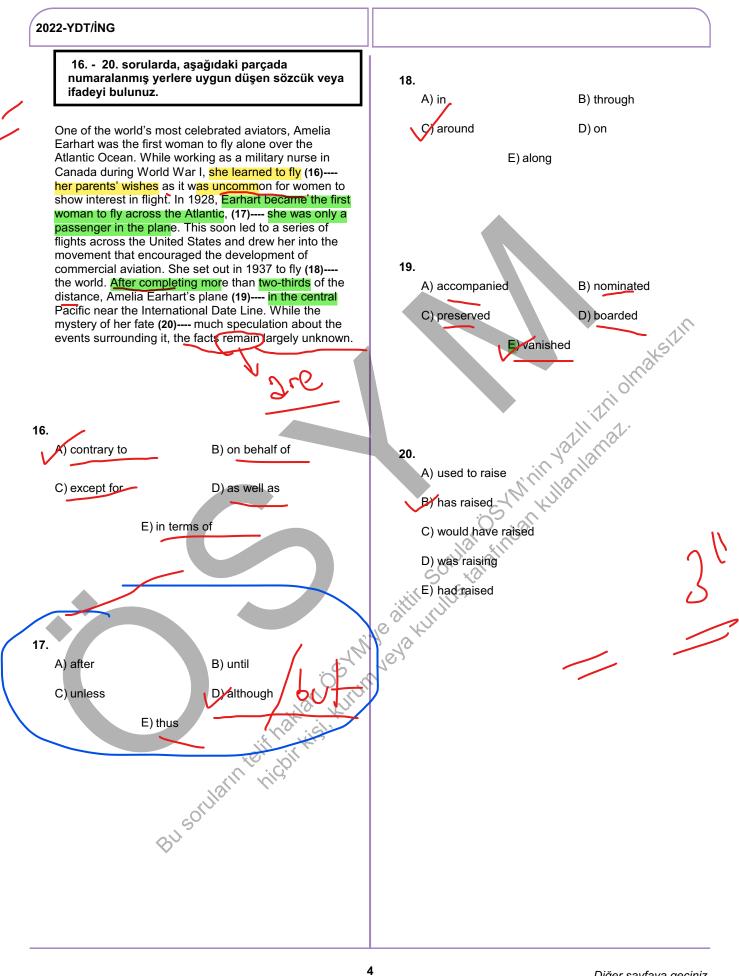
- .JIKLAMA
 1. Bu kitapçıkta toplam 80 soru bulunmaktadır.
 2. Bu sınav için verilen cevaplarınızın süresi 120 dakikadır (2 saat).
 3. Bu sınav puanlanırken döğru cevaplarınızın sayısından yanı-cevaplarınızın sayısının dörtte biri çıkarılacak ve kalan -test ile ilgili ham puanınız olacaktır.
 3. Kitapçığın sayfalarındaki boş yerlen müşveda-Cevaplamaya istediğiniz sorudan har cevaplarınızın.
 3. Bu kitapçıkta va hevap kağıdında -neyi unutmayınız.

- Cevap kâğıdında bir soru için birden çok cevap yeri işaretlenmişse o soru yanlış cevaplanmış sayılacaktır. İşaretlediğiniz bir cevabı değiştirmek istediğinizde silme işlemini çok iyi yapmanız gerektiğini unutmayınız. \sim
- 7. Sınavda uyulacak kurallar bu kitapçığın arka kapağında belirtilmiştir.









21. - 28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

- 21. Although there is an increasing number of articles and books about insomnia, ---
 - A) the subject has become quite popular in recent years
 - B) sleep disorders seem to be common among teenagers
 - C) there is considerable evidence that it can actually be treated
 - D) few are based on scientific research and clinical practice
 - E) most writers suggest effective solutions for the problem
- 22. Travelling around the Great Lakes in the United States requires a lot of planning ----.
 - A) because residents of the Great Lakes are friendly and polite
 - B) although some people think that driving is not the best way to get around the region
 - C) since there is so much to see and do in such a wide area
 - D) as weather in most of the Great Lakes states is fairly consistent
 - E) even though the Great Lakes states stage a diverse range of cultural festivals

- 23. Even if infants are well cared for during the first two years of life, ----.
 - A) the process is fundamental to create the bond between child and parent
 - B) they can develop the ability to calm themselves and foster alternative behaviours
 - C) their future development will be hampered if they do not continue getting the nurturing they need
 - D) parents can use hundreds of opportunities that arise daily to help them develop
 - E) they begin to babble and produce sounds like ba, da, and ma
- 24. Because much of the information about Greek fashions has come from marble statues, ----.
 - A) many people have long assumed that ancient Greeks dressed mainly in white

 - C) wealthy aristocrats wore clothes dyed from a species
- Lage a diverse

<u>2022-YDT/İNG</u>

5

- 25. ----, we are more likely to select healthy food options.
 - A) As f we are influenced by social media images and popular personalities
 - B) Until extensive menus require arge quantities of raw materials and storage space
 - C) As fast food chains could be located in almost any type of building
 - D If we make a choice to think positively about our bodies, regardless of our shape or size
 - E) Even if we now realise that disease prevention is the foundation of good health

Scientists are on the brink of wiping out polio - an infectious disease that can cause paralysis - ----.

- but the virus used in vaccines keeps evolving to become harmful again
- B) unless it has been brought under control by the oral polio vaccine
- C) only if the weakened virus re-evolves the ability to cause disease
- e are si ual's life) Because stress car threatening or chalk with stressful events with stressful events with stressful events Busonnann hitpinkis D) until the virus undergoes the same evolutionary steps to become extremely infectious
- E) so the mutations in the lab make the vaccine virus copy itself efficiently

- 27. A bite from a rabid anima does not guarantee that one will get rabies ----.
 - A) while rabies is caused by a number of different viruses that vary depending on geographic area and species
 - B) since only about 50 per cent of people who are bitten and do not receive treatment ever develop the disease
 - C) as the transmission of rabies is almost always through the bite of an infected animal
 - D) even if treatment of the rabies virtually ensures that one will not come down with the disease
 - E) given that the disease has become more prevalent among dogs, foxes, and racoons

----, not everyone perceives the same events as equally stressful or experience them in the same way.

- A) Even if defining what is stressful is a difficult task to be accomplished
- B) Once most of us think of stress as environmental events that place demands on us
- While there are some common sources of stress in an С
- D) Because stress can be explained as what is harmful, threatening or challenging for us
- E) Given that most people have harsh times while coping

29. - 31. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

As much artefact as document, the Rosetta Stone is a slab of black basalt that bears an inscribed text in ancient Greek and in two forms of old Egyptian writing: formal hieroglyphics (as seen on royal tomb walls) and the more common demotic script. In 1799, during Napoleon's occupation of Egypt, some of his soldiers found this rock on the Rosetta fork of the Nile River near Alexandria. The stone was carved about 2.000 years earlier, in 196 BCE. When the French soldiers recovered the stone, nobody knew how to read hieroglyphics. The Ancient Egyptian history seemed lost forever until scholars Thomas Young and Jean Francois Champollion worked long and hard to decipher the Rosetta Stone, establishing that the three texts all said the same thing in different languages. Using his knowledge of ancient Greek, Champollion was able to announce in 1822 that he could read hieroglyphics. The Rosetta Stone provided an entryway into the remote Egyptian past.

29. One can understand from the passage that ----.

- A) the Rosetta Stone was discovered underground in an ancient Egyptian royal tomb
- B) Young and Champollion had worked hard to read hieroglyphics until the discovery of Rosetta Stone
- C) partial erosion on the Rosetta Stone due to river water made it hard to decipher inscriptions
- D) ancient Greek knowledge of Champollion paved the way for understanding ancient Egypt
- E) Napoleon was deeply honoured by Egyptians after the Weyla discovery of the Rosetta Stone

30. It is pointed out in the passage that ----.

- A) French soldiers eventually discovered the Rosetta Stone in 1799 after long and exhausting excavations
- B) a stone was found with a well-preserved form in a royal tomb called Rosetta from near Alexandria
- C) before the discovery and decoding of the Rosetta Stone, the Ancient Egyptian history seemed mysterious and inaccessible
- D) three different artefacts were found with different inscription styles but the same moral by the French soldiers
- E) Young and Champollion were called to decipher the Rosetta inscriptions because of their unique expertise in Egyptian inscriptions
- 31. According to the passage, -
 - A) the Rosetta Stone was the first artefact having been deciphered and enlightened the royal life of ancient Egyptians
 - B) Napoleon ordered some of his soldiers to search and find the Rosetta Stone because he was aware of its value
 - C) the efforts of Young and Champollion resulted in the discovery of a unified message across the three languages written on the Rosetta Stone
 - D) until the discovery of the Rosetta Stone and its deciphering, remote Egypt past had been misunderstood
 - E) the Rosetta Stone allows access into the Ancient Egyptian culture as well as Greek and French culture

32. - 34. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Mammals have spread successfully over the entire world, and have even conquered extreme habitats such as deserts and the Arctic. In spite of all external diversities, they have numerous characteristics in common. Mammals are the most highly developed vertebrate animals. Their constant body temperature grants them a life largely independent of temperatures of the surrounding areas. They achieve constant body temperature by a high food intake - in comparison to reptiles, for example - and an increased rate of metabolism. Long respiration, typical of mammals, supplies the body cells efficiently with oxygen. The heart consists of two atria and two ventricles, which are completely separated from each other. This prevents the mixing of oxygen-rich and oxygen-deficient blood. All mammals, except for the egg-laying monotremes, give birth to live young. During pregnancy, the foetus is linked to the circulatory system of the female and is supplied with nutrients via the placenta and umbilical cord. The exchange of oxygen and carbon dioxide also takes place using this route.

32. Which of the following is true about mammals?

- A) As a result of their adaptation to living in different habitats around the world, their physical appearances have become varied.
- B) Compared to reptiles, mammals consume a much higher amount of food in order to maintain their body temperatures.
- C) Thanks to their oxygen-rich blood, they are able to nurture their offspring.
- D) Their increased rate of metabolism has helped them to be highly sophisticated animals.
- E) They share several similarities with reptiles in terms of nutrition and food intake.

33. Which of the following is true about the biology of mammals according to the passage?

- A) Monotremes are a type of mammal which give birth to live young.
- B) The structure of the mammal heart helps blend oxygen-rich and oxygen-deficient blood.
- C) The hearts of mammals are unique in terms of exchanging oxygen and carbon dioxide.
- D) Long respiration is a characteristic limited to certain types of mammals.
- E) The foetus inside a female is able to survive thanks to the placenta and umbilical cord.

maksizin

34. What is the passage mainly about?

- A) Mammal diversity on the planet
- B) Distribution of mammals in the world
- C) Common features of mammals
- D) Differences between mammals and reptiles
- E) Reproduction differences in mammals

35. - 37. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Many people want to improve their thinking skills and prevent mental decline. Puzzles are a popular choice for mental training, but somewhat lacking. The problem with things like crosswords and sudoku is that they are not very varied. It is like going to the gym and using only one machine: your biceps might become strong, but you will not be properly fit. Instead, you need something more like circuit training or parkour. That is why one of your best options is to learn a foreign language. This will provide a mental workout including many different skills, from challenging your perceptions to learning grammatical rules. If you speak to others, you get the bonus of social interaction too. Studies also indicate that people who are trying to learn a foreign language have improved executive function - the ability to plan, organise and complete tasks - although these results have recently been disputed. There is also evidence that bilinguals develop dementia four years later, on average, than people who are monolingual, and that they recover faster if they have had a stroke.

35. According to the passage, puzzles ----.

- A) can be utilised to support language learning process
- B) do not play any role in enhancing our thinking skills, contrary to popular belief
- C) serve as an alternative to language learning for mental training
- uverse E) are examples of comprehensive mental training like circuit training and parkour busine training and parkour Busine Busin Busine Busine Busin Busine Busin Busine Busin Busin Busin Bu

36. Which could be inferred from the passage about language learning?

- A) Some components of language learning, like perception, improve the ability to learn grammatical rules.
- B) Learning only one foreign language is like doing physical exercise with only one machine at a gym.
- C) We might be wrong in the assumption that language learning involves a variety of skills.
- D) Whether language learning improves executive function is a controversial issue.
- E) On its own, learning a foreign language may fail to treat dementia and strokes. Imaksizin

37. What is the primary purpose of the author?

- A) To promote the mental benefits of solving puzzles for learning a foreign language
- B) To encourage people to start learning a foreign language to improve their cognitive skills
- C) To highlight that language learning has lots of benefits, focusing on the advantages that bilinguals have
- D) To recommend the reader learn a foreign language if they cannot easily participate in social interactions
- E) To inform the reader of the health benefits of doing physical exercise to prevent mental decline

38. - 40. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

It is easy to become fatalistic about environmental problems since the destruction of the natural world continues at high speed. Many people actively avoid environmental news because it makes them feel hopeless, but there is no reason to despair. A recent analysis suggests that while the loss of biodiversity is undoubtedly serious, it is far from unstoppable. If we make the right choices now, we can stop the decrease by 2100. What would it take? A major step to take is to occupy less space by producing more food from smaller patches of land and using current technologies such as genetic modification. In today's world, such solutions may seem very simple and idealistic, but the other option, fatalism, is simply a guarantee of failure. In fact, we still have the chance to save the majority of biodiversity without making huge sacrifices. People who care about the natural world have every reason to keep on fighting.

- 38. It can be understood from the passage that a lot of people ----.
 - A) have recognised that they must more actively combat environmental destruction
 - feel pessimistic about their ability to prevent the loss of biodiversity
 - C) believe that news on environmental destruction does not reflect the truth
 - Busonularin telif hakari kurun veva D) think that they have done everything they can to save the environment
 - E) have begun to pay more attention to the news focusing on environmental problems

39. According to the passage, by 2100, ----.

- A) the loss of biodiversity will remain at a moderate level if people do not take necessary precautions
- B) people will need to use far more space to produce large amounts of food
- C) genetic modification will not be effective alone unless people stop their destructive activities
- D) those who struggle to save the natural world will have to fight more diligently
- E) people will be able to stop the decline in biodiversity if they take appropriate actions

40) What is the primary purpose of the author?

-) To persuade readers that it is not too late to save the environment
- B) To inform readers that they need to make radical changes in their lifestyles to stop the loss of biodiversity
- C) To warn readers that they should use current technologies more effectively to protect the environment
- D) To show that fatalism can trigger people to save the C natural world
- E) To stress that solutions to the loss of biodiversity do nat seem feasible

41. - 43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Prediabetes is a precursor to type 2 diabetes, but that diagnosis does not necessarily mean diabetes is your destiny. "Once you have diabetes, you cannot become un-diabetic-but you can reverse prediabetes," says Dr. Grazia Aleppo, professor of medicine at Northwestern University Feinberg School of Medicine. Prediabetes means the body struggles to use or produce the hormone insulin, making blood sugar (glucose) zoom to abnormally high levels, but not quite high enough to be considered full-blown diabetes. A third of American adults are estimated to have it, and your risk is higher if you have an immediate family history of type 2 diabetes, you are over 45, or you have had gestational diabetes. Though many people with prediabetes eventually progress to the full disease, taking steps to make some lifestyle changes such as a healthy Mediterranean diet and more exercise to control blood sugar can help stave it off. That is crucial: Type 2 diabetes increases risks for chronic health problems like heart disease, stroke, and impaired nerve, eye, and kidney function.

41. According to the passage, prediabetes is ----.

- A) a medical condition considered by some to be more threatening than type 2 diabetes
- B) treated through hormone insulin, which increases glucose levels in the blood
- C) a stage that comes before the development of type 2 diabetes
- D) unavoidable if you have an immediate family history of
- Busorularin telithaklari kuxun E) the name of a medical problem first identified by Dr. Grazia Aleppo

- 42. Which of the following can be inferred from the passage about type 2 diabetes?
 - A) People who have chronic health problems are more likely to develop type 2 diabetes.
 - B) One third of Americans will have type 2 diabetes in near future.
 - (C) There is no permanent cure for it once a person develops the condition.
 - D) People with type 2 diabetes have higher risk of developing heart disease compared to impaired kidney function.
 - E) It can develop regardless of the kind of diet a person is following.

o'stave B) detec B) detec (CSE) spread (CSE) 43.) The underlined phrasal verb 'stave off' is closest in

44. - 48. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

Mother:

 I'm looking for a babysitter, which is really stressing me out. But I thought if anyone could help me, it would be you!

Friend:

 I'd be happy to share my experiences! First of all, only contact babysitters that are recommended by other parents. Then, invite the candidates home to meet the children before making a commitment.

Mother:

- Well, I've already invited a young girl for an interview, but how can I be sure I'm choosing the right person?

Friend:

- A) What is important is that you should agree on the fee and hours with the babysitter before she babysits.
- B) Even though you feel sure about this babysitter, it's also important that your children are happy with her.
- If you and the children like her, and you think she seems reliable, you can ask her to come for a trial sit.
- y body clock? y body clock? Contract index Buscontain the index high index D) It is your responsibility as a parent to satisfy yourself) that the babysitter will act responsibly and sateguard the well-being of your children.
- E) She should only babysit when she feels well and she should arrive early so that the children are settled before you leave.

45 Susan:

> - I feel exhausted all the time, like I have no energy at all.

Lydia:

You must feel miserable. What time do you usually go to bed?

Susan:

- Sometimes early, sometimes past midnight.

Lydia:

- Well, you really shouldn't play around with your circadian rhythm.

Susan:

- Lydia: It's the body's built-in clock. It includes your sleep cycle, and is unique for everyone.
- A) Where did you learn about circadian rhythm?
- B) For what time should I set my alarm clock to wake up?
- C) I don't. This is already my sleep cycle.
- D) What do you mean by the circadian rhythm?
- E) What's the connection between circadian rhythm and

46. John:

 We are seeing more and more ads for electric cars in the media, and guess what? I'm planning to buy one.

Timothy:

- No kidding? A few of my other friends have bought electric cars, too.
- John:
- Really? Are they happy with them?

Timothy:

_ ____

- John:
- I see. Then should carefully weigh its benefits and downsides. A quick, uninformed decision would mean a disaster for me.
- A) Generally speaking, they are. Just think about how much the technology has improved in the last 10 years.
- B) Absolutely. But there are going to be so many new electric models to choose from in the coming years.
- Well, yes and no. Most of them bought them for environmental reasons, but some complain about problems with the battery.
- D) Somewhat. They say that they save a lot of money when it comes to maintenance because the engines are much less complicated.
 - E) I don't know, but what I know for sure is that there are more and more charging stations for electric vehicles.

Andy: Looking at the Pyramids in Egypt, do you think Egyptians were more concerned about death than life? Jean: Well, contrary to what most people believe, I think they were obsessed with life rather than death. Andy: - Why do you think so? Jean: A) Their tombs contain endless 'daily life' scenes, depicting individuals working in the fields, making wine, dancing and numerous other daily activities. B) The ancient Egyptians' attitudes to life and death were heavily influenced by their belief that eternal life could be ensured by a wide range of strategies. C) In ancient Egypt, each individual was considered to comprise not only a physical body but also three other crucial elements. D) Many recent books have made the point that their real concerns lay somewhere between these two extremes. enternation were were under the source of th E) Egyptians used to devote most of their time and financial resources to preparations for death more than we would imagine.

48. Instructor:

 In some areas of eastern Congo, up to 40 per cent of gold miners are children. What do you think about this?

- Student:
- I believe every child deserves to be treated under caring conditions at schools instead of working as underpaid miners.

Instructor:

_ ----

- Student:
- I'd promote compulsory education and try to provide free education to all children so that no children would have to work in mines.
- A) What would you do to improve their working conditions?
- B) Why do you think Africa lacks basic needs for children's education?
- C) Do you think you can solve this issue by means of international diplomacy?
- D) Don't you agree that this problem requires substantial consideration?

E)Can you suggest an effective solution to this issue?

Bu sorularin telif haklari kurun

49. - 53. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın cümleyi bulunuz.

49 Despite claims of slave labour, it is thought that the Great Pyramid of Giza was built by skilled workers.

- A) It has been suggested that the Great Pyramid of Giza was built mainly by slaves rather than skilled workers.
- B) The Great Pyramid of Giza is claimed to have been built by qualified workers who mostly relied on slave labour.

C) Although many assume it was built by slave labour, the Great Pyramid of Giza is believed to have been constructed by skilled workers.

- D) In spite of claims that qualified workers must have built the Great Pyramid of Giza, many assert that it owes its existence to staves.
- E) There are claims that skilled workers could not have erected the Great Pyramid of Giza without slave labour.

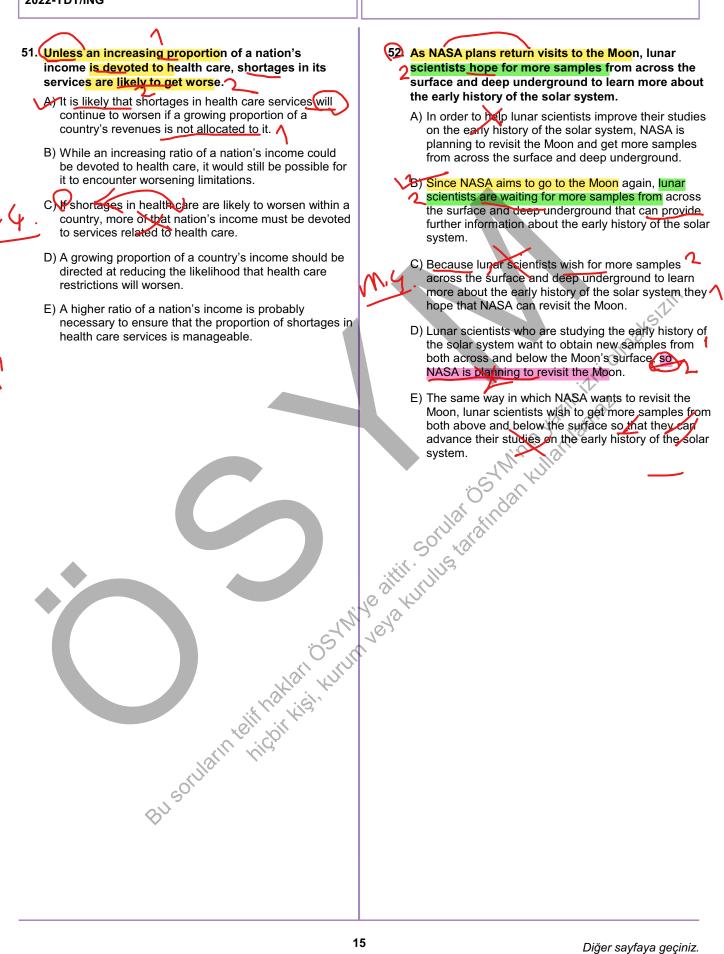
50. In addition to the role of culture in shaping our diets, our own learning experience dictates which foods we will include in our diets.

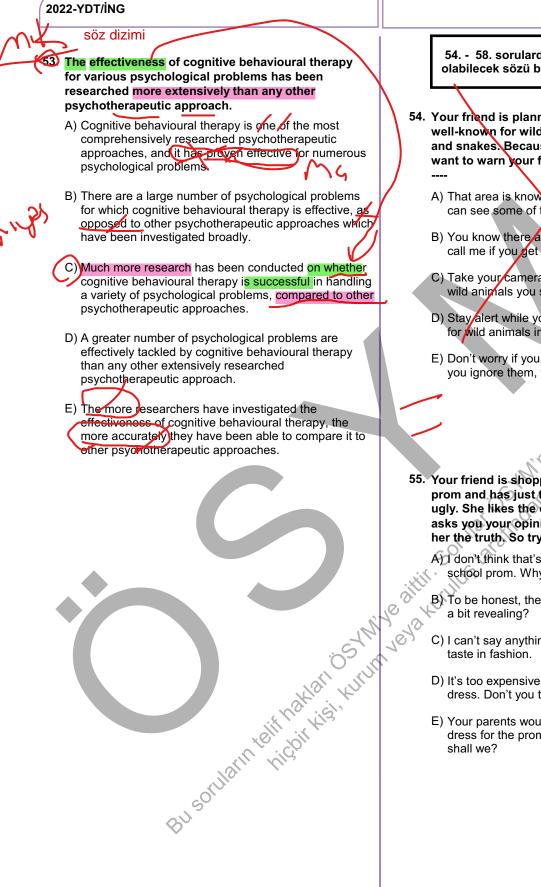
A) Which foods we will have in our diets depends on our own learning experience rather than culture in shaping our diets.

P) Together with culture, our own learning experience leads us to choose the foods that will be a part of our diets.

- C) Which foods we will include in our diets is determined by our own learning experience on which culture has a profound effect.
- D) Even if the role of our own learning experience in shaping our diets is undeniable, it is the culture which makes the biggest contribution to our food choices.
- E) Our diets, mostly influenced by culture, are not totally independent of our own learning experience.







54. - 58. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek sözü bulunuz.

- 54. Your friend is planning a hike in an area which is well-known for wild animals, such as bears, wolves, and snakes. Because of the dangers they pose, you want to warn your friend to be careful, so you say:
 - A) That area is known to have wild animals. Hope you can see some of them!
 - B) You know there are wild animals in that area. Don't call me if you get into trouble.
 - C) Take your camera so you can be sure to capture any wild animals you see on film.
 - D) Stay alert while you're there, and especially look out for wild animals in the area.
 - E) Don't worry if you see any wild animals. I'm sure if you ignore them, they'll ignore you
- 55. Your friend is shopping for a dress for the school prom and has just tried on a dress which is really ugly. She likes the dress so much, but when she asks you your opinion of the dress, you want to tell her the truth. So trying not to offend her, you say: ----
 - A) I don't think that's a good choice of dress for the school prom. Why don't you try some others?
 - B) To be honest, the dress looks great on you. But isn't it
 - C) I can't say anything really. You know I have a poor
 - D) It's too expensive for such a plain and unattractive dress. Don't you think so?
 - E) Your parents would never allow you to put on that dress for the prom. Let's keep looking for a better one,

- 56. While cleaning up your room in the attic, you find an old book which belonged to a friend. You realise that you were supposed to give it back to her months ago. So you call her to apologise: ----
 - A) I apologise deeply for my mistake. However, you should have reminded me to give back your book.
 - B) I'm sorry to disturb you, but could you possibly return the book that I lent you a few months ago?
 - C) I would say I'm sorry, but since we are really close friends and know each other well, I know you'll let this one go.
 - D) I regret to inform you that I have lost your book.
 However, I will buy you an exact copy to compensate for my mistake.
 - E) I'm so sorry for not returning your book on time, I forgot all about it. I'll get it back to you as soon as I see you.
- 57. One of your workers is always late for work. You've already warned him several times, but he still keeps coming in late. Finally, you decide you need to fire him. You ask him to come to your office and say: ----
 - A) Despite repeated warnings, you continue to be late. So, I'm sorry to inform you that you have been terminated from your position.
 - B) We are actually content with your punctuality, but I'm sorry to say to that you have been made redundant at work.
 - C) This is the last time you will be warned about coming to work late. The next time, you will directly be sacked.
 - D) If I were you, I wouldn't be late for work in the future. The other employees think you are getting preferred treatment from me and it's making my job more difficult.
 - E) If anyone asks, you can put the blame on me for your coming late. They can't fire me as 1 am your boss.

- 58. You ordered a laptop from an online computer company. When you receive your new laptop, you notice that its battery does not seem to function properly. So you call their customer service line and politely ask for a refund: ----
 - A) The laptop I just got seems to have some kind of problem. Could I possibly get my money back?
 - B) My laptop is not working properly. I think you should send me a replacement as soon as possible.
 - C) I would like to speak to your manager, urgently. It's about the laptop I recently bought.
 - D) If I don't get my money back immediately, you will be hearing from my lawyer!
- E) It's unfortunate that the laptop I bought has problems. Still, I know you did your best. Onnaks II. Onnaks

59. - 63. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere, parçada anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

- 59. To form a thunderstorm from a convective cloud, several conditions are necessary. ---- In an unstable atmosphere, the air temperature drops rapidly with height, meaning any bubble of air that begins rising and cooling will remain warmer than its surroundings. At every point in its ascent the rising air acts like a hot air balloon. Since it is warmer and less dense than the surrounding air, it continues to rise.
 - A) Severe thunderstorms also may form tornadoes, columns of air spinning at extremely high wind speeds.
 - B) However, among them, most importantly the atmosphere must be unpredictable.
 - C) Severe thunderstorms may include hail, tornadoes, and damaging straight line winds.
 - D) The most severe cause of flooding usually follows short but very intensive thunderstorms.
 - E) In addition, lightning is a giant spark caused by a build-up of static electrical charges.

- 60. If you use a mobile phone, drive a car or watch a television, the chances are that at least one of those objects will have been made in Korea. Korea is one of Asia's 'tiger' economies, a provider of high technology for the world. ---- However, it is not how Koreans see themselves, for Korea has always been pivotal in relations between China and Japan, and it has a long tradition of technological innovation. It was Korea, for example, that pioneered movable metal type, and it did so well before it was utilised in Europe.
 - A) It has long been divided between a communist north and a capitalist south, severely hindering technological developments.
 - B) By the year 900, Korea was already a rich, urbanised country and a major player in global trade, based at
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 C) Economic relations since the early 1990s have significantly benefited Chinese start-ups in the
 - D) Most countries see the technology gap between the

61. History can be written from many different viewpoints. A 19th-century European writing shortly after the French Revolution is likely to have very different interests from a Chinese bureaucrat living in the 2nd century BCE, or a 10th-century Muslim traveller. Moreover, the interpretation of facts is always open to dispute, and historians often disagree about how one fact is linked with another. ---- The perspective of chroniclers such as the French scholar Geoffrey Villehardouin on the Fourth Crusade, is very different from that of his contemporary on the opposing side, the Arab historian Ibn al-Athir.

- A Throughout history itself, we see evidence of different ideas about the same events.
- B) History is an incomplete puzzle, made up of fragments from the evidence that is available.
- C) Names for eras and ages may not necessarily have been used at the time, but now they serve to break down the past into convenient blocks.
- D) We can never directly experience the past we can never know how it felt to be a gladiator fighting in the Colosseum of ancient Rome.
- E) Historians ask not only 'what happened?', but also 'why did it happen?' and 'what were the consequences?'.

Busonularin telifinakari, kurum

- 62. How do humans and the environment affect each other? There are three key concepts to the interaction between humans and the environment: humans adapt to the environment; humans modify the environment; and humans depend on the environment. ---- For example, clearing a forest for farming produces food, but also destroys trees. Burning coal provides energy, but also pollutes the air.
 - A) Most of the changes people make on the environment are intentional, such as building wide tunnels through mountains.
 - B) Humans have always had a huge impact on the environment, by changing or trying to blend in with their surroundings.
 - C) The environment provides food and shelter to humans and various sources of energy to maintain their lives.
 - D) Some particular actions that humans carry out have pluses and minuses for them and the environment.
 - E) The environment can shape laws, customs, lifestyles, and economic activities of humans to a great extent.
- 63. Mixing the metals copper and tin creates bronze. Bronze, like other mixtures of metals, is called an alloy. Bronze is harder and stronger than copper.
 ----For these reasons bronze is often used to make tools and machinery. Bronze is also used to make electrical hardware, springs, fasteners, and coins. Bronze has been the most popular metal for making statues and other artistic objects since ancient times.
 - A) Bronze also changes colours when exposed to air and water.
 - B) Bronze is also used for making life-sized sculptures of people and animals.
 - C) It also does not wear away as easily as either copper or tin.
 - D) The earliest bronzes date back to the late 4th millennium BCE.
 - E) Bronze is the traditional name for a broad range of alloys of copper.

64. - 69. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

- 64. Though the paleoanthropological evidence suggests that tattooing likely emerged around 45,000 years ago, we cannot know for certain how old it is.
 - A) Paleoantropolojik kanıtlar yaklaşık 45.000 yıl önce ortaya çıkmış olabileceğini gösterse de dövmeciliğin ne kadar eski olduğunu kesin olarak bilemeyiz.
 - B) Dövmeciliğin ne kadar eski olduğu kesin olarak bilinmiyor ancak paleoantropolojik kanıtlara göre 45.000 yıl önce ortaya çıkmış olduğu düşünülüyor.
 - C) Dövmeciliğin ne kadar eski olduğunu bilemesek de paleoantropolojik kanıtlar 45.000 yıl önce ortaya çıktığını göstermektedir.
 - D) Paleoantropolojik kanıtlara göre 45.000 yıl önce ortaya çıkmış gibi görünse de dövmeciliğin ne kadar eski olduğunu kesinlikle bilemeyiz.
 - E) Dövmeciliğin ne kadar eski olduğunu kesin olarak bilemeyiz ancak paleoantropolojik kanıtlara göre yaklaşık 45.000 yıl önce ortaya çıkmış olabilir.

- 65. Africa has been home to many different kinds of animals, though their numbers dramatically declined in the 1900s because large areas of their habitats were taken over for farming.
 - A) Afrika'nın ev sahipliği yaptığı birçok farklı hayvan türünün sayısı, 1900'lerde bu hayvanların yaşam alanlarının büvük bir kısmı ciftcilik icin ele geçirildiğinden oldukça azalmıştır.
 - B) Afrika birçok farklı hayvan türüne ev sahipliği yapmaktadır fakat 1900'lerde yaşam alanlarının büyük bir kısmının çiftçilik için kullanılması sayılarını oldukça düşürmüştür.
 - C) Afrika birçok farklı hayvan türüne ev sahipliği yapmaktadır ancak yaşam alanlarının büyük bir bölümü çiftçilik için ele geçirildiğinden sayıları 1900'lerde büyük ölçüde azalmıştır.
 - D) Birçok farklı hayvan türüne ev sahipliği yapan Afrika'da, yaşam alanlarının büyük bir bölümü çiftçiliğe ayrıldığından, 1900'lerden itibaren havvanların sayısında büyük bir düşüş yaşanmıştır.
- i sy i i sy i i avan tir i yaşan alan i anilan havanla i E) Afrika birçok farklı hayvan türüne ev sahipliği yapmıştır ancak 1900'lerde yaşam alanlarının büyük bir kısmı çiftçilik için kullanılan hayvanların sayısında büyük bir

66. The canals making up the city centre in Amsterdam are not only easy to get around on foot they also offer one of the most lovely walks in all of Europe.

- A) Hem yürüyerek gezmek için elverişli olan hem de tüm Avrupa'da en güzel yürüyüşlerden birini yapma imkânı veren kanallar Amsterdam'ın şehir merkezini oluşturur.
- B) Tüm Avrupa'da en güzel yürüyüş imkânlarından birini sunan kanallar hem Amsterdam'ın şehir merkezini oluşturur hem de yürüyerek gezmek için elverişlidir.
- C) Avrupa'da en güzel yürüyüşlerden birinin yapılabildiği kanallar Amsterdam'ın şehir merkezini oluşturur ve yürüyerek gezmeye elverişlidir.
- D) Amsterdam şehir merkezi yürüyerek gezmek için elverişli olan kanallardan oluşur ve bu kanallarda aynı zamanda tüm Avrupa'da en güzel yürüyüşlerden biri yapılabilir.
- E) Amsterdam şehir merkezini oluşturan kanallar hem yürüyerek gezmek için elverişlidir hem de tüm Avrupa'da en güzel yürüyüşlerden birini yapma imkânı sunar.



Many bows and arrows were depicted in cave paintings from 30,000 BCE onward, but none of the originals has survived until today.

- A) M.Ö. 30.000 yılından itibaren mağara duvarlarına resmedilen birçok yay ve okun hiçbir örneği günümüze kadar ulaşmamıştır
- M.Ö. 30.000 yılından itibaren birçok yay ve ok mağara duvarlarına resmedilmiş ancak hiçbirinin aslı günümüze dek ulaşmamıştır.
- C) Birçok yay ve ok M.Ö. 30.000 yılından itibaren mağara duvarlarına resmedilmiş olmasına rağmen günümüzde hiçbirinin aslı bulunmamaktadır.
- D) Hiçbirinin aslı günümüze kadar ulaşmayan birçok yay ve ok, M.Ö. 30.000 yılında mağara duvarlarına resmedilmiştir.
- E) Yaklaşık M.Ö. 30.000 yılında çok sayıda yay ve ok mağara duvarlarına resmedilmiş ama asılları bugüne kadar gelememiştir.

- 68. Scientists are interested not only in the actions of human beings and animals, but also in the actions of inanimate objects such as winds and waves.
 - A) İnsanların ve hayvanların hareketleriyle ilgilenen bilim insanları, aynı zamanda rüzgârlar ve dalgalar gibi cansız nesnelerin hareketleriyle de ilgilenirler.
 - B) Sadece insanların ve hayvanların hareketleriyle yetinmeyen bilim insanları, rüzgârlar ve dalgalar gibi cansız nesnelerin hareketleriyle de ilgilenirler.
 - C) Bilim insanları, yalnızca insanların ve hayvanların hareketleriyle değil, aynı zamanda rüzgârlar ve dalgalar gibi cansız nesnelerin hareketleriyle de ilgilenirler.
 - D) Bilim insanları, sadece insanların ve hayvanların hareketleriyle ilgilenmekle kalmayıp rüzgârlar ve dalgalar gibi cansız nesnelerin hareketlerini de merak ederler.
 - E) Bilim insanlarının ilgilendikleri şeyler sadece insanların ve hayvanların hareketleri değil, aynı zamanda rüzgârlar ve dalgalar gibi cansız nesnelerin de hareketleridir.
- 69 Ancient Egyptians worshipped hundreds of gods, many of whom were represented by animals, and each one of them was thought to have specific powers.
 - A) Özel güçlere sahip olduğuna inanılan yüzlerce tanrının pek çoğu hayvanlarla simgelenirdi ve eski Mısırlılar bu tanrıların her birine taparlardı.
 - Eski Mısırlılar, pek çoğu hayvanlarla simgelenen yüzlerce tanrıya taparlard ve bu tanrıların her birinin özel güçlere sahip olduğuna inanılırdı.
 - C) Eski Mısırlıların taptığı yüzlerce tanrının pek çoğu hayvanlarla simgelenirdi ve bu tanrıların her birinin özel güçlere sahip olduğuna inanılırdı.
 - D) Eski Mısırlılar, her birinin özel güçlere sahip olduğuna inanılan yüzlerce tanrıya taparlardı ve bunların pek çoğu hayvanlarla simgelenirdi.
 - E) Eski Mısırlılar, her birinin özel güçlere sahip olduğuna inanılan ve pek çoğu hayvanlarla simgelenen yüzlerce tanrıya taparlardı.

each of which

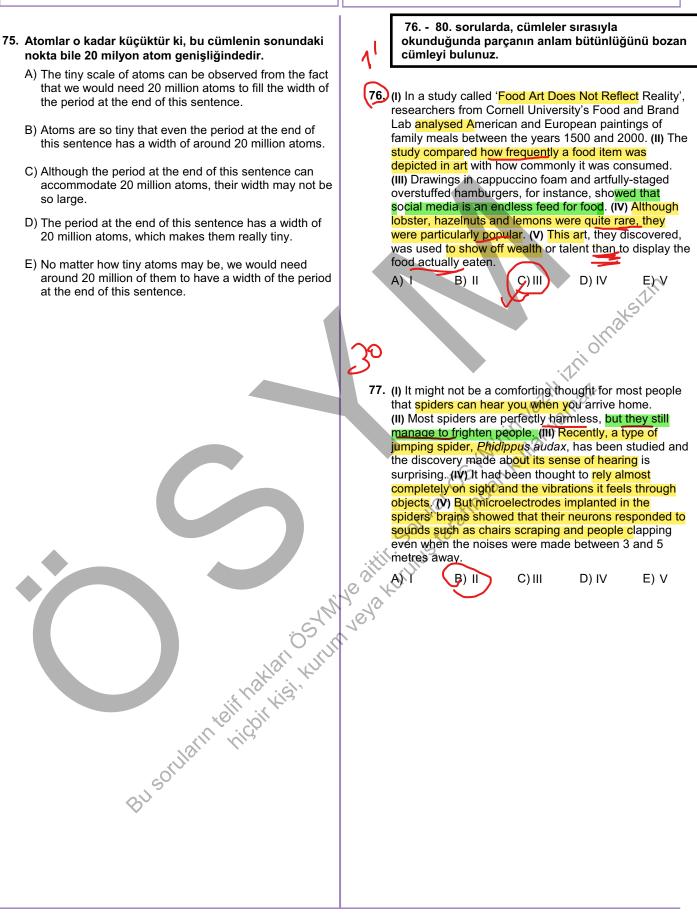
70. - 75. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

- 70. Çoğumuz D vitamini ihtiyacımızı karşılamak için güneş ışığına bağımlıyız ve yeterli miktarda güneş ışığı, besin takviyesi olmadan bütün ihtiyacımızı karşılayabilir.
 - A) The sunlight can be sufficient for our need of vitamin D, so most of us depend on it other than dietary supplements to supply our entire requirement.
 - B) Most of us depend on sunlight for meeting our vitamin D needs and sufficient sunlight can supply our entire requirement without dietary supplements.
 - C) For the majority of us, sunlight is enough for meeting our vitamin D needs and we can depend on it to supply our entire requirement without dietary supplements.
 - D) In order to meet our entire vitamin D requirement, most of us depend on sunlight that can supply it sufficiently and do not take any dietary supplements.
 - E) All of us depend on sunlight to get our vitamin D and enough exposure to sunlight can supply our entire requirement so there is no need for dietary supplements.

- 71. Deprem sırasında çeşitli sismik dalgalar gezegenimize yayılır ve bunların hızı ve yönünü belirlemek, yer kabuğunun haritalarını yapmak ve gelecekteki depremlerin ne kadar yıkıcı olabileceğini tahmin etmek açısından gereklidir.
 - A) The speed and direction of various seismic waves that travel through our planet during an earthquake are essential to make maps of Earth's crust and predict how disastrous the future strikes can be.
 - B) During an earthquake various seismic waves travel through our planet, and determining their speed and direction is essential for making maps of Earth's crust and predicting how devastating the future strikes may be.
 - C) By determining the speed and direction of various seismic waves that travel through our planet during an earthquake, it is possible to make the essential maps of Earth's crust and predict how catastrophic the future strikes can be.
 - D) During an earthquake, the speed and direction of various seismic waves that travel through our planet can be determined, and this is essential for making maps of Earth's crust and predicting how catastrophic the future strikes could be.
- E) During an earthquake, it is essential to determine the speed and direction of various seismic waves traveling through our planet, which is important for making maps of Earth's crust and predicting how disastrous the future strikes might be.

- 72. Kardeşler arasında belirli bir miktar rekabet kaçınılmaz olsa da bunun şiddetini ve çocuklar üzerindeki potansiyel etkilerini azaltmak için ebeveynlerin alabileceği bazı önlemler bulunmaktadır.
 - A) Even though rivalry between siblings cannot be avoided to a certain extent, parents can take some measures that help to decrease the level of its severity and its potential effects on children.
 - B) Although a certain amount of rivalry is unavoidable between siblings, there are some measures that parents can take to reduce its severity and its potential effects on children.
 - C) The intensity of sibling rivalry and its potential effects on children can be reduced by parents by taking some measures, while it is not possible to avoid a certain amount of it.
 - D) Rivalry between siblings is inevitable to some extent, but parents can control its severity and its potential effects on children through some measures.
 - E) There exists some parental measures that can lessen the intensity of sibling rivalry and its potential effects on children despite the inevitability of a certain amount.

- 73. Felsefe, yüzyıllardır, gözlemle çözülemeyecek önemli soruların cevaplarına yaklaşmanın tek yolu olarak kabul edilmektedir.
 - A) Coming closer to answers to important guestions that cannot be resolved through observation, philosophy has been regarded for centuries as the only way to deal with them.
 - B) Regarded as the only way to come closer to answers to important questions, philosophy has acknowledged for centuries that they cannot be resolved through observation.
 - C) Philosophy is regarded as the only way to come closer to answers to important questions that have not been resolved through observation for centuries.
 - D) Philosophy has been acknowledged for centuries as the only way to come closer to answers to important questions that cannot be resolved through observation.
 - E) Regarding the important questions that have not been resolved through observation for centuries, it has been acknowledged that the only way to come closer to their answers is philosophy.
- 74. Tip 1 diyabet hastalığı, vücut yanlışlıkla pankreastaki insülin hormonunu üreten hücreleri yok ettiğinde ortava çıkar.
 - A) Type 1 diabetes occurs when the body accidentally destroys the cells in the pancreas that produce the hormone insulin.
- Busonularin telit haklari kurum vera B) When the cells in the pancreas producing the hormone insulin are accidentally damaged by the body, Type 1 diabetes develops.
 - C) The body's accidental destruction of the cells in the pancreas that release the hormone insulin results in Type 1 diabetes.
 - D) If the body accidentally damages the cells in the pancreas that release the hormone insulin, it is very likely that Type 1 diabetes arises.
 - E) Type 1 diabetes manifests itself after the cells in the pancreas producing the hormone insulin are accidentally destroyed by the body.



A) I

B) II

78. (I) The problem of translating colour words arises in two quite distinct forms. (II) The first occurs where the colour word is employed in a purely descriptive and literal sense. (III) Here the solution depends upon visualising the exact colour meant by the word in the source language and knowing the correct equivalent in the target language by which to translate it. (IV) The second case confronts the translator in the form of an entirely metaphorical use of a colour, e.g., 'black despair'. (V) Colour is, in fact, probably the most common factor employed in the formation of metaphors in all languages.

C) III

NOT

D) IV

- I b) I c) II c) **79.** (I) The retina, the screen at the back of the eye on which
- 80. (I) The principal task of a shampoo is to clean the hair.

BUSOTHATTO NO

SINAVDA UYULACAK KURALLAR

- 1. Sınav salonunda saate entegre kamera ile kayıt yapılıyor ise kamera kayıtlarının incelenmesinden sonra sınav kurallarına uymadığı tespit edilen adayların sınavları, ÖSYM Yönetim Kurulunca geçersiz sayılacaktır.
- 2. Cep telefonu ile sınava girmek kesinlikle yasaktır. Adayların sınav binasına; her türlü delici ve kesici alet, ateşli silah, çanta, cüzdan, cep telefonu, her türlü saat, anahtarlık, her türlü araç anahtarı, kablosuz iletişim sağlayan bluetooth ve benzeri cihazlar ile; kulaklık, kolye, küpe, yüzük (alyans hariç), bilezik, broş ve diğer takılar, her türlü plastik, cam eşya (şeffaf/numaralı gözlük hariç), plastik ve metal içerikli eşyalar (başörtü için kullanılan boncuk-lu/boncuksuz toplu iğne, para, anahtarlıksız basit anahtar, ulaşım kartı, basit tokalı kemer, basit tel toka ve basit piercing hariç), banka/kredi kartı v.b. kartlarla, her türlü elektronik/mekanik cihaz ve her türlü müsvedde kâğıt, defter, kalem, silgi, kalemtıraş, kitap, ders notu, sözlük, dergi, gazete ve benzeri yayınlar, cetvel, pergel, açiölçer ve bu gibi araçlarla, yiyecek içecek (şeffaf pet şişe içerisinde bandajı çıkarılmış su hariç), ilaç ve diğer tüketim maddeleri ile gelmeleri kesinlikle yasaktır. Bu tür eşya, araç-gereçlerle sınava girmiş adaylar mutlaka Salon Tutanağı'na yazılacak, bu adayların sınavı geçersiz sayılacaktır. Ancak, ÖSYM Başkanlığı tarafından belirlenen Engelli ve Yedek Sınav Evrakı Yönetim Merkezi (YSYM) binalarında sınava girecek olan engelli adayların sınava giriş belgelerinde yazılı olan araç-gereçler, cihazlar vb. yukarıda belirtilen yasakların kapsamı dışında değerlendirilecektir.
- 3. Bu sınav için verilen cevaplama süresi 120 dakikadır (2 saat). Sınav başladıktan sonra ilk 90 ve son 15 dakika içinde adayın sınavdan çıkmasına kesinlikle izin verilmeyecektir. Bu süreler dışında, cevaplamayı sınav bitmeden tamamlarsanız cevap kâğıdınızı ve soru kitapçığınızı salon görevlilerine teslim ederek salonu terk edebilirsiniz. Bildirilen sürelere aykırı davranışlardan adayın kendisi sorumludur.
- 4. Sınav salonundan ayrılan aday, her ne sebeple olursa olsun, tekrar sınav salonuna alınmayacaktır.
- 5. Sınav süresince görevlilerle konuşmak, görevlilere soru sormak yasaktır. Aynı şekilde görevlilerin de adaylarla yakından ve alçak sesle konuşmaları ayrıca adayların birbirinden kalem, silgi vb. şeyleri istemeleri kesinlikle yasaktır.
- 6. Sınav sırasında, görevlilerin her türlü uyarısına uymak zorundasınız. Sınavınızın geçerli sayılması, her şeyden önce, sınav kurallarına uymanıza bağlıdır. Kurallara aykırı davranışta bulunanlar ve yapılacak uyarılara uymayanlar Salon Tutanağı'na yazılacak ve sınavları geçersiz sayılacaktır.
- 7. Sınav sırasında kopya çeken, çekmeye kalkışan, kopya veren, kopya çekilmesine yardım edenler Salon Tutanağı'na yazılacak ve bu adayların sınavları geçersiz sayılacaktır. Adayların test sorularına verdikleri cevapların dağılımları bilgi işlem yöntemleriyle incelenecek, bu incelemelerden elde edilen bulgular bireysel veya toplu olarak kopya çekildiğini gösterirse kopya eylemine katılan adayın/adayların sınavı geçersiz sayılacak ayrıca bu aday/adaylar 2 yıl boyunca ÖSYM tarafından düzenlenen hiçbir sınava başvuru yapamayacak ve sınava giremeyecektir. Sınav görevlileri bir salondaki sınavın, kurallara uygun biçimde yapılmadığını, toplu kopya girişiminde bulunulduğunu raporlarında bildirdiği takdirde, ÖSYM bu salonda sınava giren tüm adayların sınavını geçersiz sayabilir.
- 8. Cevap kâğıdında doldurmanız gereken alanlar bulunmaktadır. Bu alanları doldurunuz. Cevap kâğıdınızı başkaları tarafından görülmeyecek şekilde tutmanız gerekmektedir. Cevap kâğıdına yazılacak her türlü yazıda ve yapılacak bütün işaretlemelerde kurşun kalem kullanılacaktır. Sınav süresi bittiğinde cevapların, cevap kâğıdına işaretlenmiş olması gerekir. Soru kitapçığına işaretlenen cevaplar geçerli değildir.
- 9. Soru kitapçığınızı alır almaz kitapçık kapağında bulunan alanları doldurunuz. Size söylendiği zaman sayfaların eksik olup olmadığını, kitapçıkta basım hatalarının bulunup bulunmadığını ve soru kitapçığının her sayfasında basılı bulunan soru kitapçık numarasının, kitapçığın ön kapağında basılı soru kitapçık numarasıyla aynı olup olmadığını kontrol ediniz. Soru kitapçığınızın sayfası eksik veya basımı hatalıysa değiştirilmesi için salon başkanına başvurunuz. Size verilen soru kitapçığının numarasını cevap kâğıdınızdaki "Soru Kitapçık Numarası" alanına yazınız ve kodlayınız. Cevap kâğıdınızdaki "Soru Kitapçığı üzerinde yer alan Soru Kitapçık Numarasını doğru kodladım." kutucuğunu işaretleyiniz.
- 10. Sınav sonunda soru kitapçıkları toplanacak ve ÖSYM'de incelenecektir. Soru kitapçığınızın sayfalarını koparmayınız. Soru kitapçığının bir sayfası bile eksik çıkarsa sınavınız geçersiz sayılacaktır.
- 11. Cevap kâğıdına ve soru kitapcığına yazılması ve işaretlenmesi gereken bilgilerde bir eksiklik ve/veya yanlışlık olması hâlinde sınavınızın değerlendirilmesi mümkün değildir, bu husustaki özen yükümlülüğü ve sorumluluk size aittir.
- 12. Soruları ve/veya bu sorulara verdiğiniz cevapları ayrı bir kâğıda yazıp bu kâğıdı dışarı çıkarmanız kesinlikle yasaktır.
- 13. Sınav salonundan ayrılmadan önce, soru kitapçığınızı, cevap kâğıdınızı ve sınava giriş belgenizi salon görevlilerine eksiksiz olarak teslim ediniz. Bu konudaki sorumluluk size aittir.
- 14. Sınav süresi salon görevlilerinin "SINAV BAŞLAMIŞTIR" uyarısıyla başlar, "SINAV BİTMİŞTİR" uyarısıyla sona erer.

Bu testlerin her hakkı saklıdır. Hangi amaçla olursa olsun, testlerin tamamının veya bir kısmının Merkezimizin yazılı izni olmadan kopya edilmesi, fotoğrafının çekilmesi, herhangi bir yolla çoğaltılması, yayımlanması ya da kullanılması yasaktır. Bu yasağa uymayanlar gerekli cezai sorumluluğu ve doğacak tüm mali külfeti peşinen kabullenmiş sayılır.

2022 YABANCI DİL TESTİ (YDT)

2022 YKS 3. OTURUM YABANCI DİL TESTİ (YDT)

19-06-2022

