

## SET 1

1. Recent clinical trials indicate that the --- of certain neurodegenerative diseases is significantly influenced by a combination of genetic predisposition and prolonged exposure to environmental toxins found in industrial waste.

- A) alleviation
- B) delay
- C) precaution
- D) rejection
- E) onset

2. In quantum physics, the observer effect refers to the phenomenon that the mere act of measuring a particle's ---- inevitably alters its state, challenging the notion of an objective reality independent of measurement.

- A) obstacles
- B) forecasts
- C) properties
- D) deficits
- E) grievances

3. Biologists warn that if the global temperature continues to rise at the current rate, it will --- the delicate balance of coral reef ecosystems, leading to widespread bleaching and the eventual collapse of marine biodiversity.

- A) reinforce
- B) disrupt
- C) facilitate
- D) stimulate
- E) weather

4. Despite the promising results observed in initial laboratory settings, the new drug's side effects were too --- for it to be approved for human use by the regulatory authorities during the final clinical phase.

- A) adverse
- B) negligible
- C) beneficial
- D) redundant
- E) elusive

5. The spacecraft was designed to withstand extreme atmospheric pressure, yet it failed --- because of a minor structural flaw that had been overlooked during the rigorous pre-launch engineering inspections.

- A) meticulously
- B) inadvertently
- C) ultimately
- D) superficially
- E) mutually

6. Medical researchers are optimistic that the new immunotherapy technique will bring about a breakthrough in cancer treatment by enabling the patient's immune system to identify and --- malignant cells more effectively, thereby reducing the risk of recurrence.

- A) pull through
- B) take after
- C) stamp out
- D) keep off
- E) adhered to

6. v2

Medical researchers are optimistic that the new immunotherapy technique will --- a breakthrough in cancer treatment by enabling the patient's immune system to identify and destroy malignant cells more effectively.

- A) bring about
- B) take after
- C) keep off
- D) give in
- E) pull through

Soru No	Doğru Cevap	Kelime Anlamı	Bağlam Analizi
			olduğu vurgulanıyor.
6	c		sı/gerçekleştirilmesi " (bring about a breakthrough) anlamındadır.

Cevap Anahtarı ve Analizi

Soru No	Doğru Cevap	Kelime Anlamı	Bağlam Analizi
1	E) onset	Başlangıç, ortaya çıkma	Hastalıkların "başlaması/ortaya çıkması" (onset of disease) kalıbı tıpta çok yaygındır.
2	C) phenomenon	Olgu, fenomen	Kuantum fiziğindeki gözlemci etkisi bir "bilimsel olgu" olarak tanımlanır.
3	B) disrupt	Bozmak, aksatmak	Sıcaklık artışının ekosistemin dengesini "bozması" beklenir.
4	a) adverse	Olumsuz, ters	Tıpta "adverse effects" (yan etkiler/ters etkiler) en kritik terimlerden biridir.
5	C) ultimately	Nihayetinde, sonunda	Başta dayanıklı olsa da "en sonunda/sonuç olarak" başarısız

**Set 2 Sosyal Bilimler (Social Sciences) ve Beşeri Bilimler (Humanities) konuları**

1. In the realm of existentialist philosophy, the --- of free will often leads to a sense of profound anxiety, as individuals realize that they are entirely responsible for defining their own essence in a world devoid of inherent meaning.

- A) affirmation
- B) suspension
- C) endurance
- D) fragility
- E) negligence

2. During the Great Depression, the global economy faced a severe --- in consumer spending, which triggered a vicious cycle of deflation, mass unemployment, and the eventual collapse of several major banking institutions.

- A) surplus
- B) expansion
- C) contraction
- D) stability
- E) prosperity

3. Post-modern literature often seeks to --- traditional narrative structures by utilizing fragmented timelines and unreliable narrators, thereby forcing the reader to question the very nature of objective truth and reality.

- A) reinforce
- B) neglect
- C) simplify
- D) subvert
- E) illustrate

4. The documentary was praised for its --- portrayal of the historical conflict, as it managed to remain neutral while giving equal voice to both the marginalized communities and the political elites involved.

- A) biased
- B) ambiguous
- C) disinterested
- D) superficial
- E) eccentric

5. Early silent films relied --- on exaggerated facial expressions and physical gestures to convey complex emotions and plot points, as the technology for synchronizing recorded speech had not yet been perfected.

- A) sparsely
- B) adversely
- C) reluctantly
- D) vaguely
- E) heavily

6. Historians argue that the fall of the empire cannot be attributed to a single event; rather, a series of internal corruptions and external invasions gradually --- its foundations over several decades.

- A) set off
- B) wore down
- C) put out
- D) made up
- E) fed on

💡 YDS Strateji Notu

- **Disinterested vs. Uninterested:** Sınavda en çok düşülen tuzaktır. *Uninterested* "canı sıkılmış/ilgisiz" iken, *Disinterested* "hakem gibi tarafsız" demektir.
- **Subvert:** Sosyal bilimler metinlerinde "yıkamak, altüst etmek" anlamında (subvert the status quo / subvert authority) çok popülerdir.

Cevap Anahtarı ve Kavramsal Analiz

Soru No	Doğru Cevap	Kelime Anlamı	Akademik Bağlam
1	A) affirmation	Onaylama, teyit	Özgür iradenin "onaylanması/varlığının kabulü" bireyi sorumlular.
2	C) contraction	Daralma (Ekonomi)	Ekonomide "daralma" (recession benzeri), harcamaların düşmesidir.
3	D) subvert	(Düzeni/Yapıyı) Yıkamak	Edebiyatta geleneksel yapıları "altüst etmek/yıkamak" anlamında kullanılır.
4	C) disinterested	Tarafsız, nesnel	Dikkat: Bu kelime "ilgisiz" değil, "çıkar gözetmeyen/tarafsız" demektir.
5	E) heavily	Büyük ölçüde, yoğun	Bir şeye "ağırlıklı olarak" dayanmak (rely heavily on) kalıbıdır.
6	B) wore down =chipped away at	Yavaş yavaş yok etmek	Bir yapının temelini "parça parça eksiltmek/aşındır

Soru No	Doğru Cevap	Kelime Anlamı	Akademik Bağlam
			mak" anlamındadır.

Cümlede bir imparatorluğun çöküşünün tek bir olaydan değil, iç yolsuzluklar ve dış istilalarla yavaş yavaş gerçekleştiği söyleniyor. "Foundations" (temeller) kelimesiyle en uyumlu eylemi arıyoruz.

- **A) looked down on:** Küçümsemek, hor görmek. (Bağlam dışı).
- **B) wore down / chipped away at:** Bir şeyi (özellikle bir yapıyı, gücü veya temeli) küçük parçalar kopararak yavaş yavaş aşındırmak veya zayıflatmak. (Doğru Cevap)
- **C) put up with:** Tahammül etmek, katlanmak. (Anlamsız).
- **D) made up for:** Telafi etmek. (Cümlenin gidişatına zıt).
- **E) lived up to:** Beklentileri karşılamak. (Alakasız).

## Set 3

1. The rapid --- of urban areas into surrounding rural ecosystems has prompted environmentalists to advocate for stricter land-use regulations to preserve biodiversity and prevent the irreversible loss of natural habitats and wildlife corridors.

- A) conversion
- B) encroachment
- C) permanency
- D) depletion
- E) refinement

2. Despite the overwhelming evidence supporting the benefits of vaccination, a significant --- exists between scientific consensus and public perception, often fueled by misinformation spread through various social media platforms and unregulated websites.

- A) compliance
- B) incentive
- C) discrepancy
- D) correlation
- E) persistence

3. Recent archaeological findings in Mesopotamia --- long-held theories about early agricultural practices, suggesting that ancient civilizations employed much more sophisticated irrigation techniques than historians had previously assumed based on earlier, less detailed evidence.

- A) undermine
- B) consolidate
- C) overlook
- D) facilitate
- E) justify

4. The researcher's conclusion was criticized for being based on --- evidence, as the sample size was too small to represent the diverse population, rendering the final results statistically insignificant for any large-scale application.

- A) redundant
- B) meticulous
- C) compelling
- D) abrupt
- E) flimsy

5. In the highly competitive global market, corporations must --- adapt to emerging technological trends and shifting consumer preferences to maintain their market share and ensure long-term financial viability against more agile, innovative competitors.

- A) reluctantly
- B) adversely
- C) incessantly
- D) scarcely
- E) vaguely

6. The diplomatic negotiations between the two neighboring countries --- after several weeks of intense discussions, primarily because neither side was willing to make concessions regarding the disputed maritime borders and resource distribution rights.

- A) broke down
- B) embarked on
- C) settled for
- D) called off
- E) backed up

## SET 3 Cevap Anahtarı ve Açıklamalar

Soru No	Doğru Cevap	Kelime Anlamı	Kısa Açıklama
1	B) encroachment	Tecavüz, istila	Şehirlerin kırsal alanlara "müdahalesi/yayılmaması" bağlamına uygun kelime.
2	C) discrepancy	Çelişki, tutarsızlık	Bilimsel fikir birliği ile halkın algısı arasındaki "fark/uçurum" vurgulanıyor.
3	A) undermine	Baltalamak, zayıflatmak	Yeni bulguların eski teorileri "çürütmesi veya sarsması" anlatılıyor.
4	E) flimsy	Dayanaksız, yetersiz	Örneklem az olduğu için kanıtların "zayıf/yetersiz" olduğu belirtiliyor.
5	C) incessantly	Durmaksızın, sürekli	Şirketlerin rekabet için "ara vermeden" adapte olması gerekliliği vurgulanıyor.
6	A) broke down	Bozulmak, başarısız olmak	Müzakerelerin sonuçsuz kalması veya "çökmesi" anlamında kullanılmıştır.