

Present Perfect Tense: Summary, Meaning, and Functions

Form

- **English:** The present perfect tense is formed using the auxiliary verb "**have/has**" + the **past participle** (v3) of the main verb.
- **Türkçe:** Present perfect zamanı, yardımcı fiil "**have/has**" + ana fiilin **üçüncü hali** (past participle) kullanılarak oluşturulur.

Meaning and Functions

1. Unfinished Actions/Time Periods

- **English:** It is used to describe actions or situations that started in the past and continue to the present.
- **Türkçe:** Geçmişte başlamış ve halen devam eden eylemleri veya durumları ifade etmek için kullanılır.
- **Example:** "I **have lived** in this city **for ten years.**" / **since 2014**
- **Örnek:** "Bu şehirde **on yıldır** / **2014'ten beri yaşıyorum** / **yaşamaktayım** / **yaşarım.** / **yaşayagelmekteyim**" 4 ayrı şekilde çevirisi yapılabilir.

My father / He / She / It **has lived** in this city **for ten years.** / **since 2014.**

How long? Ne kadar süredir/zamandır?

For + period/süreç

Since + başlangıç tarihi/noktası

***I moved to İzmir **in 2014.** When? >>in 2014 kesin , net zamanı veriliyor ise past simple tense kullanılır.

2014'te (2014 yılında) İzmir'e taşındım.

2. Life Experiences / yaşam deneyimleri / hava atmak için ☺

- **English:** It is used to talk about experiences someone has had in their lifetime (without specifying when).
- **Türkçe:** Bir kişinin hayatında yaşadığı tecrübeleri anlatmak için kullanılır (ne zaman olduğunu belirtmeden).
- **Example:** "She has visited Paris several times."
- **Örnek:** "O, Paris'i birkaç kez ziyaret etti."

We have bought a summer house. Yazlık ev satın aldık

We have watched that film. Biz o filmi izledik.

****Bu kullanımda çevirisi aynen past simple çevirisinde olduğu gibi –di!li geçmiş zaman şeklinde yapılır. ...yaptım, ettim, izşedim gibi

- **Example:** "I have lived in this city for ten years." / since 2014
- **Örnek:** "Bu şehirde on yıldır / 2014'ten beri yaşıyorum / yaşamaktayım / yaşıyorum. / yaşıyagelmekteyim"

"have/has+ v3" Türkçe'ye 5 ayrı şekilde çevirisi yapılabilir.

She visited Paris last year / in 2023 / two days ago.

O, Paris'i geçen yıl / 2023te/ iki gün önce ziyaret etti."

S + v2 + object + When?

3. Recent Actions with Present Impact

- **English:** It shows actions that occurred in the recent past but have a connection to the present.
- **Türkçe:** Yakın geçmişte gerçekleşmiş ve şu ana etkisi olan eylemleri gösterir.
- **Example:** "He has **just** finished his homework."
- **Örnek:** "O, **az önce** ödevini bitirdi."

I have just eaten a sandwich, so I am not hungry.

Recently, I have been very busy.

I have cut my finger. It is bleeding. Parmağımı kestim, kanıyor.

○

4. Achievements or Changes **Over Time**

- **English:** It is used to describe achievements, changes, or developments **over a period**.
- **Türkçe:** **Zaman içinde** gerçekleşen başarıları, değişiklikleri veya gelişmeleri ifade etmek için kullanılır.
- **Example:** "The company **has grown significantly this year.**"
- **Örnek:** "Şirket **bu yıl önemli ölçüde büyüdü./ büyümektedir**"

This+ week / month / year ifadeleri genellikle "have/has+v3" ile kullanılır

****Now it is 15.00. We saw Mike this morning.** Şimdi saat 15.00. Biz Mike'ı bu sabah gördük.

*Time Expressions Commonly Used in Present Perfect Tense***1. Unspecified Time: belirsiz zaman ifadeleri**

- English: "ever," "never," "before**," "so far," "up to now," "already," "yet."
- Türkçe: "hiç," "asla," "daha önce," "şu ana kadar," "zaten / halihazırda/ çoktan," "henüz."
- Example: "Have you ever been to London?"
- Örnek: "Hiç Londra'ya gittin mi?" Hiç Londra'da bulundun mu?

I have never (=not) been to London yet.: Henüz Londra'da hiç bulunmadım

Not yet: henüz değil

I have never (=not) been to London before. = Daha önce Londra'da hiç bulunmadım

He has never visited London before.

Now, we are reading a book. Şu anda/Şimdi bir kitap okuyoruz.

We have read 50 pages so far / up to now. >> Şimdiye kadar 50 sayfa okuduk.

I have already read Şu Çılgın Türkler by Turgut Özakman. Çoktan okudum

She has already watched the play Hamlet by William Shakespeare. Çoktan izledi.

2. Duration süre>>>> how long? Sorusuna cevap veren ifadeler tüm zamanlarda

kullanılabilir. Ancak past ya da future bir zaman yok ise have/has +v3 tercih edilir

- English: "for+ period,"
- Türkçe: "boyunca,"
- "since+ starting point." >>> --den beri / den itibaren."
- Example: "I have known her since 2015."
- Örnek: "Onu 2015'ten beri tanıyorum. / tanımaktayım / tanırım"

3. Recent Past

- **English:** "just, " "recently,/lately/ of late "
- **Türkçe:** "az önce, " "son zamanlarda."
- **Example:** "They have recently moved to a new house."
- **Örnek:** "Onlar son zamanlarda yeni bir eve taşındılar."

4. Negative/Questions

- **English:** "yet."
- **Türkçe:** "henüz./ daha"
- **Example:** "Have you finished the report yet?"
- **Örnek:** "Raporu henüz bitirdin mi?" (bitirmedin mi?)

Exercises to Test Time Expressions in Present Perfect Tense (A2 Level)*Exercise 1: Fill in the Blanks*

Complete the sentences using the correct time expression: **for, since, just, already, ever** or **yet**.

1. I -- **have lived** -- in this town **for five years**.

A) live B) lived C) am living D) will live **E) have lived**

2. She has __ **already** / **just** ____ finished her homework. She has **not** finished it **yet**

3. They haven't visited us __ yet ____.

4. He **has worked** here __ **since** ____ **2020**.

2020'den beri/ bu yana çalışmaktadır. Çalışıyor. Çalışagelmektedir. Çalışır. çalıştı

= He has worked here **for four years**. 4 yıldır burada çalışıyor.

A) worked **B) has worked** C) is working

5. He ---- here **in 2020**. When? 2020'de.

A) worked B) has worked C) is working

Complete the sentences using the correct time expression: **for, since, just, already, ever** or **yet**.

6. Have you **ever** been to a museum?
7. We have **already/just** eaten dinner, **so** we are not hungry.
8. I haven't seen her **since** last summer. **** T:İ:İ:☺
9. I **saw** her **last summer**. Geçen yaz onu gördüm
10. She has had her cat **for** a long time. Uzun zamandır kedisi var.

Uzun zamandır= **for a long while** **

Exercise 2: Multiple Choice

Choose the correct time expression to complete each sentence.

1. I have _____ been to the zoo (yet / before.)
a) never / not
b) for
c) since
2. Have you done your homework _____?
a) already
b) yet
c) for
3. He has worked in this company _____ 2018.
a) for
b) since
c) just
4. She has _____ come back from her trip.
a) already
b) yet
c) ever
5. We have known each other _____ many years.
a) since
b) for
c) ever

Exercises to Test the Difference Between Simple Past and Present Perfect

Exercise 1: Choose the Correct Tense

Choose the correct form of the verb to complete the sentences: **simple past** or **present perfect**.

1. I ___visited___ (visit) Paris **last summer**.
2. She **_has not finished_** (not finish) her homework yet.
3. They **_moved_** (move) to this neighborhood **in 2015**.
4. We **_have already eaten_** (already eat) lunch, **so we are** not hungry.
5. He **_has seen--** (see) that movie **twice this month**. **Bu ay iki defa izledi.**
6. I **_bought_** (buy) a new phone **yesterday**.
7. Have you **_ever tried_** (ever try) sushi?
8. We **_played_** (play) football in the park **last Saturday**. / **two days ago**

Exercise 2: Fill in the Blanks

Complete the sentences with the correct tense: **simple past** or **present perfect**.

0. She **_has lived_** (live) in New York **for five years**. / **Since 2019**. How long?

1. She **lived** (live) in New York **for five years** (how long?), **but** she **moved** (v2) to Boston **last year**.

2018-2023 New York >>> in 2023 Boston

2. I **_have never seen_** (never see) such a beautiful sunset **before**.
3. They **_started_** (start) their new job **two weeks ago**. **When?**
4. We **have been** (be) friends **since high school**. Biz liseden beri **arkadaşız**. We **are** friends. **arkadaşız**
5. He **_has just arrived_** (just arrive) at the airport.

Exercise 3: Match the Sentences

Match the sentence halves on the left with the correct tense on the right.

A	B
1. I have known her + d / + a	a. since I was a child.
2. She visited Spain + b / + e	b. last summer.
3. Have you ever eaten + c	c. sushi before?
4. We have lived here + d / + a	d. for ten years.
5. They went to the museum + b / + e	e. yesterday afternoon.

Exercise 4: True or False

Read the sentences and decide if they are **True** or **False**. If false, rewrite the sentence correctly.

1. I ~~have~~ **visited** my grandparents **last weekend**. False
2. She **has lived** in this house ~~since~~ **for five years**. False / since 2019
3. They **went** to the cinema **yesterday**. True
4. We have already finished our homework. True
5. He ~~has seen~~ **saw** that movie **last night**.

angora
in English

Reading Text: Present Perfect Tense

Sophie has always loved animals. She has taken care of pets since she was a little girl. Over the years, she has had three cats, two dogs, and a parrot. Sophie has **never been** afraid of big animals, so **she has also volunteered at an animal shelter for the past six months**.

Recently, she has started working with a group that rescues wild animals. Just **last week, Sophie helped save a baby fox**. She **has already shared the story with her friends, and they have decided to join the rescue group too**. Sophie **hasn't visited the shelter this week yet** because she has been busy with her schoolwork. However, she plans to go there this weekend.

Sophie has had many exciting experiences in her life so far, and she is happy to help animals whenever she can. She **has learned so much about taking care of them since she started volunteering**.

True/False Questions

1. Sophie has **never** had three dogs, two cats, and a parrot. **False**
2. She has **volunteered** at an animal **shelter** for the past six months. **TRUE**
3. Sophie has **never been afraid of** big animals. **T**
4. **Last week, she helped save** a baby fox. **T**
5. Sophie **has already visited** the shelter **this week**. **FALSE**
6. Her friends have decided to join the rescue group **after hearing her story**. **True**
7. Sophie **has learned** a lot about animals **only recently**. **True**

Reading Text: Present Perfect Tense

FOR YEARS: YILLARDIR

1. Sophie **has always loved** animals. HOW OFTEN?
2. She **has taken** care of pets **since** she **was** a little girl.
3. **Over the years**, she has had three cats, two dogs, and a parrot.
4. Sophie **has never been** afraid of big animals, so she has **also volunteered** at an animal shelter for the past six months.
5. **Recently**, she **has started** working with a group that rescues wild animals.
6. **Just last week**, Sophie helped save a baby fox.
7. She **has already shared** the story with her friends, and they **have decided** to join the rescue group too.
8. Sophie **hasn't visited** the shelter this week yet because she **has been busy** with her schoolwork.
9. **However**, she **plans to go** there **this weekend**.
10. Sophie has had many exciting experiences in her life **so far**, and she **is happy to help** animals whenever she can.

SIFAT + TO VERB

11. She **has learned** **so much** about taking care of them **since** she **started** volunteering.

ANA CÜMLE S+ HAVE /HAS V3

DEVAMINDA since + S +v2 ile gelebilir

1. Sophie hayvanları **her zaman sevmiştir**.
2. **Küçüklüğünden beri** evcil hayvanlarla ilgilenmiştir. / BAKMIŞTIR.
3. **Yıllar içinde** üç kedisi, iki köpeği ve bir papağanı oldu.
4. Sophie büyük hayvanlardan **hiçbir zaman korkmadı**, bu nedenle on altı aydır bir hayvan barınağında **DA gönüllü olarak çalışıyor**.
5. **Son zamanlarda**, vahşi hayvanları kurtaran bir grupla çalışmaya başladı.
6. Sophie **daha geçen hafta** yavru bir tilkinin kurtarılmasına yardım etti.
7. Bu hikayeyi arkadaşlarıyla **paylaştı** ve onlar da kurtarma grubuna katılmaya karar **verdiler**.
8. Sophie bu hafta henüz barınağı **ziya ret etmedi** çünkü okul ödevleriyle **meşguldü**.
9. **Ancak, bu hafta sonu** oraya gitmeyi **planlıyor**.
10. Sophie **şimdiye kadar** hayatında pek çok heyecan verici deneyim yaşadı ve elinden geldiğince hayvanlara yardım **etmekten mutluluk duyuyor**.
11. Gönüllü **olmaya başladığından beri** onlara bakma konusunda **çok şey öğrendi**.

True/False Questions

Doğru/Yanlış Soruları

1. Sophie has never had three dogs, two cats, and a parrot.
2. She has volunteered at an animal shelter for the past six months.
3. Sophie has never been afraid of big animals.
4. Last week, she helped save a baby fox.
5. Sophie has already visited the shelter this week.
6. Her friends have decided to join the rescue group after hearing her story.
7. Sophie has learned a lot about animals only recently.

- 1.Sophie'nin hiç üç köpeği, iki kedisi ve bir papağanı olmadı.
- 2.Son altı aydır bir hayvan barınağında gönüllü olarak çalışmaktadır.
- 3.Sophie hiçbir zaman büyük hayvanlardan korkmadı.
- 4.Geçen hafta yavru bir tilkinin kurtarılmasına yardım etti.
- 5.Sophie bu hafta barınağı çoktan ziyaret etti.
- 6.Arkaşları onun hikayesini dinledikten sonra kurtarma grubuna katılmaya karar verdiler.
- 7.Sophie son zamanlarda hayvanlar hakkında çok şey öğrendi.