

For these questions, choose the best word or expression to fill the space.

| 1. | Human beings can learn a multifaceted set of grammar rules and lexis simply through engagement, though far from a total comprehension and proficiency which are later on, in a language since birth.   |
|----|--|
|    | A) to be acquiring   |
|    | B) to acquire  |
|    | C) to be acquired  |
|    | D) acquiring   |
|    | E) acquire   |
| 2. | Certain national institutes of health have already announced the first phase of their initiative to scrutinize why some Covid-19 survivors have long-term symptoms, the virus has left the body which will be followed by further attempts to evaluate its prevalence. |
|    | A) as though   |
|    | B) once  |
|    | C) because   |
|    | D) even after  |
|    | E) so that   |
| 3. | the face of an update, which gives users the ability to opt-out of data-tracking and erases their  |
|    | search history, certain advertisers are concerned good reason, fearing their ads, and in turn, their   |
|    | sales and income will be significantly affected.   |
|    | A) On / with   |
|    | B) In / for en lish  |
|    | C) Upon / about  |
|    | D) By / over   |
|    | E) To / at   |





| 4. | Any population growing exponentially will, sooner or later, encounter shortages of resources, is the case in many parts of the world, which should be considered very seriously to avoid further |
|----|--|
|    | damage.  |
|    | A) such  |
|    | B) so  |
|    | C) for   |
|    | D) if  |
|    | E) as  |
|    |  |
| 5. | Bilingual acquisition of languages in different sociocultural contexts, and it entails different language combinations and modalities, be it signed or oral.                                     |
|    | A) occurs  |
|    | B) facilitates   |
|    | C) develops  |
|    | D) defines   |
|    | E) raises  |
|    |  |
| 6. | The members of the new generation, who are considered "Digital Natives," are really very quick to the latest trends and advances in the cyberworld.  |
|    | A) look down on  |
|    | B) live up to  |
|    | C) get on with   |
|    | D) get away with   |
|    | E) pick up on  |
|    |  |





## SET 2

| ı  | For these questions, choose the best word or expression to fill the space.   |
|----|--|
| 1. | The government officials in China are in no position to disregard the social, psychological, and economic implications childbearing patterns carry, their purely demographic impact and statistical value.   |
|    | A) thanks to   |
|    | B) instead of  |
|    | C) but for   |
|    | D) apart from  |
|    | E) despite Charles Cha |
| 2. | The shortness of the summer, the deficiency of drainage and the depth to which the soil freezes in winter are the circumstances that the characteristic feature of the tundra's vegetation.  |
|    | A) expose  |
|    | B) overshadow  |
|    | C) determine   |
|    | D) deteriorate   |
|    | E) attain  |
| 3. | Some flower, spice, wood and root scents may smell almost identical to the layman, though these  |
|    | odours are to an experienced perfumer.   |
|    | A) discernible   |
|    | B) indistinguishable en Ulish  |
|    | C) reasonable  |



D) memorable

E) comfortable



| 4. | The social and educational opportunities once hand for a relatively small number can now encourage consciousness and inventiveness a wider proportion of women.  |
|----|--|
|    | A) at / between  |
|    | B) on / among  |
|    | C) in / into   |
|    | D) by / towards  |
|    | E) of / through  |
| 5. | A small economic unit can be practical, which is something evident considering the fact that small nations can adopt standard treaties, laws, currencies, and international practices of larger countries that spend years in legislation for such amendments. |
|    | A) succinctly  |
|    | B) immensely   |
|    | C) overwhelmingly  |
|    | D) broadly   |
|    | E) readily   |
| 6. | challenging it may be at times, we might need to silly things that happen around us in order not to cause further problems under the circumstances, or rather not to lose our mental and psychological health.   |
|    | A) So / that   |
|    | B) Both / and  |
|    | C) As / as   |
|    | D) Such / that   |
|    | E) Whether / or  |
|    |  |





Set 1 key: 1. C 2. D 3. B 4. E 5. A 6. E

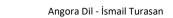
Set 2 key: 1. D 2. C 3. A 4. B 5. E 6. C













| 10. | Being one of the two ways, natural immunity simply means the immunity you get when you are infected by a virus,    |
|-----|--|
|     | say Covid, — assuming you survive and recover — the immunity conferred by vaccination.                             |
|     | A) in terms of   |
|     | B) in place of   |
|     | C) similar to  |
|     | D) regardless of   |
|     | E) as opposed to   |
| 11. | A study examined 780,000 Covid cases - people who had some form of immunity, either recovery or                    |
|     | vaccination or both, when the Delta variant was prominent, and the finding is that vaccinated people were 13 times |
|     | more likely to get infected than people who had been naturally immune a similar amount of time.                    |
|     | A) over / from   |
|     | B) across / to   |
|     | C) to / along  |
|     | D) from / for  |
|     | E) by / through  |
|     |  |
| 12. | Consensus should play no role in science, which is fundamentally about questioning orthodoxy and elite beliefs,    |
|     | basing knowledge instead on evidence that is equally available to all, and at the moment when science becomes      |
|     | consensus, it to be science.   |
|     | A) commits   |
|     | B) ceases  |
|     | C) resorts  D) attenuts  |
|     | D) attepmts en lish  |
|     | E) appeals   |
|     |  |





| 13  | . Early modern science did break with tradition in many respects by rejecting particular scientific claims associated |
|-----|---|
|     | with medieval religion, such as the ancient geocentric model of the cosmos modern science claimed autonomy            |
|     | from medieval religious and philosophical traditions broadly, developing into its own distinctive intellectual        |
|     | tradition.  |
|     | A) just as  |
|     | B) because  |
|     | C) though   |
|     | D) whereas  |
|     | E) given that   |
| 14. | From stem cell research to global warming, human cloning, evolution, and, political debates about science             |
|     | have raged in recent years — and, the disappointment of most observers, have increasingly fallen into the             |
|     | familiar categories of America's culture wars.  |
|     | A) on / with  |
|     | B) onwards / by   |
|     | C) from / for   |
|     | D) towards / from   |
|     | E) beyond / to  |
| 15. | Tomorrow has never looked better breakthroughs in fields like genetic engineering and nanotechnology                  |
|     | promise to give us unprecedented power to redesign our bodies and our world.  |
|     | A) so that  |
|     | B) now that   |
|     | C) when   |
|     | D) unless   |
|     | E) much as  |
| 16. | In reality, the rush toward a posthuman destiny amounts to an ideology of human extinction, an ideology that sees     |
|     | little of value in humanity the raw material for producing whatever might come next.                                  |
|     | A) except   |
|     | B) irrespective of  |
|     | C) including  |
|     | D) on behalf of   |
|     | F) hesides  |







## Cloze test 1

The greatest scientific innovators throughout history were not lone geniuses, radically questioning everything that came before them and building up science anew. The ideas of scientists such as Copernicus, Galileo, Descartes, and Einstein were revolutionary, and faced resistance from defenders of the scientific status quo. (1) ----, these revolutionaries were themselves masters of past traditions, including those they helped to overturn. And many of them understood themselves as building on, (2) ---- rejecting, what came before. Take Einstein, (3) ----, whom popular lore often portrays as the lone genius overthrowing Newtonian physics. He was (4) ---- one of the most creative thinkers in the history of science, and a key figure in the second scientific revolution that began in the nineteenth century. But he saw his own path-breaking work as advancing, (5) ---- overthrowing, classical physics. In order to participate in or contribute to established (6) ---- to criticize or overthrow it — one has to have been trained in the relevant scientific fields. (7) ----, one has to have been brought up in a particular scientific tradition, (8) ---- geocentric or heliocentric astronomy, or classical or relativistic physics.

1.

A) Instead C) Meanwhile B) Otherwise D) Indeed

E) Hence

2.

A) as well as C) in case of

B) despite

D) rather than

E) other than

3.

4.

5.

A) for example

B) in other words D) to wrap up

C) furthermore E) however

A) in contrast

B) in other words

C) in fact E) in return

A) as well as C) in case of

B) despite

D) in short

D) rather than

E) other than

6

A) as well as C) much less

B) despite

D) rather than

E) other than

7.
A) That is to say B) Otherwise

C) Meanwhile

D) Indeed

E) Hence

8.

A) if

B) whether

C) either E) rather D) as







Angora Dil - İsmail Turasan YDS Masters 90+

## 17-21: For these questions, choose the best word or expression to fill the spaces in the passage.

Before the Turks of the Central Asian steppes started migrating towards the West and converted to monotheistic religions, they worshipped Nature. The Sun was the focus of the veneration. (17) ----, they envisioned a sacred tree they named the "Tree-of-Life" arising from the Center of the Earth, whose tip reached all the way up to God Ulgen's palace in the sky. The symbol of this "Tree-of-Life" is one of the key motifs found in all the hand made Turkish cut pile and flat woven (Kilim) rugs. God Ulgen was the protector of mankind and wore a long beard and a cloak. From his palace in the sky, he presided (18) ---- the nights, the days and the sun. December 21, the Winter solstice, (19) --- the lengthening of the days and the shortening of the nights. The Sunrise was considered a new birth. The Turks thanked God Ulgen with a grand celebration called "Nardugan". A pine tree called "Akçam" indigenous to Central Asia, was the center of attraction of the Nardugan festivities. In order for the prayers to reach God Ulgen, this tree was meticulously decorated with ribbons tied on its branches, with each ribbon (20) ---- a wish made for the forthcoming year. (21) ---- the Christmas tree tradition, no pine tree grows in the land where Jesus was born, so it seems, a Turkic ancestral tradition and belief have formed the basis of Christmas and its most famous symbol, the Christmas tree.

17.

A) To this end

B) Accordingly

C) However

E) Similarly

D) For example

18.

A) at C) over B) among D) between

E) across

A) heralds

B) restores D) retainins

C) facilitates

E) hinders

20.

19.

A) represented

B) being represented

C) representing

D) to represent

E) having represented

21.

A) Apart from

B) But for

C) As for

D) Unlike

E) Similar to



