

1. **Doing volunteer job or charity work gives university students valuable experience ---- can help them launch their careers.**
  - A) by which
  - B) that
  - C) who
  - D) whom
  - E) why
  
2. **The word "OK," ---- earliest usage was in 1839, according to the Oxford English Dictionary, generally means things are good or alright.**
  - A) of whom
  - B) where
  - C) whose
  - D) that
  - E) which
  
3. **Aachen, ---- emperor Charlemagne built his palace and cathedral, is thought to be the city ---- he was born in.**
  - A) where / which
  - B) whose / where
  - C) which / at which
  - D) who / when
  - E) that / why
  
4. **Turkish novelists and poets ---- have gained international fame and ---- works have been translated into English include Nazım Hikmet, Sait Faik Abasıyanık, Yaşar Kemal and Bilge Karasu.**
  - A) that / of whom
  - B) whom / where
  - C) which / in which
  - D) why / when
  - E) who / whose
  
5. **Hypothermia is a condition ---- the body temperature falls drastically as a result of exposure to cold.**
  - A) which
  - B) when
  - C) in which
  - D) for which
  - E) whose
  
6. **Countries ---- the word soccer is common include those ----, like the United States, have competing forms of football.**
  - A) why / when
  - B) where / that
  - C) in which / whom
  - D) that / which
  - E) which / whose
  
7. **Some city officials argue that it makes more economic sense to prioritise citizens without children, ---- bring a net economic gain to a city, over families, ---- bring a net loss.**
  - A) that / that
  - B) whom / whose
  - C) whose / why
  - D) who / who
  - E) where / which
  
8. **The home is the primary place ---- family members or flat-mates interact with one another, ---- means its dimensions and layout act as a foundation for how our relationships develop.**
  - A) where / which
  - B) in which / that
  - C) with which / why
  - D) when / who
  - E) that / whose

9. **Koalas are native to Australia, ---- they are sometimes called koala bears, although koalas are not related to bears, ---- are much larger.**
- A) whose / that
  - B) which / who
  - C) where / which
  - D) whom / when
  - E) at which / where
10. **Guam, ---- capital city is Hagåtña, was probably visited in 1521 by the Portuguese navigator Ferdinand Magellan, ----, sailing for Spain, claimed it for that country.**
- A) where / that
  - B) whose / who
  - C) of which / whom
  - D) in which / which
  - E) with whom / when
11. **Cheese is generally high in calories, saturated fat, and sodium, ---- we need to cut back on.**
- A) many of whom
  - B) of whom
  - C) of which
  - D) by which
  - E) all of which
12. **There are multiple reasons ---- you are supposed to restart your phone at least once a week, such as retaining memory, preventing crashes, and prolonging battery life.**
- A) when
  - B) where
  - C) whose
  - D) why
  - E) which
13. **Denisovans and Neanderthals, ---- are extinct human subspecies, bore some similarities ---- can be seen in archaeological finds.**
- A) some of whom / who
  - B) with which / whom
  - C) both of whom / that
  - D) most of whose / which
  - E) of whom / why
14. **In the mid-1920s, Disney was a young animator ---- a series called the Alice Comedies, short films ---- live-action footage with animated images.**
- A) produced / combined
  - B) producing / combining
  - C) to produce / to have combined
  - D) having produced / being combined
  - E) to be produced / to be combining
15. **A popular myth suggests that spicy foods ---- during pregnancy can burn the baby's eyes, ---- in blindness.**
- A) having eaten / to result
  - B) eating / having resulted
  - C) having been eaten / to be resulting
  - D) to be eaten / resulted
  - E) eaten / resulting
16. **When animals produce self-sufficient young, it is for a number of reasons ---- to both biology and behaviour.**
- A) to relate
  - B) relating
  - C) related
  - D) being related
  - E) having been related

17. Sometimes ---- the "Spanish Stonehenge," the Dolmen of Guadalperal is a large circle of about 150 standing stones, some more than 1.8 meters tall, ---- around a central, open oval space.
- A) being called / arranging
  - B) called / arranged
  - C) calling / having arranged
  - D) to call / to be arranged
  - E) to be called / being arranged
18. Societies ---- with the problem of aging are the ones with a large aging population and a low birthrate.
- A) facing
  - B) to face
  - C) faced
  - D) having faced
  - E) to be facing
19. ---- down orally from story-teller to story-teller, folktales don't ever really give the sense to the audience that the story might have been true.
- A) To pass
  - B) To be passed
  - C) To be passing
  - D) Passed
  - E) Having passed
20. Those not ---- in a traffic accident may never understand the feelings of a person ---- from the psychological effects of the crash.
- A) to involve / to be suffering
  - B) being involved / having suffered
  - C) having involved / to suffer
  - D) involving / suffered
  - E) involved / suffering
21. The first ever person in recent history ---- the ocean in a sail raft, Thor Heyerdahl went on to claim that the Pacific Islands might have been settled by people from South America.
- A) to be crossed
  - B) to cross
  - C) crossed
  - D) to have crossed
  - E) having crossed
22. ---- animals from whales to bees, and plants of all shapes and sizes, human development is causing biodiversity loss at a level never ---- before.
- A) Threatening / experienced
  - B) Threatened / having been experienced
  - C) To threaten / experiencing
  - D) Having threatened / to have experienced
  - E) To have threatened / having experienced
23. World War II, also ---- as Second World War, was a conflict that involved virtually every part of the world during the years 1939–45.
- A) knowing
  - B) having known
  - C) known
  - D) to be known
  - E) to know
24. In 1947, humans first surpassed the speed of sound, ---- the way for the commercial Concorde jet and other supersonic aircraft.
- A) to pave
  - B) to be paving
  - C) paving
  - D) paved
  - E) having been paved

25. Most medieval cities were not planned, so they looked very different from modern American cities ---- on rational grids.

- A) built
- B) building
- C) having built
- D) to be built
- E) to have been built

26. ---- by Ptolemy in the city of Alexandria, the Library of Alexandria was a famous ancient library ---- to have the greatest collection of books in the ancient world.

- A) Founded / considered
- B) Founding / to be considered
- C) To be founded / considering
- D) Having been founded / to consider
- E) To found / having considered

27. The best thing ---- during an earthquake is to evacuate the building from the nearest exit.

- A) having done
- B) doing
- C) done
- D) to be doing
- E) to do

28. In 1849, thousands of people, also ---- as Forty-Niners, rushed to California in hopes of finding gold and becoming rich, ---- a nation-wide migration.

- A) having known / started
- B) known / starting
- C) knowing / to start
- D) to be known / having started
- E) having been known / to be starting

29. American Civil War refers to a time in the 1860s during ---- two parts of the country fought each other.

- A) that
- B) when
- C) which
- D) whose
- E) where

30. The world largely depends on fossil fuels, ---- most of our energy is derived.

- A) with whom
- B) for which
- C) into whose
- D) from which
- E) in that

YDS ADJECTIVE CLAUSES TARAMA

ANSWER KEY

1 ) B	2 ) C	3 ) A	4 ) E	5 ) C	6 ) B	7 ) D	8 ) A	9 ) C	1 ) B
1 1 ) E	1 2 ) D	1 3 ) C	1 4 ) B	1 5 ) E	1 6 ) C	1 7 ) B	1 8 ) C	1 9 ) D	2 0 ) E
2 1 ) B	2 2 ) A	2 3 ) C	2 4 ) C	2 5 ) A	2 6 ) A	2 7 ) E	2 8 ) B	2 9 ) C	3 0 ) D