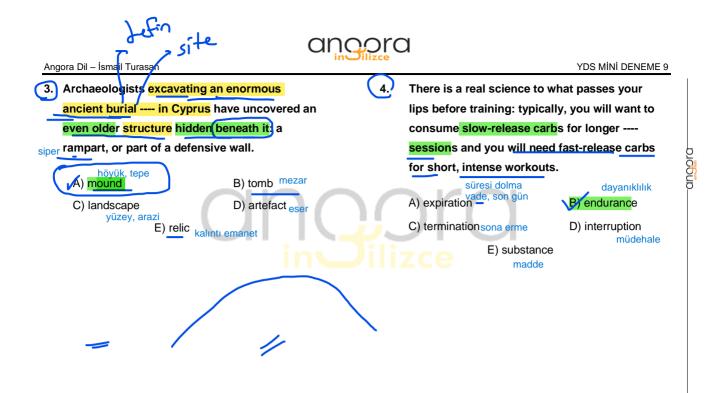


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#### YDS MİNİ DENEME 9

5. When the pyramids in Egypt were completed, 6. Archaeologists currently have more than they were encased ---- or partly in white 25,000 fragments of scrolls, which once ---- a series of 1,000 ancient manuscripts, known as limestone, most of which is lost today. the Dead Sea Scrolls. A) considerably -B) awfullyba etmek/tackle/adress ayrılmak / ara vermek A) broke up B) coped with C) neglectfully\_ D) exceptionally C) relied on bel ba lamak kullanmak D) made up accounted for 🔨 entirely E) went through comprised dayanmak live /experience revise



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#### YDS MINI DENEME 9

1

<ul> <li>7. You that some people consider tomato a fruit, but sometimes tomato as a fruit, and sometimes as a vegetable.</li> <li>A) must have heard / could be categorized</li> <li>B) had to hear / may be categorized</li> <li>C) are supposed to hear / has to be categorized</li> <li>D) might have heard / could have been categorized</li> <li>F) may have heard / can be categorized</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>8. Contrary to current scientific thinking, a new analysis that the acquisition of endothermy seems very quickly in geological terms, in less than a million years</li> <li>A) has demonstrated / to occur oldu u/olmakta oldu u görünüyor</li> <li>B) will demonstrate / to be occurring nowadays</li> <li>C) demonstrates / to have occurred olmu börünüyor</li> <li>D) would demonstrate / having occurred</li> <li>E) demonstrated / occurring</li> <li>ZCCE</li> </ul>
---	--

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 After King Henry VIII's favourite warship, the Mary Rose sank in a 1545 battle against the French, sulphur-producing marine bacteria spent the next few centuries munching on the wood of the submerged wreck, ---- behind residues that could turn to acid when ---- to air and harm the historic shipwreck today

### A) having left / being exposed

### B) leaving / exposed

SVO,

#### C) to leave / exposing

- D) left / having been exposed
- E) being left / having exposed

when Vs / Vip

Off the southern coast of Italy, the largest active volcano in Europe lies hidden ---- the waves, and now scientists are trying to figure ---- what would happen if it erupted.
A) amid / in

YDS MINI DENEME 9

D) below / up

C) as / toward

E) between / for

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به منه منه منه منه منه منه منه منه منه من	a/olmalarma ra men are made up of	Ora Karde	YDS MİNİ DENEME 9
even tinier elementa which come <mark> a va</mark>	are, they are composed ary particles known as quarks, ar <u>iety of</u> "flavours," or types: charm, bottom and top.	12. Foam that some frogs proc could be used in future pha cosmetics it can keep it than a week, isn't likely to can slowly release drugs fo	armaceuticals and ts shape for more irritate our skin and _
A) of / in	B) on / at	A) as though as ifm. gibi	b) though ancak ∕era maa∱
C) at / over E) ar	D) from / of nid / into	C) whenoldu u zaman E) in order th	) because



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#### YDS MİNİ DENEME 9

13.	During the Viking Age, which la A.D. 800 to 1066, Scandinavian foreign lands, created new sett goods <mark>furs</mark> , reindeer antlers	seafarers raided lements and traded	15.	New research suggests that between humans and cass the late Pleistocene era - s humans domesticated of	owaries <mark>dates back to</mark> several thousand years	
	A) such as	B) due to		e kadar / deadline A) until aim/ target	<b>B</b> before	bra
	C) in spite of	D) with respect to		C) though	D) once	angor
14.	E) unlike			E) unless Z 1850 - 84 years before Turkish Republic granted legal right I will go on studying English 1 get 70/ 85 /95 on the test		
	A) such / that	B) either / or			she	
	C) not only / but also	D) so / as		62	T	
	E) less / than					



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### YDS MİNİ DENEME 9

17. 16-20: For these questions, choose the best word or expression to fill the spaces in the passage. A) come upon B) fall apart Acting like giant reservoirs, glaciers lock (16) ---- water that C) get off v prely on falls as snow in high altitudes in wet seasons before ancord draw on releasing it as meltwater in dry seasons. In doing so, glaciers E) work out depend on ensure that the rivers in their basins have a steady supply of rest on water all year round. Humans (17) ---- the water glaciers 18. B) Moreover provide for hydropower, irrigation, livestock, manufacturing A) Thusand transport. The fact that some of the largest glacier-fed D) Meanwhile C However basins flow into some of the fastest-growing nations in the world only adds to their importance. (18) ----, glaciers' finely E) On the contrary balanced equilibrium has been off-kilter for a while. They are disappearing, and the rate at which they are doing so is 10~ increasing in most cases. This will be a big problem for the 19. economies downstream (19) ---- their income on their output. (20) ---- helping protect people who desperately need B) to base A) basing glaciers to survive, understanding how quickly the world is D) based 1 losing its glaciers could also help us create a vulnerability C) base index for them. E) having been based It is easy for kids to learn English 16. B) up A) for 20. A) Despite B) Thanks to C) off D) out D) Until C) Instead of E) on 3. dus 15. 401 ta E) Besides ()()







#### YDS MINI DENEME 9

21-24: For these questions, choose the best option to complete the given sentence.

- 21. Using mice to study smell sounds tempting to scientists ----.
  - tbough the brains of mice bear significant similarities to ours
  - (B) because they have mapped out the brain circuits relevant to those in our brains
    - C) while those focusing on touch also want to make use of mice
    - D) as mice are not happy with the fact that they are used like guinea pigs
    - when there is a shortage of animals such as mice to be used in scientific testing

22. As they were constructed using natural materials,

fre (

- Yemen's history of tower-house has resulted from the need for security against invading forces
- Yemeni high-rise buildings are superbly sustainable and perfectly suited to the hot and dry Arabian desert climate
- C) master builders would start with a stone foundation, some 2m deep, upon which mud
   bricks were laid in a running bond
- b) the historical buildings are also under threat from constant wind erosion, war and the economic struggles
- E) Yemen is scattered with soaring constructions, from those in smaller villages to bigger towns

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- D) unless they come up with a new plan to protect the world's species
  - E) only when it is maintained as part of a global cooperative effort

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majority

countries

D) For all the popularity of some foods such as

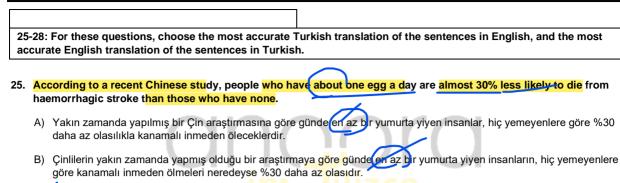
chocolate and spices in many parts of the world

E) Although popular foods such as coffee and spices are available to many people in developing

Despite

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YDS MİNİ DENEME 9



Yakın zamanda yapılmış bir Çin araştırmasına göre günde vaklaşık bir yumurta yiyen insanların, hiç yemeyenlere göre kanamalı inmeden ölmeleri neredeyse %30 daha az olasıdır.

- D) Yakın zamanda yapılmış bir Çin araştırmasının sonuçlarına bakılaçak olursa günde bir yumurta yiyen insanların, hiç yemeyenlere göre kanamalı inmeden ölmeleri %30 oranında daha olasıdır.
- E) Çinlilerin yakın zamanda yapmış olduğu bir araştırma, günde bir yumurta yiyen insanların hiç yemeyenlere göre kanamalı inmeden ölmeleri neredeyse %30 daha az olası olduğunu iddia etmektedir.







YDS MİNİ DENEME 9

- Angora Dil İsmail Turasan
- 26.) As our civilization progresses, technological advances allow humans and machines to achieve more than their predecessors, but improvements in sophistication are usually made at the expense of durability.
  - Medeniyeti<mark>miz ilerledikç</mark>e teknolojik gelişmeler insanlar ve makinelerin önceki kuşaklardan daha fazlasını başarmasına izin veriyor ancak çok yönlülük konusundaki ilerlemeler genellikle dayanıklılık pahasına yapılıyor.
  - B) Teknolojik gelişmelerin medeniyetimiz ilerledikçe önceki kuşaklardan daha fazlasını başarmamizu sağlaması, çok yönlülük konusundaki ilerlemelerin dayanıklılık pahasına yapıldığı gerçeğini değiştirmiyor.
  - C) Medeniyetimiz ilerledikçe teknolojik gelişmeler sayesinde makinelerle birlikte önceki kuşaklardan daha fazlasmı başarıyor olabiliriz ancak çok yönlülük konusundaki ilerlemeler genellikle dayanıklılık pahasına yapılıyor.
  - D) Medeniyetimiz ilerledikçe teknolojik gelişmelerin insanlar ve makinelerin önceki kuşaklardan daha fazlasını başarmasına izin vermesine rağmen çok yönlülük konusundaki ilerlemeler genellikle dayanıklılık pahasına yapılmakta.
  - E) Teknolojik gelişmelerin insanlar ve makinelerin önceki kuşaklardan daha fazlasını başarmasına izin vermesinin sebebi ilerleyen medeniyetimiz ama çok yönlülük konusundaki ilerleme kaydedildikçe genellikle dayanıklılık arka planda kalıyor.







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YDS MİNİ DENEME 9

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- 27. Meyve ve sebzeler) glokom hastalığında gözdeki optik sinir ve diğer dokulara hasarla bağlantılı olan oksidatif strese karşı gözleri koruyabilen A ve C vitaminlerinin güzel bir kaynağıdır.
  - A) Vitamins A and C from fruits and veggies can protect the eyes against oxidative stress associated with damage to the optic nerve and other tissues of the eye in glaucoma.
  - B) Fruits and veggies provide lots of vitamins A and C, which can protect the eyes against oxidative stress associated with damage to the optic nerve and other tissues of the eye in glaucoma.
  - C) Vitamins A and C, which can protect the eyes against oxidative stress associated with damage to the optic nerve and other tissues of the eye in glaucoma, can be found in fruits and veggies.
  - D) Oxidative stress associated with damage to the optic nerve and other tissues of the eye in glaucoma can be prevented by vitamins A and C, which are found in fruit and veggies.

Fuits and veggies are good sources of vitamins A and C, which can protect the eyes against oxidative stress associated with damage to the optic nerve and other tissues of the eye in glaucoma.





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- 28. Bilim insanları, kanser hücrelerinin kurt gibi aç olduğunu ve büyüdükçe bir sürü glikoz tükettiğini uzun süredir bilmekteydi ama asıl soru, onları glikozsuz bırakmanın vücudun geri kalanına zarar vermeden bu büyümeyi yavaşlatıp yavaşlatmayacağıdır.
  - A) It has long been known by scientists that cancer cells are ravenous, consuming loads of glucose as they grow, but the question is whether starving them of glucose would slow this growth without harming the rest of the body.
  - B) What scientists have long known is that cancer cells are ravenous, consuming loads of glucose as they grow, but the question is whether starving them of glucose would slow this growth without harming the rest of the body.
  - C) The question of whether starving cancer cells of glucose would slow their growth without harming the rest of the body has long puzzled scientists who discovered that cancer cells are ravenous, consuming loads of glucose as they grow.
  - Scientists have long known that cancer cells are ravenous, consuming loads of glucose as they grow but the question is whether starving them of glucose would slow this growth without harming the rest of the body.
  - E) The fact that cancer cells are ravenous, consuming loads of glucose as they grow has been known, but the question is whether starving them of glucose would slow this growth without harming the rest of the body.





YDS MİNİ DENEME 9

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### 29-32: Answer these questions according to the passage below.

The Western was for several decades the film genre that defined masculinity. It was where the silhouettes of John Wayne and Clint Eastwood became inscribed in cultural history, framed by legendary directors like John Ford and Sergio Leone. In reality, cowboys were overworked, underfed and underpaid, but in cinema they could be tough, independent wanderers who chose the freedom of the wilderness over the confines of domesticity. And though the Western itself has been declared dead many times over, it always picks itself up off the dusty ground, ready for one more showdown. Even now, perhaps only the superhero could threaten the cowboy as film's ultimate symbol of all-American manhood. But what happens when a woman steps behind the camera? From Kelly Reichardt's Meek's Cutoff and First Cow, to Chloé Zhao's The Rider and now Jane Campion's awardstipped The Power of the Dog, women directors in the 21st Century are using the Western to undo traditional representations of gender. As Helen O'Hara, author of Women vs Hollywood, tells BBC Culture: "These femalemade Westerns are really tackling toxic masculinity and the ways in which men's attempts to prove themselves as men can backfire, rather than glorifying the myth of the cowboy as the older, traditional Western did."

- 29. One can understand from the passage that cowboys in real life ----.
  - A) aspired to become figures of masculinity like John Wayne or Clint Eastwood
  - had nothing to do with the independence that the ones in Western films enjoyed
  - C) were the ones legendary directors were resorted to as their sole source of inspiration
  - D) had to pretend to be strong to hide the hardships they had in their jobs, such as overwork
  - E) lost their traditional roles with the advent of Western films directed by women

have a lot / something /little /nothing to do with be related with

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The Western was for several decades the film genre that	30. It is pointed out in the passage that the Western
defined masculinity. It was where the silhouettes of John	<b>~</b>
Wayne and Clint Eastwood became inscribed in cultural	
history, framed by legendary directors like John Ford and	A) may eventually come to a point where it can beat the superhero films
Sergio Leone. In reality, cowboys were overworked, underfed	
and underpaid, but in cinema they could be tough, independent wanderers who chose the freedom of the	<li>B) was first created to toster all-American manhood</li>
wilderness over the confines of domesticity. And though the	
Western itself has been declared dead many times over, it	C) doesn't change its stance even when women directors are behind the camera
always picks itself up off the dusty ground, ready for one more	
showdown. Even now, perhaps only the superhero could	had its ups and downs but always found a way to
threaten the cowboy as film's ultimate symbol of all-American	come back
manhood. But what happens when a woman steps behind the	E) has been frowned upon by the enthusiasts of
camera? From Kelly Reichardt's Meek's Cutoff and First Cow,	superhero mins
to Chloé Zhao's The Rider and now Jane Campion's awards-	
tipped The Power of the Dog, women directors in the 21st	
Century are using the Western to undo traditional	
representations of gender. As Helen O'Hara, author of	
Women vs Hollywood, tells BBC Culture: "These female-	۸`
made Westerns are really tackling toxic masculinity and the	1
ways in which men's attempts to prove themselves as men	
can backfire, rather than glorifying the myth of the cowboy as	
the older, traditional Western did."	

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The Western was for several decades the film genre that defined masculinity. It was where the silhouettes of John Wayne and Clint Eastwood became inscribed in cultural history, framed by legendary directors like John Ford and Sergio Leone. In reality, cowboys were overworked, underfed and underpaid, but in cinema they could be tough, independent wanderers who chose the freedom of the wilderness over the confines of domesticity. And though the Western itself has been declared dead many times over, it always picks itself up off the dusty ground, ready for one more showdown. Even now, perhaps only the superhero could threaten the cowboy as film's ultimate symbol of all-American manhood. But what happens when a woman steps behind the camera? From Kelly Reichardt's Meek's Cutoff and First Cow, to Chloé Zhao's The Rider and now Jane Campion's awardstipped The Power of the Dog, women directors in the 21st Century are using the Western to undo traditional representations of gender. As Helen O'Hara, author of Women vs Hollywood, tells BBC Culture: "These femalemade Westerns are really tackling toxic masculinity and the ways in which men's attempts to prove themselves as men can backfire, rather than glorifying the myth of the cowboy as the older, traditional Western did."

- 31. Which of the following is true about female-made Westerns?
  - A) They gloaffy the myth of the all-American masculine cowboy.
  - B) They try to come to terms with the toxic masculinity in their plots.
  - They aim to reverse traditional representations of gender in traditional Western.
  - D) They present the cowboy as overworked, underfed, and underpaid.
  - E) They will find a way to be more popular than superhero films.

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#### YDS MİNİ DENEME 9

Angora Dil – İsmail Turasan

the older, traditional Western did."

The Western was for several decades the film genre that defined masculinity. It was where the silhouettes of John Wayne and Clint Eastwood became inscribed in cultural history, framed by legendary directors like John Ford and Sergio Leone. In reality cowboys were overworked, underfed and underpaid, but in cinema they could be tough, independent wanderers who chose the freedom of the wilderness over the confines of domesticity. And though the Western itself has been declared dead many times over, it always picks itself up off the dusty ground, ready for one more showdown. Even now, perhaps only the superhero could threaten the cowboy as film's ultimate symbol of all-American manhood. But what happens when a woman steps behind the camera? From Kelly Reichardt's Meek's Cutoff and First Cow, to Chloé Zhao's The Rider and now Jane Campion's awardstipped The Power of the Dog, women directors in the 21st Century are using the Western to undo traditional representations of gender. As Helen O'Hara, author of Women vs Hollywood, tells BBC Culture: "These femalemade Westerns are really tackling toxic masculinity and the ways in which men's attempts to prove themselves as men can backfire, rather than glorifying the myth of the cowboy as

- 32. What does the passage mainly focus on?
  - A) The real suffering behind the scenes
  - B) How the cowboy has remained popular
  - C) Why figures like John Wayne are still popular
  - D) Whether the traditional Western is superior
    - The transformation the Western undergoes



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bodies embalmed.

33-34: For these questions, choose the best option to complete the dialogue.

33. 50	Dave:
	<ul> <li>Can you believe that people in Europe consumed Mumia, the product created from mummified bodies, for centuries?</li> <li>Meryl:</li> <li>Yuck Why would they do that?</li> <li>Dave:</li> </ul>
(	 Meryl:
9	<ul> <li>I can see where they are coming from, but this might even have changed the chemistry of human brain!</li> <li>Dave:</li> </ul>
	- You're right. I haven't thought about it that way.
	A) By the 19th century, Victorians were hosting "unwrapping parties" where Egyptian corpses would be unwrapped for entertainment.
L	B) In a world without antibiotics, apothecaries were using ground up mummies for their 'medicinal properties'
	C) As you can guess, no serious archaeologist would unwrap a mummy and no physician suggest eating one.
	D) As much as I try to sympathise with them, I can never understand grounding an Egyptian mummy for medicine.
	E) If Egyptian pharaohs had known their mummified bodies would be corrupted this way, they would never have let their

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#### 34.

Rick:

- This might sound funny to you but when I look at the camp fire now I wonder why the wood logs are on fire, but the metal pot isn't?

D	oto	r-
	ere	

<ul> <li></li> <li>Rick:</li> <li>Thank you for not making fun of me, so w need to read more to find answers to simi</li> </ul>	rood doesn't need as much energy as metal does to catch fire. I guess I
Peter:	m Jilizce
- There are also good educational videos	<del>n the</del> Internet if you are not into reading science.
A) That's an easy one: most metals are not cap	pable of catching fire, while woods will catch fire no matter how wet they are.
<li>B) That is really a silly question: even a pupil wi</li>	ill know woods are easier to catch fire than metals.

- C) That is a good question, indeed. But I would be lying if I said I know the answer. My best guess is that fire needs oxygen to exist.
- D) When an object made of wood catches fire, the cellulose that makes up the wood is converted to carbon dioxide and water vapor.
- Ex It is not funny at all. As far as I know, it comes down to their chemical bonds and the energy it would take to change or it is related to it has to do with take = require

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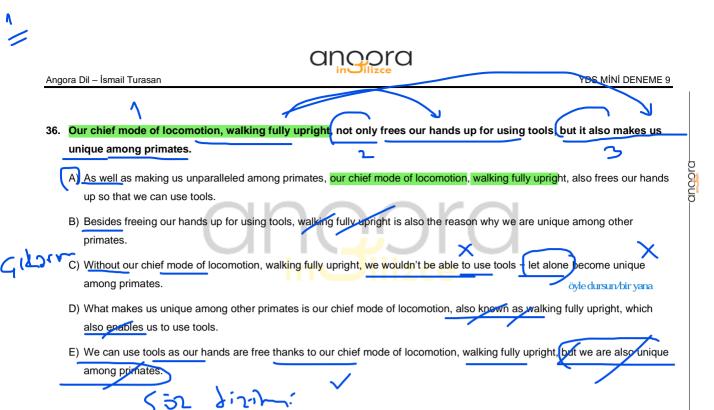
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35-36: For these questions, choose the best rephrased form of the given sentence

- 35. Since the range of tigers in Asia is a tiny fragment of what it once was all remaining tiger populations are threatened with extinction.
  - A) If the range of tigers weren't a tiny fragment of what it once was, the remaining tiger populations elsewhere in the world wouldn't be threatened with extinction.
  - B) The habitat of Asian tigers has shrunk so much that it is only a small part of its original size so all remaining tiger populations are under the threat of extinction.
    - C) All remaining tiger populations are under the threat of extinction because of human activities that have downsized the range of tigers in Asia.
    - D) Due to an extreme amount of shrinkage in the range of Asian tigers in recent years, all remaining tiger populations are under the threat of extinction.
  - E) The range of tigers in Asia used to be ten times as big as what it is now, so it is to surprise that all remaining tiger populations are under the threat of extinction.

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37-38: For these questions, choose the best option to complete the missing part of the passage.

- 37. The Food and Drug Administration took a great number of enforcement actions against counterfeit medication rings in the US from 2016 through 2021, according to a new study published in the journal Annals of Pharmacotherapy. ---- These counterfeiting operations involved tens of millions of pills, more than 1,000 kilograms of active ingredient powder that could be turned into pills in the U.S. and hundreds of millions of dollars in sales. Unfortunately, with over 11,000 rogue pharmacy sites selling drugs on the internet, these actions barely scratch the surface.
  - A) Many of the counterfeit drugs were for controlled substances like opioids.
  - B) Such actions might involve arrests, confiscation of products or counterfeit rings being dissolved.
  - C) WHO states that 11% of medications sold in developing countries are counterfeit.
  - D) The FDA offers some guidance to help consumers determine whether an online product is legitimate.
  - E) Opioids and stimulants are highly addictive and dangerous when taken inappropriately.





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- 38. When people living in poverty in countries like Malawi, Indonesia and Ecuador receive cash payments without having to do anything in return, they have better health, according to a scientific review of a large body of research. The systematic review and meta-analysis also determined that unconditional cash payments in low- and middle-income countries reduce poverty., They also lead to greater food security, improved nutrition and more consistent school attendance. ---- In addition, there is some evidence that people who got cash payments spent more money on health care.
  - A) The studies researchers examined involved 24 different cash payment programs in 13 countries that were run either by governments, non-profits or researchers.
  - B) The value of the money given to people in need varied widely, equalling anywhere from 1.3% to 81.9% of gross domestic product per capita.

Individuals who received this money were less likely to have been sick in the previous two weeks to three months compared to individuals who did not receive this money.

- D) Governments, non-profits and researchers around the world are increasingly experimenting with a simple approach to reduce poverty: giving people money to spend on whatever they need.
- E) Many of these cash-transfer pilots and experiments often called basic income programs have required people to do something to receive the money.



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39-40: For these questions, choose the irrelevant sentence in the passage.

39. (I) The common bed bug, Cimex lectularius, has been a parasite of humans for thousands of years. (II) Historically these tiny bloodsuckers vere common in human dwellings worldwide, giving the old saying "sleep tight, don't let the bed bugs bite" real meaning. (III) They had nearly disappeared in developing countries until the mid-1990s, when they began making a comeback because of restriction or loss of certain pesticides, changes in pest control practices and increased international travel. (IV) No one likes dealing with bed bugs – and there are ways to minimize your chances of needing to. (V) In many areas around the world, they are now a major urban pest.



- 40. (I) The American middle child can be deemed an endangered species, like the white rhinoceros in Africa. (II) This is because people born in 1980s and 1990s are waiting longer to get married and have children. (III) As a result, today, nearly two-thirds of women with children have only one or two. (IV)Middle children, the most populous birth-order demographic throughout most of history, will soon be the tiniest. (V) The list of famous middle children includes figures as diverse as Warren Buffett and Jennifer Lopez.
  - A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

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