

# 1. (Verb Collocation)

The human brain's remarkable ability to new memories is essential for learning and adaptation, as it allow	vs
us to store information and recall it when needed.	

- A) abolish
- B) fabricate
- C) discard
- D) extinguish
- E) retrieve

## 2. (Adverb)

Due to the scarcity of fresh water, many arid regions have turned to desalination technologies, which are ---being developed to be more energy-efficient and affordable.

- A) controversially
- B) vehemently
- C) relentlessly
- D) scarcely
- E) sporadically





3.

The Roman Empire's decline was not caused by a single factor, but rather a complex interplay of economic instability, political ---- and military overstretch.

- A) opposition
- B) strength
- C) turmoil
- D) relief
- E) power

#### 4. (Gerund/Participle)

- ---- for its vibrant culture and historical significance, Istanbul serves as a crucial hub ---- Europe and Asia, attracting millions of tourists each year.
- A) Praised / connecting
- B) Having praised / to connect
- C) Being praised / connect
- D) To be praised / to be connected
- E) To praise / connected



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The surprising discovery of a new species of deep-sea fish in an area previously thought to be of life has
forced scientists to reconsider their assumptions about marine ecosystems.

- A) devoid
- B) rumored
- C) extinct
- D) aware
- E) critical

## 6. (Verb)

Historians have long struggled to ---- a definitive timeline for the construction of Stonehenge, as the absence of written records makes accurate dating particularly challenging.

- A) allocate
- B) establish
- C) abolish
- D) impede
- E) relinquish





## 7. (Prepositions)

The shift ---- remote work, initially a temporary measure during the pandemic, has now been adopted by many corporations ---- a permanent policy.

- A) for / with
- B) towards / as
- C) in / through
- D) from / on
- E) to / for

## 8. (Conjunction/Connective)

Archaeologists have unearthed a vast network of ancient tunnels ---- the city, which they believe may have been used ---- religious ceremonies or as escape routes.

- A) for / with
- B) under / by
- C) in / through
- D) beneath / for
- E) below / as



#### 9. (Adjective)

The debate over the morality of human cloning remains among bioethicists and the general public, with
strong arguments presented on both sides of the issue.

- A) unanimous
- B) impartial
- C) conclusive
- D) divisive
- E) redundant

## 10. (Phrasal Verb)

When the large asteroid approached Earth, scientists had to ---- an emergency plan to track its trajectory and determine if it posed a collision risk.

- A) abide by
- B) come up with
- C) go along with
- D) make up for
- E) stand up to





#### 11. (Noun)

The sudden ---- of the Roman Empire, despite its immense power and influence, remains a subject of intense historical debate, with various theories proposed to explain its collapse.

- A) establishment
- B) continuity
- C) collapse
- D) resurgence
- E) expansion

#### 12. (Adverb)

The new research ---- contradicts earlier findings, suggesting that the previously accepted model of planetary formation may be fundamentally flawed.

- A) explicitly
- B) vaguely
- C) cautiously
- D) sparingly
- E) abruptly





#### 13. (Prepositions)

The shift ---- renewable energy sources is driven ---- a global consensus that has recognised the urgent need to address climate change.

- A) on / for
- B) into / with
- C) to / by
- D) within / from
- E) towards / of

## 14. (Verb)

In order to ---- the full impact of the newly introduced policies, the government will need to collect and analyze data for several years.

- A) assume
- B) restrain
- C) assess
- D) disperse
- E) initiate



# 15. (Conjunction/Connective)

The project was initially seen as an ambitious but achievable goal, a series of unforeseen technical and
financial problems caused it to be delayed indefinitely.

- A) unless
- B) whereas
- C) given that
- D) in that
- E) so that

## 16. (Adjective)

The ancient ruins are surprisingly well-preserved, a testament to the ---- nature of the masonry and the dry climate that protected the structures for centuries.

- A) precarious
- B) fragile
- C) transient
- D) durable
- E) susceptible

