

GELECEK ZAMAN FUTURE SIMPLE

(will /won't / be going to + verb)

Zaman ifadeleri: tomorrow, next week/year,

in the future, soon*,

in 2050

in days / years to come

in coming days / years - in the upcoming days/ years

by 2100



Gelecekte yapılacak eylemler için kullanılır.

- A. They will not go to the cinema this weekend.
- B. We won't play football tomorrow.
- C. My friend will not come to our party next Monday.

2) Niyet/isteklilik anlatmak

A. Mark: These bags are so heavy!

Bob: I'll help you.

B. Child: I'm really hungry.

Parent: I'll make a sandwich.

3) Söz vermek

- A. We will call you as soon as we arrive at our destination.
- B. Thanks a lot for your financial support. I will pay it back next week. I promise!
- C. Protagonist: I will always love you.

4) Kesin plan

- A. I am fed up with taking the bus or subway to work. I am going to buy a car as soon as I can.
- B. We bought some paint this morning. We are going to paint our house soon.

5) Tahmin

- The weather reports say it will be sunny tomorrow.
- B. Look at those black clouds. It's going to rain.

IMMEDIATE FUTURE YAKIN GELECEK

"be about_to," "be on the verge/brink/ edge of", "... olmak üzere / eşiğinde olan" şeyleri anlatırken kullanılır.

a. Hurry up! The train is about to leave the station! tren kalkmak 1. üzere / 2. üzeredir 3 hoth

1

se about to

b.The child is very nervous and he is on the brink of tears. Poor thing.

c. The meeting is about to start we should check the sound system before it starts.

Future Continuous

(will be Ving) ..yapıyor olacak

Verilen bir gelecek zaman diliminde devam eden eylemi anlatmak için kullanılır. "This time + tomorrow / YAKINDA, kisa süre sopfa/içinge next week" gibi ifadelerle ya da "while" ile kurulan zaman cümleciklerinde kullanılır.

- While most people are having a holiday next month, I will be studying for my exams. However, it is worth it.
- b. This time tomorrow, I will be attending a meeting, so I can't go out with you.

Future Perfect Tense

(will have V3) ...yapmış olacak

Gelecekte belli bir zamandan önce bitmiş olacak eylemleri anlatmak için kullanılır. Sıklıkla "by + zaman ifadesi" ve "in .. years' / months' time," ile ya da "by the time" ile kurulan zaman cümleciklerinde kullanılır.

Örnekler:

- a. The research team will have finished the project by the end of this month./ by 2030.
- By the time we arrive at the cinema, the film will have already started.
- When we reach the hotel, we will have driven
- In two years' time, we will have settled in the country. köy/kirsal alan

Future Perfect Continuous Tense

(will have been Ving) yapıyor olmuş olacak

1.By the time we get there, we will have been driving

2.By the time we get there, we will have driven for two hours.

ikisi de doğrudur.

HOW LONG? sorusuna cevap verdiği continuous tense kullanımı tercih edilir.

sours



GELECEK ZAMANDA OLAYLARI SIRAYA SOKMAK

"Before, After, When" ile Zaman Cümlecikleri

Zaman cümleciklerinde, ifade edilen zaman kavramı gelecek zaman olsa dahi, Future Time asla kullanılmaz.

*Gelecek Zaman bildiren Tenseler Ana Cümlede kullanılır

When .

While

After
As soon as

Once

The minute
The moment

Before
By the time
Until
Till

- DOĞRU: Before Mary goes to school tomorrow, she will eat breakfast.
- 2. YANLIŞ: Before Mary will be to school tomorrow, she will eat breakfast.
- DOĞRU: Alberto will go abroad when he graduates in 2030.
- YANLIŞ: Alberto will go abroad when he will graduate in 2030.

Future Tenses Alıştırma 1

Aşağıda sol tarafta <mark>ya</mark>rısı verilmiş cümleleri sağ taraftaki uygun olanlarla eşleştiriniz.

Choose the best.





- 1. As soon as the teacher makes the enough money.
- 2. They will have better working conditions
- answering the questions.
- 3. They will buy a house ----
- c. after the new manager starts her job.

b. the students will start to answer

- 4. Jack and Jessica will travel around the world
- d. before they have a baby.
- 5. She will have a holiday ----
- e. when the final exams finish.





ALIŞTIRMA 2

Doğru seçeneği işaretleyiniz.

- 1. When I ---- at the hotel tonight, I ---- a shower.
 - A) arrive / will have
 - B) will arrive / have
- 2. As soon as I ---- my driving license, I ---- a car.
- A) will get / buy

some v

B) get / will buy

about 3. By the time we ---- at the border, we ---- for approximate almost 15 hours.

- Arrive / will have driven
- B) will have arrived / drive
- 4. They can't come to our wedding; they ---- an international conference abroad.
 - A) attended
 - B) are going to attend
 - (5) As of next week, he ---- going to the gym.
 - A) has started
 - B) will start
 - 6. I don't think he ---- the job he has applied for.
 - (A) will get
 - B) will have got
- by 2030/ by the tout
- 7 While you are attending the summer school here in Ankara, I ---- on the beaches in Antalya.
 - A) was sunbathing
 - will be sunbathing

go/travel/fly will go / are going to go

- 8 Tomorrow evening, they ---- to Bodrum; their plane ---- off at 20:00.
 - A) are going / takes
 - B) will be going / took
 - . This time tomorrow, I ---- on the beach.
 - A) amilying
 - B) will be lying
- 10. Before the situation ---- worse, we ---- up with a good solution.
 - A) will get / come

come up with: find

- B) gets / will come
 When
- 11. After he ---- from the university, he ---- abroad for his master's degree.
 - A) graduates / will go
 - B) is going to graduate / will go
- 12. As soon as our father ---- better, we ---- our own company,
 - A) is getting / will have started
 - B) gets / will start
- 13. They ---- the necessary changes as soon as they ---- the documents back.
 - A) are going to make / get
 - B) will be making / are getting

ZAMAN UYUMU ALIŞTIRMA 2

1. When I go home, ----.

- A) I take a shower
- B) I am taking a shower
- C) I have taken a shower
- D) I took a shower
- E) I had taken a shower

2. When I go home tonight, ---.

- A) I send you an email
- B) I sent you an email
- C) I am going to send you an email
- D) I had sent you an email
- E) I have sent you an email

3. Before I sleep, ----.

- A) I brush my teeth
- B) I brushed my teeth
- C) I was brushing my teeth
- D) I have brushed my teeth
- E) I had brushed my teeth

4. While we are learning English, ----.

- A) they had learnt French
- B) they learnt French
- C) they have learnt French
- D) they are learning French
- E) they were learning French

5. While we were learning English, ----.

- A) they will have learnt French
- B) they learn French
- C) they have learnt French
- D) they are learning French
- E) they were learning French

6. Before I slept, ----.

- A) I brush my teeth
- B) I will have brushed my teeth
- C) I am brushing my teeth
- D) I have brushed my teeth
- E) I had brushed my teeth





Alıştırma 3. Doğru seçeneği işaretleyiniz.

- 1. When I arrived home, I ---- that I ---- my house keys in the office.
 - A) will realise / forgot
 - B) realised / will forget
 - C) realised / had forgotten
 - D) hasn't realised / had forgotten
- 2. The postman ---- just as I ---- the house.
 - A) comes / will leave
- B) came / was leaving
- C) had come / leave
- D) has come / had left
- 3. She ---- everything by the time her children ---back home from school.
 - A) cooks / came
- B) am cooking / had
- come
- C) cook / will come
- D) had cooked / came
- 4. When I ---- him, it ---- me happy.
 - A) met / will make
- B) meet / makes
- C) have met / had made D) will meet / makes
- 5. Their little boy ---- when they ---- his room.
 - A) was sleeping / entered
 - B) sleeps / was entering
 - C) has slept / will enter
- 6. While she was going to school, she saw an accident. A car ---- into a tree.
 - A) crashes
- B) had crashed
- C) will crash
- D) is crashing
- 7. While the children ----, the man left home to catch his train.
 - A) sleep
- B) are sleeping
- C) will sleep
- D) were sleeping
- 8. When she was a child, she ---- in a small village.
 - A) have lived
- B) am living
- C) lived
- D) live
- 9. The parcel arrived just as we ---- the office.
 - A) leave
- B) were leaving
- C) are leaving
- D) will leave

Alıştırma 4. Boşluğu doğru bir şekilde tamamlayan seçeneği işaretleyiniz.

- 1. The last time I ---- my grandfather, I ---- just three years old.
 - A) have seen / have been
 - B) saw / was
 - C) had seen / was
- 2. When the war ---- out, he ---- there for 6 months.
 - A) broke / had been studying
 - B) breaks / has studied
 - C) broke / studied
- 3. The boy sitting next to me on the plane ---nervous because he ---- before.
 - A) had been / didn't fly
 - B) was / hadn't flown
 - C) has been / didn't fly
- 4. Bill ---- Jane to marry him as soon as he ---- a job.
 - A) had asked / found
 - B) asked / found
 - C) has asked / finds
- 5. Some tourists ---- the same resort many times as the place ---- magnificent views all year long.
 - A) have visited / has
 - B) visit / has had
 - C) had visited / had
- 6. His father ---- as a mechanic for a garage for 10 years, and then he ---- his own place in 2005.
 - A) had worked / had opened
 - B) worked / has opened
 - C) worked / opened