

Match the words with their synonyms.

1. chomp (v.)

- A) release B) chew
C) drop D) loose

2. besides (adv.)

- A) although B) even if
C) in addition D) nonetheless

3. emit (v.)

- A) discharge B) withhold
C) affirm D) conceal

4. obligate (v.)

- A) liberate B) release
C) modify D) force

5. contain (v.)

- A) eliminate B) exclude
C) approve D) involve

6. sustainable (adj.)

- A) wasteful B) viable
C) proficient D) temporary

7. entirely (adv.)

- A) completely B) partially
C) abnormally D) uniquely

8. grudge (n.)

- A) sympathy B) compassion
C) animosity D) disdain

9. roam (v.)

- A) stay B) settle
C) stray D) suspend

10. anguish (n.)

- A) agony B) solace
C) contentment D) disharmony

Reading Passage 21

Globally, pets chomp their way through about 20 per cent of the planet's meat and fish. Besides cats and dogs get more of their protein from meat and fish than we do. In the US alone, they account for about a quarter of all the calories consumed from animal products, emitting the CO2 equivalent of around 13 million cars through livestock production. Domestic cats are obligated carnivores – they need the nutrients in meat to survive. Without them, cats develop heart problems and go blind. Dogs, on the other hand, seem better adapted to an omnivorous lifestyle and are capable of thriving on diets containing higher quantities of grains and veg. Though that does not mean we can simply cut out their protein. One sustainable alternative is insect-based food from companies that sell high-protein dog and cat food pellets made from ground-up fly larvae. However, these foods tend to be expensive and may not be entirely carbon neutral as the insects are often shipped in from Europe. And it is not just about the carbon emissions. Enforcing a vegan lifestyle on your cat could lead them to take their grudges out on the local wildlife, damaging bird and rodent populations further. Cats that can roam freely already kill between one and four billion birds a year, plus between 6 and 22 billion small mammals – a source of much anguish for wildlife lovers.

Source: BBC Science Focus, 2022/01, Pages 30-31

1. It can be inferred from the passage that our pets ----.

- A) can increase the planet's meat and fish consumption by about one fifth before long
- B) should limit their daily intake of food as animals in the wildlife need protein as well
- C) could survive on leftover foods because they are not detrimental to their health
- D) would certainly be more environmentally friendly if they consumed plant-based food
- E) use much larger quantities of plastics and water-polluting chemicals than humans ever will

2. Despite all the hype around insect farming and insect-based food, ----.

- A) resources that require transferring them may be damaging to the Earth's environment
- B) they are the least promising option for pet parents looking to become more eco-friendly
- C) the cost of insect-based diets is not high, which makes them affordable for pet owners
- D) there is a scientifically rigorous method behind them, so they are much more expensive
- E) energy consumption might constitute a problem while eliminating allergens in fish

3. We understand from the passage that free-ranging domestic cats ----.

- A) are sometimes released into cities on the popular assumption that they will control the rat population
- B) cause substantial wildlife mortality and will continue to harm even more if a planet-based diet is imposed
- C) are still less of a problem compared to other stray animals, such as dogs, which can go on a killing spree
- D) might be harmful to wildlife populations, but there is no scientific data available to back this up
- E) should stick to green spaces for walks rather than going to beaches or a far-flung wildlife sanctuary

4. The passage is mainly about ----.

- A) eco-friendly ways to entertain our furry friends, pets
- B) reducing the harmful effects of pet food industry
- C) wildlife preservation by not letting our pets out
- D) the impact of pet emission and how to minimise it
- E) carbon emissions and green alternatives for animals

Choose the best option.

1. cats and dogs get ---- of their protein

- A) more B) also
C) other D) else

2. they account ---- about a quarter

- A) up B) into
C) for D) over

3. equivalent ---- around 13 million cars

- A) in B) of
C) at D) on

4. ---- blind

- A) try B) go
C) operate D) do

5. on the other ----

- A) fist B) palm
C) grip D) hand

6. adapted ---- an omnivorous lifestyle

- A) to B) through
C) in D) on

7. thriving ---- diets

- A) of B) over
C) on D) onto

8. we can simply cut ---- their protein

- A) in B) out
C) to D) on

9. foods ---- to be expensive

- A) tend B) influence
C) favour D) lead

10. take their grudges ---- on the local wildlife

- A) down B) over
C) out D) through

Okuma Parçası 21

Küresel olarak, evcil hayvanlar, gezegenin et ve balıklarının yaklaşık yüzde 20'sini katır kutur yemekte dirler. Üstelik kediler ve köpekler proteinlerinin çoğunu bizden daha fazla et ve balıktan alırlar. Sadece ABD'de, hayvancılık yoluyla yaklaşık 13 milyon arabaya eşdeğer CO2 yayarak hayvansal ürünlerden tüketilen tüm kalorilerin yaklaşık dörtte birini oluştururlar. Evcil kediler zorunlu etoburdur yani hayatta kalmak için etteki besinlere ihtiyaçları vardır. Onlar olmadan kedilerde kalp problemleri gelişir ve kör olurlar. Öte yandan köpekler, hepçil bir yaşam tarzına daha iyi adapte olmuş görünürler ve daha yüksek miktarlarda tahıl ve sebze içeren diyetlerle gelişebilirler. Ama bu proteinlerini tamamen kesebileceğimiz anlamına gelmez. Öğütülmüş sinek larvalarından yapılan yüksek proteinli köpek ve kedi maması yumakları satan şirketlerin yaptığı böcek bazlı yiyecekler sürdürülebilir bir alternatiftir. Ancak, bu gıdalar pahalı olma eğilimindedir ve böcekler genellikle Avrupa'dan gönderildiğinden tamamen karbon nötr olmayabilir. Bu sadece karbon emisyonlarıyla ilgili de değildir. Kedinizi vegan bir yaşam tarzına zorlamanız, kuş ve kemirgen nüfusuna daha fazla zarar vererek gazezlerini yerel vahşi yaşamdan çıkarmalarına neden olabilir. Vahşi yaşam sevenler için büyük bir ıstırap kaynağı olan serbestçe dolaşabilen kediler zaten yılda bir ilâ dört milyar kuşu ve ilâveten 6 ilâ 22 milyar küçük memeliyi öldürüyor.

Match the words with their synonyms.

1. B 2. C 3. A 4. D 5. D
6. B 7. A 8. C 9. C 10. A

Reading Passage 21

1. D 2. A 3. B 4. D

Choose the best option.

1. A 2. C 3. B 4. B 5. D
6. A 7. C 8. B 9. A 10. C