

1. - 5. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

Instinct is the **inherent inclination** of a living organism towards a particular complex behaviour, **containing** both (1) ---- **and learned elements**. The simplest example of an **instinctive behavior** is **a fixed action pattern**, in which a very short to medium length sequence of actions, without variation, are **carried out** (2) ---- **a corresponding clearly defined stimulus**. Any behavior is instinctive **if** it is performed without being based upon prior experience (that is, **in the absence of** learning), and is **therefore** an expression of innate biological factors. Sea turtles, **newly hatched** on a beach, will **instinctively move toward** the ocean. A marsupial **climbs into** its mother's **pouch** (3) ---- **being born**. Honeybees communicate by dancing in the direction of a food source without **formal instruction**. Other examples include animal fighting, animal courtship behavior, **internal escape functions**, and the building of nests. Though an **instinct is defined** by its **invariant innate** characteristics, **details of its performance** can be changed by the experience. (4) ----, **a dog can improve its fighting skills** with practice. **Instincts are inborn complex patterns of behavior** that **exist in** most members of the species, and (5) ---- **from reflexes**, which are simple **responses** of an organism **to a specific stimulus**, such as the contraction of the pupil **as a reaction to bright light**.

1.

- A) innate B) powerful
C) substantial D) vital
E) immense

2.

- A) as a result of B) on account of
C) with the aim of D) in response to
E) as opposed to

3.

- A) from B) onto
C) to D) out
E) upon

4.

- A) In contrast B) However
C) For example D) Thus
E) In short

5.

- A) will be distinguished
B) used to be distinguished
C) had to be distinguished
D) should be distinguished
E) would be distinguished

3

upon / on = after

6. - 10. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

Mahatma Gandhi (6) ---- his life to discovering and pursuing truth, and called his movement "satyagraha", which means "appeal to, insistence on, or reliance on the Truth." It was the satyagraha formulation that deeply resonated with beliefs and culture of his people, and embedded him (7) ---- the popular consciousness as well as transforming him quickly into Mahatma. Gandhi based Satyagraha on the Vedantic ideal of self-realization, ahimsa (nonviolence), vegetarianism, and universal love. Bruce Watson states that some of these ideas are found not just in traditions within Hinduism, but in Jainism or Buddhism as well, (8) ---- those about non-violence, vegetarianism and universal love. Gandhi's synthesis was to politicise these ideas. Gandhi stated that the most important battle to fight was overcoming his own demons, fears, and insecurities. Gandhi summarised his beliefs first when he said "God is Truth". (9) ---- , he would later change this statement to "Truth is God". satya (truth) in Gandhi's philosophy is "God". Gandhi described the term "God" not as a separate power, (10) ---- as the Being of the Advaita Vedanta tradition, a nondual universal that pervades in all things, in each person and all life.

6.

- A) used to dedicate
C) has dedicated
E) had dedicated

- B) dedicates
D) dedicated

7.

- A) by
C) over
E) into

- B) for
D) with

8.

- A) resolutely
C) exceptionally
E) vigorously

- B) clearly
D) particularly

9.

- A) Or else
C) However
E) Meanwhile

- B) In contrast
D) For example

10.

- A) although
C) so
E) unless

- B) but
D) if

31

not

11. - 15. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

Inorganic, transparent, tasteless and odorless, water is a nearly colorless chemical substance, which is the main constituent of Earth's hydrosphere and the fluids of all known living organisms. It is vital for all known forms of life (11) ---- it provides no calories or organic nutrients. "Water" is the name of the liquid state of H₂O at standard temperature and pressure (12) ----. It also covers 71% of the Earth's surface, mostly in seas and oceans. Small portions of water occur as groundwater (1.7%), in the glaciers and the ice caps of Antarctica and Greenland (1.7%), and in the air as vapor, clouds and precipitation. Water moves continually (13) ---- the water cycle of evaporation, transpiration, condensation, and precipitation, (more often than not) (14) ---- the sea. Water plays an important role in the world economy. Approximately 70% of the freshwater used by humans goes to agriculture. Water is an excellent solvent for a wide variety of substances both mineral and organic; (15) ----, it is widely used in industrial processes, and in cooking and washing.

11.

- A) even though
C) only if
E) now that

- B) in case
D) so that

12.

- A) aspects
C) functions
E) qualities

- B) approaches
D) conditions

13.

- A) to
C) through
E) above

- B) without
D) up

14.

- A) to be reaching
C) being reached
E) having reached

- B) to reach
D) reaching
end up

15.

- A) in short
C) in contrast
E) otherwise

- B) therefore
D) however

16. - 20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

Partnerships between private companies and governments provide advantages to both parties. Private-sector technology ,(16) ----, can help improve the operational efficiency of providing public services. The public sector, for its part, provides incentives for the private sector to deliver projects on time and within budget. Creating economic diversification makes the country more competitive in facilitating its infrastructure base (17) ---- boosting associated construction, equipment, support services, and other businesses. The private partner may face special risks while engaging (18) ---- a public-private partnership. Physical infrastructure, such as roads or railways, involves construction risks. If the product is not delivered on time, exceeds cost estimates, or has technical defects, the private partner typically bears the burden. Also, the private partner faces availability risk if it (19) ---- the service promised. A company may not meet safety or other relevant quality standards, for example, when running a prison, hospital, or school. Demand risk occurs when there are fewer users than (20) ---- for the service or infrastructure, such as roads, bridges, or tunnels. However, this risk can be shifted to the public partner, if the public partner agreed to pay a minimum fee no matter the demand.

16.

- A) even so
B) otherwise
C) for example
D) hence
E) however

17.

- A) except for
B) such as
C) but for
D) as well as
E) prior to

18.

- A) in
B) onto
C) by
D) with
E) at

19.

- A) would not provide
B) need not provide
C) must not provide
D) would not provide
E) cannot provide

20.

- A) deterred
B) confirmed
C) preceded
D) expected
E) attained

21. - 25. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

Effective communication is about more than just exchanging information. It's about understanding the emotion and intentions behind the information. (21) ---- being able to clearly convey a message, you need to also listen in a way that gains the full meaning of what (22) ---- and makes the other person *feel heard and understood* at at that very moment. Effective communication sounds (23) ---- it should be instinctive. But all too often, when we try to communicate with others something *goes astray*. We say one thing, the other person hears something else, and misunderstandings, frustration, and conflicts *ensue*. This can cause problems in your home, school, and work (24) ----. For many of us, communicating more clearly and effectively *requires learning* some important skills. (25) ---- you are trying to improve communication with your spouse, kids, boss, or coworkers, learning these skills can deepen your connections to others, build greater trust and respect, and improve teamwork, problem solving, and your overall social and emotional health.

21.

- A) With the exception of B) As well as
C) By the use of D) Unlike
E) Akin to

22.

- A) will be said B) is being said
C) was being said D) was said
E) had been said

23.

- A) over B) as
C) with D) like
E) amid

24.

- A) crashes B) resources
C) inventions D) responses
E) relationships

25.

- A) Just as B) No sooner
C) Although D) Whereas
E) Whether

26. - 30. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

When her mother died in 1836, George Eliot left school to help run her father's household. In 1841, she moved with her father to Coventry and lived with him his death in 1849. Eliot then travelled in Europe, eventually (26) ---- in London. In 1850, Eliot began contributing to the 'Westminster Review', a leading journal for philosophical radicals, and later became its editor. She was now at the centre of a literary circle through which she met George Henry Lewes, with whom she lived until his death in 1878. Lewes was married and their relationship caused a scandal. Eliot was, (27) ----, shunned by friends and family. Lewes encouraged Eliot to write. In 1856, she began 'Scenes of Clerical Life', stories (28) ---- the people of her native Warwickshire, which were published in 'Blackwood's Magazine'. Her first novel, 'Adam Bede', followed in 1859 and was a great (29) ----. She used a male pen name (30)---- her works would be taken seriously in an era when female authors were usually associated with romantic novels. The popularity of Eliot's novels brought social acceptance, and Lewes and Eliot's home became a meeting place for writers and intellectuals.

26.

- A) to have settled B) to settle
C) to have been settled D) settle
E) settling

27.

- A) however B) similarly
C) therefore D) otherwise
E) in contrast

28.

- A) about B) with
C) among D) aboard
E) beneath

29.

- A) modification B) diversity
C) success D) prediction
E) safety

30.

- A) while B) as if
C) unless D) so that
E) whereas

31. - 35. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

While there is little consensus (31) ---- modern historians and ethnologists as to the origins or meaning of the ethno-linguistic term, references to the name *Bambara* can be found from the early 18th century. (32) ---- its general use as a reference to an ethno-linguistic group, *Bambara* was also used to identify captive Africans who originated in the interior of Africa perhaps from the upper Senegal-Niger region. As early as 1730 at the slave-trading post of Gorée, the term *Bambara* (33) ---- simply to slaves who were already in the service of the local elites or French. Growing from farming communities in Ouassoulou, between Sikasso and Ivory Coast, Bamana-age co-fraternities began to develop a state (34) ---- which became the Bambara Empire and later Mali Empire. (35) ---- their Muslim neighbors, the Bamana state practised and formalised traditional polytheistic religion. Monotheistic Muslim communities remained locally powerful, though.

31.

- | | |
|-----------|------------|
| A) among | B) over |
| C) about | D) towards |
| E) inside | |

32.

- | | |
|-------------------|------------|
| A) In terms of | B) Despite |
| C) In addition to | D) Unlike |
| E) Owing to | |

33.

- | | |
|------------------|-----------------|
| A) will refer | B) had referred |
| C) refers | D) referred |
| E) was referring | |

34.

- | | |
|----------------|----------------|
| A) structure | B) fatality |
| C) implication | D) competition |
| E) demand | |

35.

- | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| A) Regardless of | B) Similar to |
| C) Apart from | D) With regard to |
| E) In contrast to | |

36. - 40. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

About 80% of South Africans are of Black African ancestry, divided (36) ---- a variety of ethnic groups speaking different African languages. The remaining population consists of Africa's largest communities of European, Asian and Multiracial ancestry. It is a multiethnic society (37) ---- a wide variety of cultures, languages, and religions. Its pluralistic makeup is reflected in the constitution's recognition of 11 official languages. During the 20th century, the black majority sought to claim more rights from the dominant white minority, which played a large role in the country's recent history and politics. (38) ----, the National Party imposed apartheid in 1948, institutionalising previous racial segregation. After a long and sometimes (39) ---- struggle by the African National Congress and other anti-apartheid activists both inside and outside the country, the repeal of discriminatory laws began in the mid-1980s. Today, (40) ---- these relentless efforts, South Africa has been classified by the World Bank with the second-largest economy in Africa. South Africa also has the most UNESCO World Heritage Sites in Africa.

36.

- A) onto B) by
C) into D) off
E) out of

37.

- A) to encompass B) to be encompassing
C) to be encompassed D) encompassing
E) encompassed

38.

- A) Hence B) However
C) Otherwise D) Similarly
E) Also

39.

- A) anxious B) grave
C) rapid D) violent
E) conventional

40.

- A) for the purpose of B) instead of
C) with the exception of D) prior to
E) as a result of

41. - 45. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

A continent might have abundant natural resources, (41) ---- it may end up in the list of the world's poorest and least-developed continent. Who or what is to blame for Africa's misery? Corrupt governments that have often committed serious human rights violations, failed central planning, high levels of (42) ----, lack of access to foreign capital, and frequent tribal and military conflict. Its total nominal GDP remains (43) ---- those of many countries. (44)---- the United Nations' Human Development Report, the bottom 24 ranked nations (151st to 175th) are all African. Poverty, illiteracy, malnutrition and inadequate water supply and sanitation, as well as poor health, affect a large proportion of the people who reside in the African continent. The average poor person in sub-Saharan Africa (45) ---- to live on only 70 cents per day, being much poorer today than in 1973.

41.

- | | |
|-------------|---------------|
| A) likewise | B) otherwise |
| C) thus | D) conversely |
| E) however | |

42.

- | | |
|-------------------|---------------|
| A) objective | B) illiteracy |
| C) responsibility | D) intimacy |
| E) adherence | |

43.

- | | |
|--------------|-----------|
| A) away from | B) beyond |
| C) behind | D) across |
| E) out of | |

44.

- | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|
| A) Akin to | B) In view of |
| C) Different from | D) According to |
| E) In terms of | |

45.

- | | |
|----------------------|-----------------------|
| A) has estimated | B) was estimated |
| C) will be estimated | D) had been estimated |
| E) is estimated | |

46. - 50. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

Memphis was the first capital of Egypt and a famous religious and trade center; its high status is *attested to* by the Greeks *alluding to* the entire country by that name. Egypt (46) ---- for thousands of years as an independent nation whose culture was famous for great cultural advances in every area of human knowledge, from the arts to science to technology and religion. One of the reasons for the enduring popularity of Egyptian culture is their great monuments, tombs, temples, and artwork all (47) ---- life and stand as reminders of what once was and what human beings are capable of achieving. (48) ---- ancient Egypt is often associated with death and mortuary rites in popular culture, there is something deeper in these rites, hinting us what it means to be a human being and the power and purpose of remembrance. (49) ---- the Egyptians, life on earth was only one aspect of an eternal journey. The soul was immortal and was only inhabiting a body on this physical plane for a short time. At death, one would meet with judgment in the Hall of Truth and, (50) ---- justified, would move on to an eternal paradise. Once one had reached paradise one could live peacefully in the company of those one had loved while on earth.

46.

- | | |
|-----------------|--------------|
| A) thrived | B) elicited |
| C) adhered | D) abandoned |
| E) disseminated | |

47.

- | | |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| A) have celebrated | B) celebrated |
| C) celebrate | D) will celebrate |
| E) had celebrated | |

48.

- | | |
|----------------------|-------------|
| A) As though | B) In case |
| C) Since | D) Although |
| E) In the event that | |

49.

- | | |
|------------|-----------|
| A) Under | B) Within |
| C) Through | D) At |
| E) To | |

50.

- | |
|-------------|
| A) unless |
| B) if |
| C) although |
| D) as |
| E) so |

angora
inSilizce

angora
inSilizce

angora
inSilizce

angora
inSilizce

angora
enSilizce

angora
inSilizce