

2019 KASIM

1. In the US, the recent trend toward accountability in education has increased the legal ---- for becoming and remaining certified as a teacher.

- A) requirements
- B) incidents
- C) facilities
- D) attitudes
- E) implications

2. Being an island, Britain has always had a fresh ---- of fish and seafood, both from the sea and freshwater rivers.

- A) prospect
- B) supply
- C) opportunity
- D) reception
- E) appeal

3. Tour operators occupy a ---- role in the tourism industry, given their role as agents that design, organise, package, market and operate vacation and other tours.

- A) significant
- B) dependant
- C) vague
- D) current
- E) descriptive

4. Although there is some disagreement regarding ---- how to define the transfer of learning, it is clear that it involves seemingly simple similarity relations.

- A) peculiarly
- B) importantly
- C) precisely
- D) intentionally
- E) fiercely

5. Ancient explorers named the Canary Islands *Canaria* from the Latin word *canis* because of the large dogs ---- the islands.

- A) resisting
- B) treating
- C) inhabiting
- D) replacing
- E) inheriting

6. All species of plants and animals tend to produce more offspring than the environment can support, and this ---- intense competition for living space, resources, and mates.

- A) results in
- B) sets out
- C) work out
- D) puts off
- E) takes on

7. The Amish ---- from a relatively small founding population, and each major settlement ---- largely genetically isolated from both other Amish settlements and the surrounding U.S. populations for over 200 years.

- A) originate / will remain
- B) originated / has remained
- C) had originated / remained
- D) were originating / remains
- E) have originated / had remained

8. A popular social networking site says if everything ---- as planned, they ---- a new privacy-protected messaging service by the end of 2020.

- A) has gone / start
- B) is going / will be starting
- C) had gone / will start
- D) went / are to start
- E) goes / will have started

9. The biological basis ---- variations in human intelligence is not well understood, but research in neuroscience, psychology, and other fields has begun to yield insights ---- what may underpin such differences.

- A) through / to
- B) in / about
- C) of / by
- D) for / into
- E) at / from

10. The tension in Britain ---- modernism and the bourgeois theatre that had surfaced before the World War was not resolved ---- after the Second.

- A) between / until
- B) among / by
- C) from/ over
- D) towards / with
- E) through / for

11. Venice's vibrant commerce, ---- its peak during the early to middle years of the Renaissance, brought traders from --- the known world to the port city.

- A) about / on
- B) through / along
- C) at / around
- D) in / beyond
- E) with / off

12. Anthropologists may have difficulty in separating out the field from astronomy, geology or botany, ---- it is not so obvious how anthropology may be distinguished from the many other branches of science

- A) although
- B) until
- C) because
- D) just as
- E) in case

13. Philosophy occurs in all cultures and daily life, ---- only in Western philosophy is there a distinct way of thinking that consists of hypotheses and generalisations about the natural and human worlds.

- A) since
- B) so that
- C) provided that
- D) but
- E) otherwise

14. When a young child says 'mouses' instead of 'mice,' this is good evidence that the child is learning the regular forms of the language and knows how to make plurals ---- he or she has not yet learned the irregular forms.

- A) once
- B) whether
- C) even if
- D) just as
- E) as if

15. Egyptians built irrigation canals to carry water and created a calendar that predicted the annual flooding of the Nile ---- they could maximise food production.

- A) in case
- B) so that
- C) even if
- D) while
- E) as though

16. In some groups the bonds among members are strong and enduring due to harmony achieved through close relationships, ---- in other groups members are loosely linked and lack a sense of 'groupness'.

- A) as if
- B) whereas
- C) since
- D) just as
- E) provided that

17. The ancient Egyptians' fascination with science and new technology resulted in inventions ---- the calendar and door lock, which are still used today.

- A) in contrast with
- B) in spite of
- C) such as
- D) regardless of
- E) in terms of

18. Tokyo is one of the wealthiest, safest, cleanest, and most creative cities in the world ---- being partly destroyed and rebuilt twice in the past hundred years.

- A) despite
- B) due to
- C) rather than
- D) together with
- E) unlike

19. Although the composer Johann Strauss Jr. immortalised the Danube River in his famous waltz entitled *On the Beautiful Blue Danube*, the Danube River is not blue – its waters appear ---- greenish ---- brown.

- A) no sooner / than
- B) the more / the more
- C) as / as
- D) either / or
- E) so / that

20. In Costa Rica, responsibility for national parks is given to the Ministry of Natural Resources, Energy and Mines, ---- main goal is mineral exploitation, not conservation of resources.

- A) how
- B) whose
- C) who
- D) which
- E) that

2020 MART

1. **Although Søren Kierkegaard is widely regarded as the father of existentialism, his ---- as an important thinker was long delayed.**
 - A) reluctance
 - B) redundancy
 - C) recognition
 - D) rebellion
 - E) rejection

2. **Toronto is known worldwide for its multicultural ----, which provides one of the most important reasons to visit the city.**
 - A) composition
 - B) endurance
 - C) obstacle
 - D) implementation
 - E) destruction

3. **Song and dance are the ---- elements of ballet, which distinguishes it from theatre, in which song and dance may be present, but are not necessary elements.**
 - A) sufficient
 - B) fragile
 - C) temporary
 - D) essential
 - E) vague

4. **Almost all we know of Siddhartha Gautama's life comes from biographies written by his followers centuries after his death, and which differ ---- in many details.**
 - A) sustainably
 - B) coincidentally
 - C) widely
 - D) gradually
 - E) efficiently

5. **Originating from the 17th-century pleasure gardens of France, amusement parks are controlled environments that ---- visitors through the simulation of space, place and experience.**
 - A) entertain
 - B) threaten
 - C) protect
 - D) respect
 - E) interrupt

6. **Hunter-gatherer societies usually ---- bands of approximately 50 individuals who are related to each other through marriage or some other ceremonies.**
 - A) fall behind
 - B) put on
 - C) bring down
 - D) consist of
 - E) come through

7. Most sociologists ---- that over the past decades, the concept of family ---- significant and rapid changes.

- A) should agree / would undergo
- B) agree / has undergone
- C) need to agree / had undergone
- D) might agree / used to undergo
- E) had agreed / will have undergone

8. Though it is now part of Greater London, Hampstead in England ---- once a separate village, and it ---- a village character to this day.

- A) would be / will retain
- B) has been/is retaining
- C) had been / retained
- D) is / has retained
- E) was/ retains

9. Archaeological sites can develop ---- great or small amounts of time and space, and ---- large or small actions of humans and nature.

- A) in / above
- B) over / through
- C) for / on
- D) from / at
- E) along / beyond

10. The Enlightenment was a period characterised by a decline ---- religious authority and the replacement of the medieval focus on the next world by a greater emphasis ---- mankind's place in this world.

- A) off / to
- B) for / at
- C) from / with
- D) about / by
- E) in / upon

11. Most theories of development attempt to define the social, economic, or political conditions ---- which humans are able to live ---- dignity and fulfilment.

- A) for / onto
- B) through / from
- C) around / across
- D) under / with
- E) above / along

12. Many supermarkets place high-demand items such as milk in the back of the store --- - consumers will need to walk through the entire store and perhaps purchase extra items.

- A) before
- B) so that
- C) as if
- D) until
- E) as soon as

13. ---- access to technology resources was previously cited as the most challenging obstacle for teachers, the lack of time to learn new programmes and to infuse them in their teaching is currently seen as a major challenge.

- A) Since
- B) Whereas
- C) In case
- D) As if
- E) Whenever

14. There are about 30 species of coffee, ---- only two species provide most of the world market with coffee.

- A) as
- B) or
- C) otherwise
- D) so
- E) but

15. When first introduced, gasoline-powered vehicles remarkably impacted the delivery of newspapers ---- they could be distributed throughout cities and rural areas to more readers more quickly.

- A) unless
- B) because
- C) before
- D) just as
- E) although

16. ---- the ancient Greeks did not invent the style of sandals, they created many types of them such as leather ones.

- A) As
- B) Even though
- C) If
- D) Once
- E) Given that

17. In 2000, the total value of goods and services exchanged between countries ---- international trade was roughly \$6.9 trillion.

- A) contrary to
- B) instead of
- C) on behalf of
- D) rather than
- E) as a result of

18. ---- print media which enables adults to have some control over the kinds of information children could access, visual media signals the end to such control.

- A) Due to
- B) Similar to
- C) Along with
- D) As a consequence of
- E) In contrast to

19. In ancient Rome, pearls were ---- rare and expensive ---- they were reserved almost exclusively for the noble and affluent.

- A) whether or
- B) as/as
- C) so/that
- D) either / or
- E) such / that

20. The Orkney Islands are situated in the path of the warm Gulf Stream, ---- continuously washes nutrients ashore and keeps the winters relatively mild.

- A) which
- B) where
- C) when
- D) how
- E) what