Göbeklitepe is widely considered one of the most

**1.a.traditional / b.significant** archaeological discoveries of Türkiye the 21st century. Located in southeastern Turkey, the site

dates back over 11,000 years and 2. a.offers / b.prevents

valuable insight into the spiritual and social lives of early

humans. 3.a.As for /b. Unlike earlier assumptions that

complex societies only emerged in the wake of agriculture,

new studies reveal that Göbeklitepe shows that organized

religious activity may have come 4. a.before / b.aiter

permanent settlements.

As for: -e gelince = When it comes to

angora in Gilizce



---anoord

anonra

-ancora

**ODAK GRUBU - YDS** 

The site features large stone pillars 1. a.adapted plant edinmek2sahiplenmek3.benimsemek

b.arranged in circular structures, many of them engraved

with images of animals. These constructions, built with

primitive tools, reveal a level of 2.a.incompetence / yetersizlik

b.sophistication that challenges previous theories about

Neolithic communities. 3.a. Despite / b. Because the site's

historical importance, many questions remain unanswered.

Researcher continue to investigate 4. a. either / b.whether

Göbeklitepe was used for rituals, gatherings, or as an

astronomical observatory. What is certain is that 5. a.during

**/ b.through** its discovery, our understanding of early

civilization has been transformed.

sayesinde thanks to/ by means of /yoluyla via

1. zorluk me akket 2 meydan okumak, kar ı çıkmak zıt dü mek

remain = 2re

hether loc

yapıp yapmadı 1/olup olmadı 1

ister ..../ ister....

x mi yoksa y mi

either lose



# Göbeklitepe: The World's Oldest Temple

Located in southeastern Turkey, Göbeklitepe is believed to be the world's oldest known temple complex, dating back more than 11,000 years. This ancient archaeological site has reshaped our understanding of early human civilization, suggesting that complex religious practices existed long before the development of agriculture and permanent settlements.

The site features massive stone pillars arranged in circular formations, many of which are elaborately carved with animals and abstract symbols. These megaliths, some weighing several tons, were erected using primitive tools, ) indicating that Neolithic people had more advanced knowledge and skills than previously assumed.

One of the most remarkable aspects of Göbeklitepe is its implication that early humans may have come together for religious purposes before forming permanent communities. This challenges the traditional view that religion emerged only after societies settled and began farming. Today, Göbeklitepe is a UNESCO World Heritage Site and attracts scholars and tourists from all over the world.

# TRUE / FALSE

1. Göbeklitepe provides evidence that religion might have existed before agriculture.

2. The pillars at Göbeklitepe were made using advanced modern machinery

Göbeklitepe's discovery has led experts to revise their ideas about the timeline of human civilization.

Göbeklitepe has remained largely unnoticed by the public and academic communities.





3





# **GRAMMAR / VOCABULARY**

due to / because of

Göbeklitepe is considered groundbreaking ----its challenge to conventional theories about
human development.

- a. except for •
- b. in case of -
- c. without-

d. given = considering göz önüne alındı ında

e. despite\_

4. The carvings on the pillars offer a significant ---- about the spiritual life of early humans.

ħ. debate 🛮 tartı ma

**b. insight** bakı açısı bilgi + into/about

c. prejudice bias önyargı

d. dispute

e. decline 1 azalmak

2. reddetmek

3 kötüle mek deteriorate/worsen/get worse

in decline

5. Archaeologists were surprised by the construction of Göbeklitepe ---- it revealed capabilities never before attributed to Neolithic societies.

-sın diye societies. mak için a. so that

b. unless madıkça/ -mazsa

atfetmek

era men c. even though olsa da

credited with debecause cünkü, ..dı 1 için, oldu undan

e. as if -mı gibi

These megaliths, some weighing several tons, were erected using **primitive** tools, indicating that Neolithic people had more advanced knowledge and skills than previously assumed.

# **CLOSE MEANING**



6. The word <u>primitive</u> in the second paragraph is closest in meaning to:

a. advanced

6. ancient

c. luxurious •

d. artificial.

e. irrelevant · Let's Export to United States

EX US



#### **TRANSLATION**

Göbeklitepe: The World's Oldest Temple

Located in southeastern Turkey, Göbeklitepe is believed to be the world's oldest known temple complex, dating back more than 11,000 years.

extending

which dates back

This ancient archaeological site has reshaped our understanding of early human civilization, suggesting that complex religious practices existed long before the development of agriculture and permanent settlements.

Göbeklitepe: Dünyanın En Eski Tapınağı

Türkiye'nin güneydoğusunda yer alan Göbeklitepe'nin, 11.000 yıldan daha eski<mark>ye dayana</mark>n dünyanın bilinen en eski tapınak kompleksi olduğun<mark>a inanılıyor.</mark>

..-arak erek - ki bu ..oldu ıunu gösteriröne sürer

Bu antik arkeolojik alan, tarımın ve kalıcı yerleşimlerin gelişmesinden çok önce karmaşık dini uygulamaların var olduğunu öne sürerek erken insan uygarlığı anlayışımızı yeniden şekillendirmiştir.

carve into wood/stone

have/ possess/ bear\*

The site features massive stone pillars arranged in circular formations, many of which are elaborately carved with animals and abstract symbols.

Alanda, birçoğu özenle hayvanlar ve soyut sembollerle oyulmuş <mark>dairesel formasyonlarda düzenlenmiş</mark> devasa taş sütunlar bulunmaktadır.

dikilmi tir, ki bu...göstermektedir

These megaliths, some weighing several tons, were erected using primitive tools, indicating that Neolithic people had more advanced knowledge and skills than previously assumed.

Bazıları birkaç ton a<mark>ğırlığında olan</mark> bu megalitlerin ilkel aletler kullanılarak dikilmiş olması, Neolitik insanların daha önce varsayılandan daha gelişmiş bilgi ve becerilere sahip olduğunu göstermektedir.

One of the most remarkable aspects of Göbeklitepe is its implication that early humans may have come together for religious purposes before forming permanent communities.

Göbeklitepe'nin en dikkat çekici yönlerinden biri, ilk insanların kalıcı topluluklar oluşturmadan önce dini amaçlarla bir araya gelmiş olabileceklerini ima etmesidir.

This challenges the traditional view that religion emerged only after societies settled and began farming.

Bu durum, dinin ancak toplumlar yerleşik hayata geçip tarım yapmaya başladıktan sonra ortaya çıktığı y<mark>önündek</mark>i geleneksel görüşe meydan okumaktadır.

Today, Göbeklitepe is a UNESCO World Heritage Site and attracts scholars and tourists from all over the world.

Göbeklitepe bugün UNESCO Dünya Mirası Listesi'nde yer almakta ve dünyanın dört bir yanından akademisyen ve turistlerin ilgisini çekmektedir.

### **CLOZE TEST 3- Assimilation**

easily

Assimilation plays a key role in shaping multicultural societies, especially in countries with high levels of immigration. It refers to the process 1. a. whereby / b. whose individuals adopt the language, values, and customs

of the dominant culture. While some people integrate smoothly, others face difficulties, especially when cultural when = if

differences are vast. Language acquisition is often seen as edinim/ö renme\*

a major step **2.1** a. from / b.toward full participation in ev sahibi the host society. The success of assimilation depends not

only on the individual's 2.2. a.reluctance /b. willingness

but also on the society's openness to newcomers.

3. a. Although / b. Because assimilation can promote 1.enhance /encourage te vik etmek geli tirmek/iyile tirmek

national unity, it may bring unintended consequences of terfi ettirmek yükseltmek 3. pazarlamak

may come 4.a.on behalf of /b.at the cost of cultural

identity. Many immigrants report that over time, they start feeling disconnected from their roots, especially. after long periods of living in a foreign country. In such cases, second-generation immigrants often feel more aligned with their

adopted culture than their ancestral one. To address this issue, some governments implement policies that

encourage cultural retention 5.a.while / b. since

supporting integration.

koruma conservation preservation

address cope with handle deal with, solve

by means of which ki onun sayesinde

through which thanks to which

whose + noun ki onun

there are countries whose citizens have no democratic

<sup>nme</sup> rights

isteklilik/ hevesli

acquire\*

beklenmedik sonuçlar/ öngörülmedik sonuçlar----

at the cost of pahasına/zararına olacak ekilde at the expense of

cost: malight elmol

uyumlu aynı cizgide

on behalf of: adına, namına, temsilen

angora enGlish

### **CLOZE TEST 4 – Assimilation**

1.a.For the sake of / b. In addition to personal identity challenges, assimilation also has broad social implications. For example, it affects how minority communities are perceived and how they contribute to national development. 2. a. Therefore / b. Namely, education systems often include programs that help newcomers adjust socially and academically. These programs focus on cultural orientation, language training, and civic education, which are especially beneficial 3. a. for / b. with children and young adults. Economic integration is another critical aspect of assimilation. When immigrants find stable employment and contribute to the economy, they are more likely to feel 4.a.accepting / b.accepted. However, they may face barriers such as discrimination, limited job opportunities, or lack of recognition for foreign qualifications. These factors 5. a. have affected / b. were affecting the pace of assimilation significantly in some countries in recent years. Besides, there has been growing recognition of the need 6.a. / b.for inclusive policies that

successful assimilation is not about erasing one's past

7.a, so / b.but about balancing resisting new cultural experiences with inherited values. Societies that manage this balance tend to be more cohesive, resilient, and

enriched by the diversity of their citizens.

uyumlu

promote both equality and cultural diversity. Ultimately, Nihavetinde

1.esnek 2.dirençli

...olmae ilimindedir =inclined to be are likely to be 215'
Youi = That is

adjust??? /a. adapt

adjust: ayarmak

for 56

those in need: ihtiyacı olan kimseler

6.4 alsx

o o th

5 M



### **READING PASSAGE 2 Assimilation**

Assimilation plays a key role in shaping multicultural societies, especially in countries with high levels of immigration. It refers to the process in which individuals adopt the language, values, and customs of the dominant culture. While some people integrate smoothly, others face difficulties, especially when cultural differences are vast. Language acquisition is often seen as a major step toward full participation in the host society. The success o assimilation depends not only on the individual's willingness but also on the society's openness to newcomers. Although assimilation can promote national unity, it may come at the cost of cultural identity. Many immigrants report that over time, they start feeling disconnected from their roots, especially during long periods of living in a foreign country. In such cases, secondgeneration immigrants often feel more aligned with their adopted culture than their ancestral one. To address this issue, some governments implement policies that encourage cultural retention while supporting integration. In addition to personal identity challenges, assimilation has broad social implications. It affects how minority communities are perceived and how they contribute to national development. Consequently, education systems often include programs that help newcomers adjust socially and academically. These programs focus on cultural orientation, language training, and civic education, which are especially beneficial for children and young adults.

Economic integration is another critical aspect of assimilation. When immigrants find stable employment and contribute to the economy, they are more likely to feel accepted. However, they may face barriers such as discrimination, limited job opportunities, or lack of recognition for foreign qualifications. These factors have affected the pace of assimilation significantly in some countries. In recent years, there has been growing recognition of the need for inclusive policies that promote both equality and cultural diversity.

Ultimately, successful assimilation is not about erasing one's past but about **balancing** new cultural experiences with inherited values. Societies that manage this balance tend to be more cohesive, resilient, and enriched by the diversity of their citizens.

# **TRUE / FALSE QUESTIONS**

- Assimilation involves adopting the cultural traits of a dominant society.
- 2. Governments never support the preservation of immigrants' original cultures.
- 3. Language learning is considered a key part of successful assimilation.
- 4. Immigrants who are economically stable are more likely to feel discriminated.
- 5. Second-generation immigrants are always more connected to their ancestral culture than the host culture.











**ODAK GRUBU - YDS** Angora Dil-İsmail Turasan

### **READING PASSAGE 2 Assimilation TRANSLATION**

Assimilation plays a key role in shaping multicultural societies, especially in countries with high levels of 1. ile birlikte immigration.

2. ile

3. sahip olan which receive = with

# **OKUMA PARÇASI 2 Asimilasyon ÇEVİRİ**

Asimilasyon, özellikle yüksek düzeyde göç alan ülkelerde, çok kültürlü toplumların şekillenmesinde kilit bir rol oynamaktadır.

whereby

It refers to the process in which individuals adopt the language, values, and customs of the dominant culture.

While some people integrate smoothly, others face difficulties, especially when cultural differences are vast. oldu u zaman /- dı ında

Bireylerin baskın kültürün dilini, değerlerini ve geleneklerini benimsediği süreci ifade eder.

Bazı insanlar sorunsuz bir şekilde entegre olurken, diğerleri, özellikle de kültürel farklılıklar çok büyük olduğunda zorluklarla karşılaşır.

Language acquisition is often seen as a major step toward full participation in the host society.

The success of assimilation depends not only on the individual's willingness but also on the society's openness to newcomers.

Dil edinimi genellikle ev sahibi topluma tam katılım için önemli bir adım olarak görülür.

Asimilasyonun başarısı sadece bireyin istekliliğine değil, aynı zamanda toplumun yeni gelenlere açık olmasına da bağlıdır.

Although assimilation can promote national unity, it may come at the cost of cultural identity.

= W5+

Many immigrants report that over time, they start feeling disconnected from their roots, especially during long periods of living in a foreign country.

etmesine ra men/kar ın

Asimilasyon ulusal birliği teşvik etse de, kültürel kimliğe mal olabilir.

Bircok göcmen, özellikle vabancı bir ülkede uzun süre yaşadıklarında, zamanla köklerinden koptuklarını hissetmeye başladıklarını bildirmektedir.

In such cases, second-generation immigrants often feel more aligned with their adopted culture than their ancestral one.

Bu gibi durumlarda, ikinci nesil göçmenler genellikle atalarının kültüründen ziyade benimsedikleri kültürle daha uyumlu hissederler.

To address this issue, some governments implement policies that encourage cultural retention while supporting integration.

at the same time simulteneously aynı zamanda

meanwhile

Bu sorunu ele almak için bazı hükümetler entegrasyonu desteklerken kültürel kalıcılığı teşvik eden politikalar uygulamaktadır.

we were watching the film, they were reading a

www.angoradil.com 5307824672



In addition to personal identity challenges, assimilation has broad social implications.

the way= how

It affects how minority communities are perceived and how they contribute to national development.

Consequently, education systems often include programs that help newcomers adjust socially and academically.

adaptation

These programs focus on cultural orientation, language training, and civic education, which are especially beneficial for children and young adults.

respect\*

Economic integration is another critical aspect of assimilation.

When immigrants find stable employment and contribute to the economy, they are more likely to feel accepted.

However, they may face barriers such as discrimination, limited job opportunities, or lack of recognition for foreign qualifications.

These factors have affected the pace of assimilation significantly in some countries.

In recent years, there has been growing recognition of the need for inclusive policies that promote both equality and cultural diversity.

be about ...sth

has little/nothing to do with

Ultimately, successful assimilation is not about erasing one's past but about balancing new cultural experiences with inherited values. it has to do with ....ile alakalı olmak

Societies that manage this balance tend to be more cohesive, resilient, and enriched by the diversity of their citizens.

Kişisel kimlik sorunlarına ek olarak, asimilasyonun geniş sosyal etkileri vardır.

how/ the way

Azınlık topluluklarının nasıl algılandığını ve ulusal kalkınmaya nasıl katkıda bulunduklarını etkiler.

Sonuç olarak, eğitim sistemleri genellikle yeni gelenlerin sosyal ve akademik olarak uyum sağlamalarına yardımcı olan programlar içerir.

Bu programlar, <mark>özellikle çocuklar ve genç yetişkinler için faydalı olan k</mark>ültürel <mark>oryantasyon</mark>, dil eğitimi ve yurttaşlık eğitimine odaklanır.

irrespective of: ..ya bakmaksızın

Ekonomik entegrasyon asimilasyonun bir diğer kritik yönüdür.

Göçmenler istikrarlı bir iş bulduklarında ve ekonomiye katkıda bulunduklarında, kendilerini kabul edilmiş hissetmeleri daha olasıdır.

Ancak, <mark>ayrımcılı</mark>k, sınırlı iş fırsatları veya yabancı niteliklerin tanınmamaşı gibi engellerle karşılaşabilirler.

Bu faktörler bazı ülkelerde asimilasyonun <mark>hızın</mark>ı önemli ölçüde etkilemiştir.

Son yıllarda, hem eşitliği hem de kültürel çeşitliliği teşvik eden kapsayıcı politikalara duyulan ihtiyaç giderek daha fazla kabul görmektedir.

Nihayetinde başarılı bir asimilasyon, kişinin geçmişini silmesiyle değil, yeni kültürel deneyimleri miras alınan değerlerle dengelemesiyle ilgilidir.

Bu dengeyi kurabilen toplumlar daha uyumlu, dirençli ve vatandaşlarının çeşitliliğiyle zenginleşen toplumlar olma eğilimindedir.



