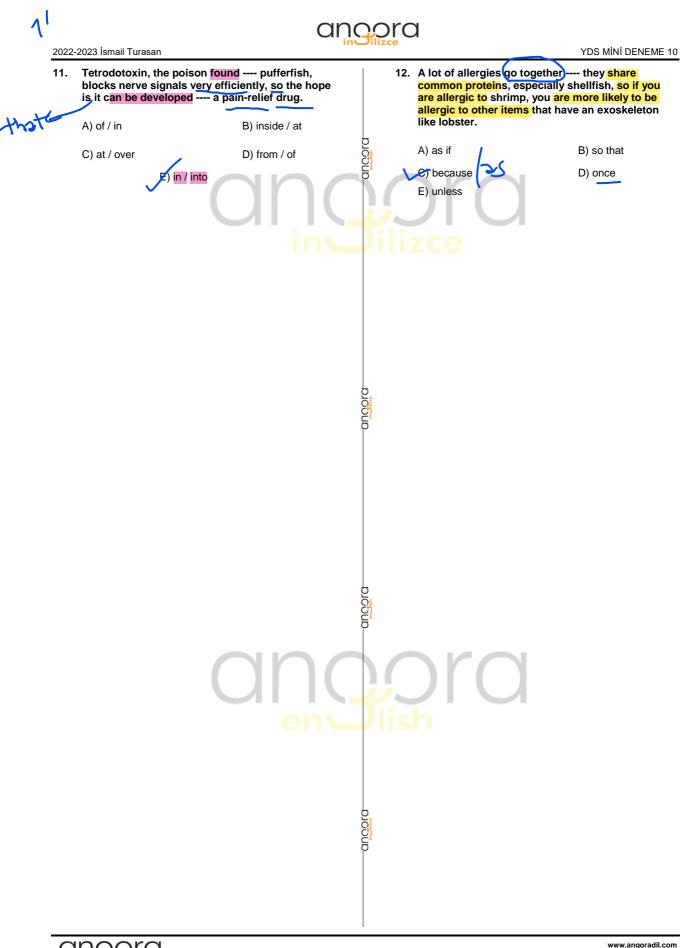




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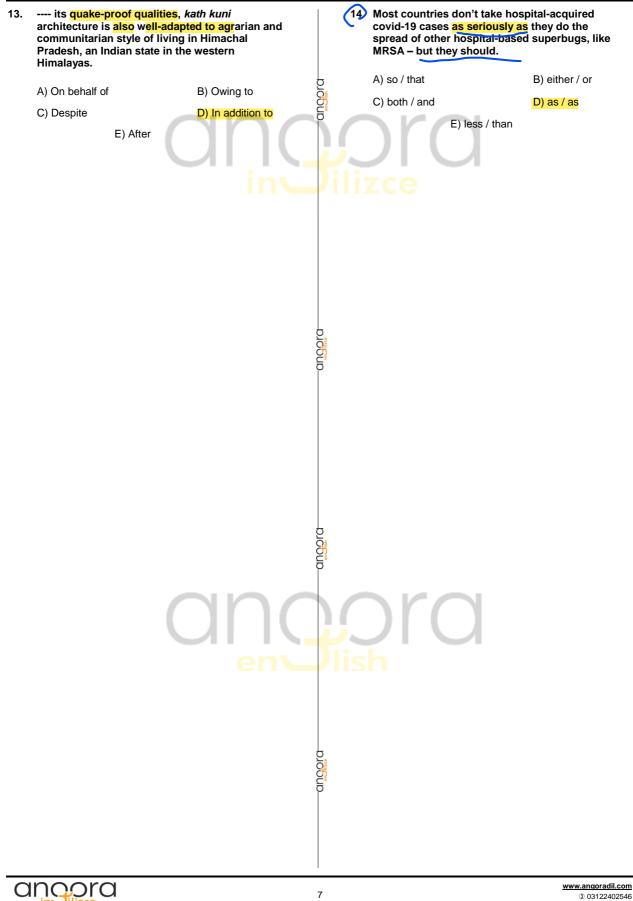






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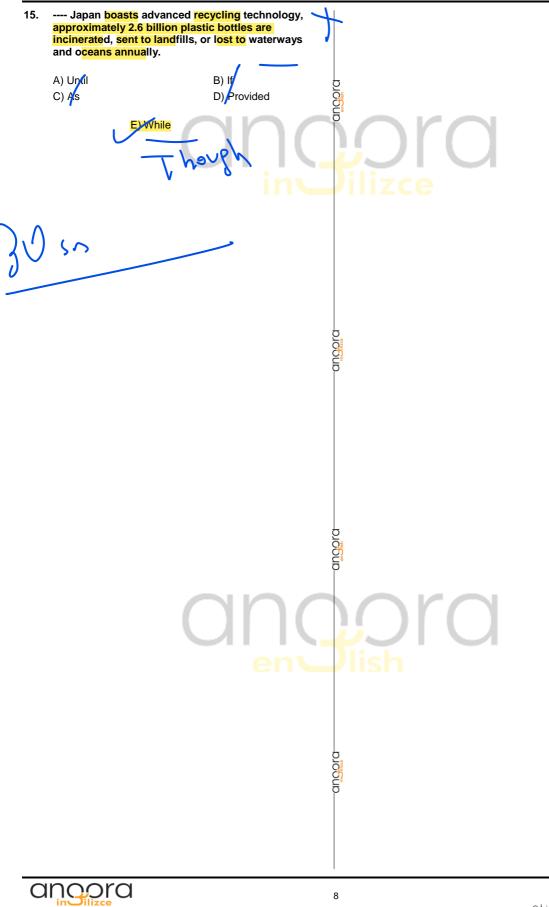
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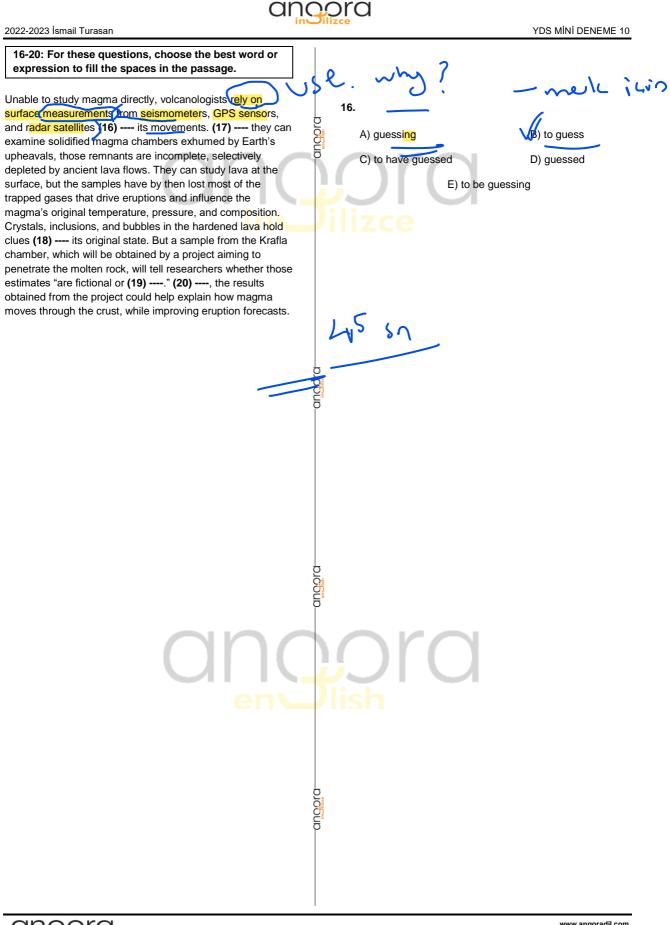


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Unable to study magma directly, volcanologists rely on surface measurements from seismometers, GPS sensors, and radar satellites (16) ---- its movements. (17) ----- they can examine solidified magma chambers exhumed by Earth's upheavals, those remnants are incomplete, selectively depleted by ancient lava flows. They can study lava at the surface, but the samples have by then lost most of the trapped gases that drive eruptions and influence the magma's original temperature, pressure, and composition. Crystals, inclusions, and bubbles in the hardened lava hold clues (18) ---- its original state. But a sample from the Krafla chamber, which will be obtained by a project aiming to penetrate the molten rock, will tell researchers whether those estimates "are fictional or (19) ----." (20) ----, the results obtained from the project could help explain how magma moves through the crust, while improving eruption forecasts.





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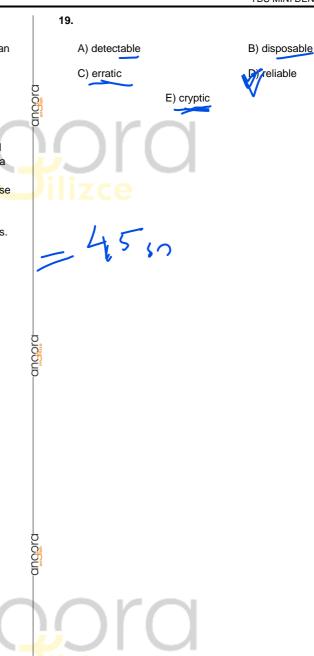




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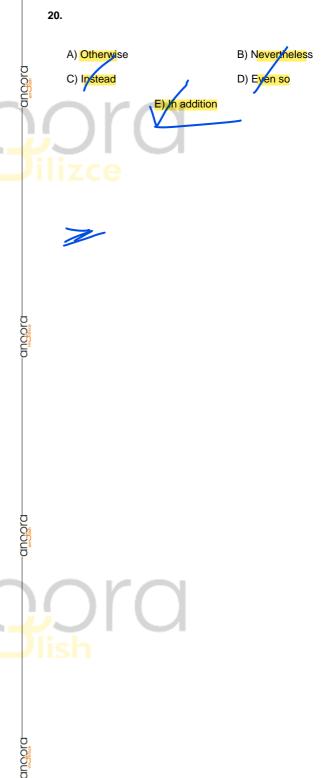


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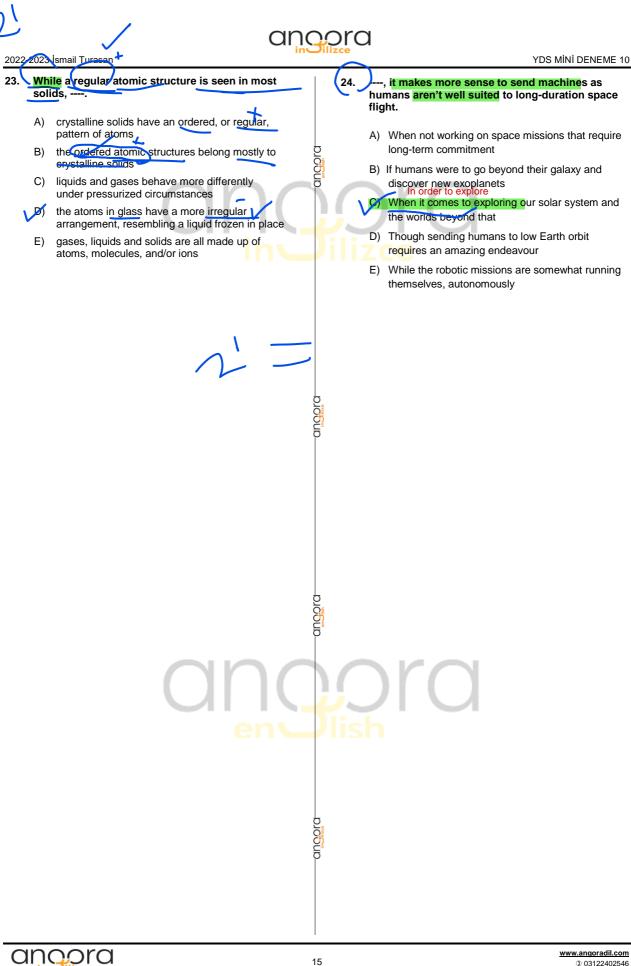
21-24: For these questions, choose the best option to complete the given sentence.

- 21. A huge proportion of our universe seems to be made of dark matter; ----. appear
  - A) thus, it is extremely hard to study as we have no way of seeing it
  - B) on the other hand, it exerts 'gravitational force', meaning it draws other matter towards it
  - nevertheless, scientists still don't know what it actually is
  - D) meanwhile, we can also see the effects of dark matter simply by looking up at the sky
  - E) instead, it holds galaxies together and is thought to be streaming through your body

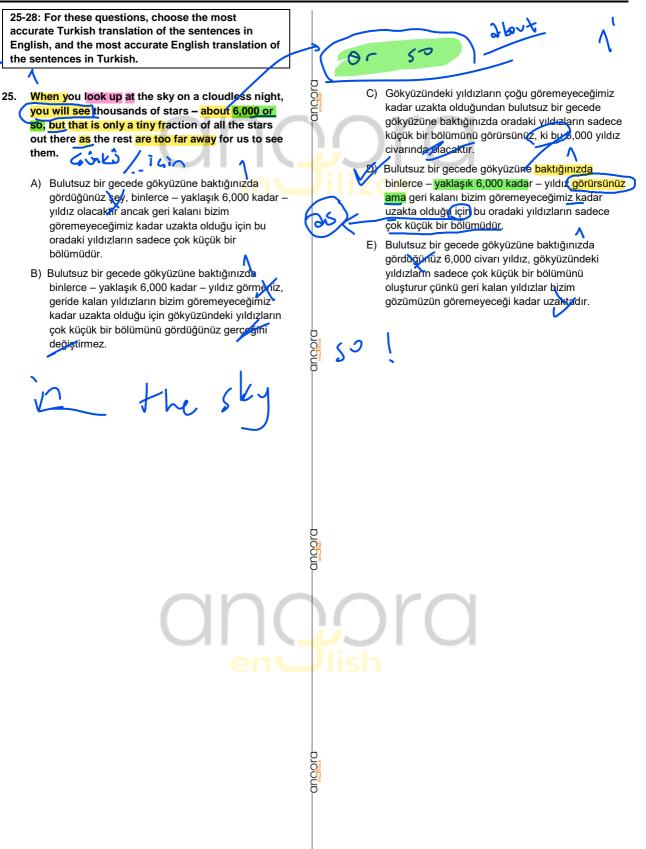
YDS MINI DENEME 10 Though infected animals can pass on the 22. monkeypox virus if they bite or scratch you, ---you can also genit from eating uncooked contaminated meat viruses get into our bodies through a break in the skin or through mouth C) with the recent outbreak, doctors have noticed a few newer symptoms one can also spread monkeypox to others starting a day before the rash shows up D) it can be quite serious, especially in children who were exposed to a lot of the virus E) 1,5



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## YDS MINI DENEME 10

26. Even though educational video games have been used in classrooms for 50 years – and despite the fact that research shows educational games can be effective – they are not that common in classrooms today.

- A) Eğitici amaçlı video oyunları sınıflarda 50 yıldır kullanılmaktadır ve araştırmalar eğitici oyunların etkili olabileceğini göstermektedir ançak bu oyunlar günümüzde sınıflarda o kadar da yaygın değildir.
- B) Eğitici amaçlı video oyunlarının günümüzde sınıflarda o kadar da yaygın olmamaşına rağmen bu oyunlar sınıflarda 50 yıldır kultanılmaktadır ve araştırmalar eğitici oyunların etkili olabileceğini göstermektedir.

- C) Eğitici amaçlı video oyunları sınıflarda 50 yıldır kullanılmaktadır ve araştırmalar eğitici oyunların etkili olabileceğini göstermektedir ama tum bu verilere rağmen bu oyunlar günümuzde sınıflarda o kadar da yaygın değildir.
- D) Araştırmaların gösterdiği şey, eğitici video oyunlarının etkili olabileceğidir ve bu seyinlar 50 yıldır sınıflarda kullanılmaktadır, yine de günümüzde sınıflarda o kadar yaygın değildirler.

Eğitici amaçlı video oyunları sınıflarda 50 yıldır kullanılmasına ve araştırmalar eğitici oyunların etkili olabileceğini göstermesine rağmen bu oyunlar günümüzde sınıflarda o kadar da yaygın değildir.





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- 27. Medeniyetimiz, yeni bir dünya savaşı ya da iklim değişikliği gibi kendi yarattığımız küresel bir felaketin sonucunda günümüzden birkaç yüzyıl sonra yok olabilir.
  - A) It is highly likely that our civilisation will perish in the next century because of a self-inflicted global catastrophe, like another world war or climate change.
  - BY Our civilisation might perish within centuries from now as a result of a self-inflicted global catastrophe, like another world war or climate change.

C) Within centuries from now, we might cause our civilisation to perish as a result of a global catastrophe we create, such as another world war or climate change.

- D) If we don't do anything, our civilisation might perish within centuries from now as a result of a selfinflicted global catastrophe, like another world war or climate change.
- E) We run the risk of perishing our civilisation in a few centuries as a result of a self-inflicted global catastrophe, like another world war or climate change.



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- 66 milyon yıl önce gezegenimize çarpan Chicxulub asteroidinin büyük ölçüde dinozorlar ve birçok diğer türün yok olmasından sorumlu olduğu düşünülmektedir.
  - A) It is conventionally thought that the Chicxulub asteroid that jolted our planet 66 million years ago is responsible for wiping out the dinosaurs and many other species.
  - B) The Chicxulub asteroid that jolted our planet 66 million years ago is widely thought to be responsible for wiping out the dinosaurs and many other species.

- C) A popular thought among the scientists is that the Chicxulub asteroid that jolted our planet 66 million years ago is responsible for wiping out the dinosaurs and many other species.
- D) The Chicxulub asteroid jolted our planet 66 million years ago, and it is widely thought to be responsible for wiping out the dinosaurs and many other species.
- E) What jolted our planet 66 million years ago was the Chicxulub asteroid, which is widely thought to be responsible for wiping out the dinosaurs and many other species.



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29-32: Answer these questions according to the passage below.

Hundreds of years ago, if you had a pain, a cough or a fever, an apothecary, now known as pharmacist or chemist, might prescribe you a herb, a tincture or a restorative course of leeches. Some resorted to pracles as a mediator. It was in the lap of the gods to grant relief. Sacrifices were also offered via oracles. Thankfully medicine has come a long way since then. It is by no means perfect, but hospitals, drugs and health care have made our days inestimably more comfortable. Much of this is thanks to that bastion of science, the clinical trial, which tests whether a medicine or treatment is safe and effective. Evidence from such trials is considered the gold standard, and over the years it has helped us distinguish the fraud from the cures. It might be surprising to hear, then, that a growing number of doctors think the way we test medicines needs a renovation. For all their strengths, clinical trials often take years to deliver a verdict. This drawback was exposed during the covid-19 pandemic, when we desperately needed treatments for a new disease. Doctors were forced to use quicker methods of assessment, and at this juncture, it seems they paid off. "We were able to achieve in weeks what would have otherwise taken years," says epidemiologist Martin Landray at the University of Oxford. If we can get robust answers about medicines in a faster way than standard clinical trials can, surely, we are ethically obliged to do so.

29. The writer of the passage has given the example of leech treatment in order to ----.

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- A) inform the reader about how challenging it was to access medicine in the distant past
- (B) emphasize how developed nedical treatment has become in centuries ne kadar gelismis

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- C) underpin what current medical practices have brought about
- D) question the efficacy of old techniques used in case of an emergency
- E) criticise the intricate ways in which treatment and gods interacted

B) XXXX how / the way treatment developed nasl gelistigi

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Hundreds of years ago, if you had a pain, a cough or a fever, an apothecary, now known as pharmacist or chemist, might prescribe you a herb, a tincture or a restorative course of leeches. Some resorted to oracles as a mediator. It was in the lap of the gods to grant relief. Sacrifices were also offered via oracles. Thankfully, medicine has come a long way since then. It is by no means perfect, but hospitals, drugs and health care have made our days inestimably more comfortable. Much of this is thanks to that bastion of science, the clinical trial, which tests whether a medicine or treatment is safe and effective. Evidence from such trials is considered the gold standard, and over the years it has helped us distinguish the fraud from the cures. It might be surprising to hear, then, that a growing number of doctors think the way we test medicines needs a renovation. For all their strengths, clinical trials often take years to deliver a verdict. This drawback was exposed during the covid-19 pandemic, when we desperately needed treatments for a new disease. Doctors were forced to use guicker methods of assessment, and at this juncture, it seems they paid off. "We were able to achieve in weeks what would have otherwise taken years," says epidemiologist Martin Landray at the University of Oxford. If we can get robust answers about medicines in a faster way than standard clinical trials can, surely, we are ethically obliged to do so.

- 30. It is stated in the passage that the covid-19 pandemic ----.
  - A) has proved to be a turning point in health care standards and pain relief
  - B) could in fact have been prevented by ancient cures

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- C) triggered a new movement whereby all clinical trials have to be completed in weeks
- D) raised some ethical questions about the practice of clinical mars
- brought quicker methods of assessment in clinical trials

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- 31. According to the passage, one downside of clinical trials is -----
  - A) their ultimate failure to tell the right from wrong when it comes to treatments
  - B) that they can hardly yield a conclusive result in times of pandemic
  - C) that they take too long to come to a decision about a given treatment
  - D) their dependence on their brilliant legacy, the gold standard
  - E) their inability to make a growing number of doctors feel secure about their health

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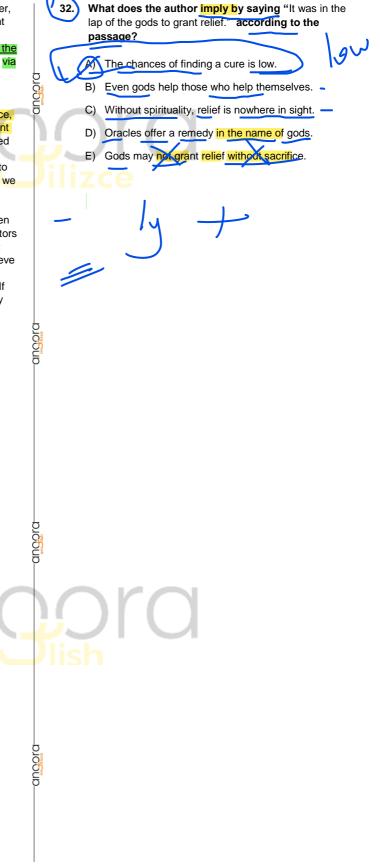
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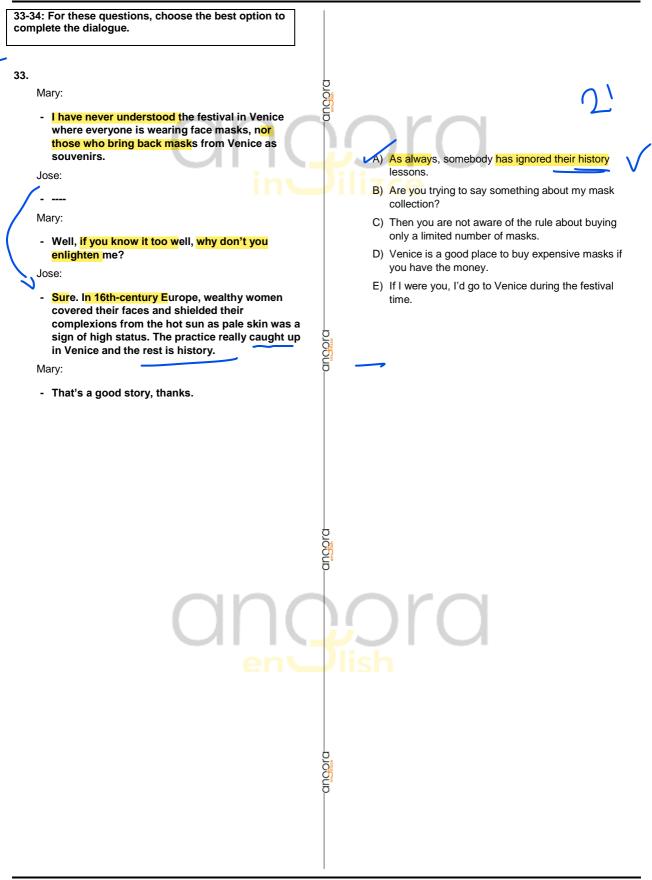
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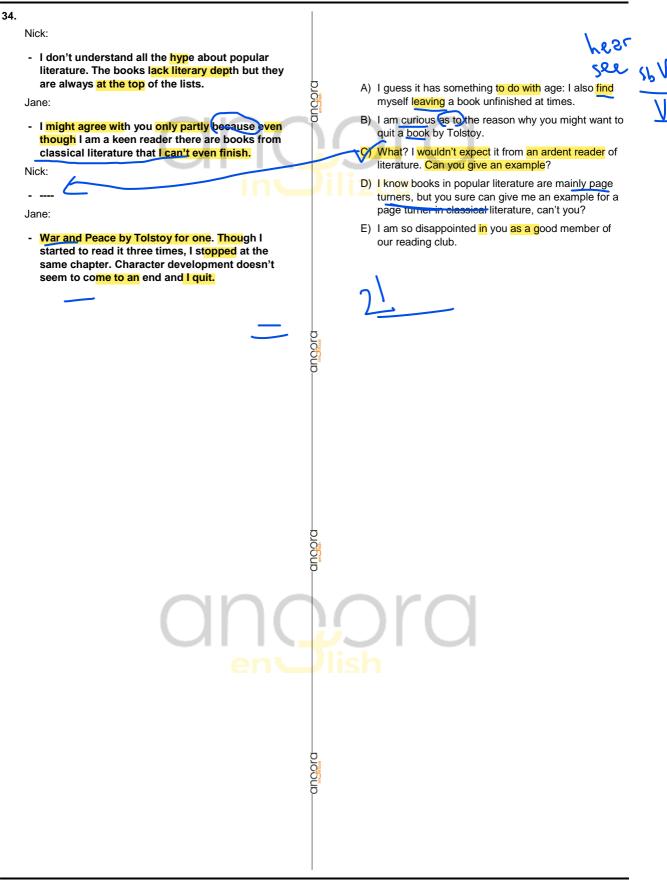




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YDS MİNİ DENEME 10

35-36: For these questions, choose the best rephrased form of the given sentence TANIMLAMA 35. The age we live in is characterised by organized C) Opposition to all manner of scientific knowledge is and often angry opposition to all manner of the norm in the age that we live in and it manifests scientific knowledge, from safety of vaccines to the itself in the angry reactions towards vaccines and reality of climate change. the reality of climate change. A) If weren't twing in an age when all manner of Sec 2 D) We live in an age when all manner of scientific knowledge - from the safety of vaccines to the scientific knowledge faces organized and often angry opposition, there wouldn't be scepticism for reality of climate change - faces organized and the safety of vaccines or reality of climate change. often angry opposition. B) In the age that we live in, the safety of vaccines or reality of climate change faces organized and often angry opposition and it is because people are against all manner of scientific knowledge. E) Everything related to science and all manners of scientific knowledge - from the safety of vaccines to the reality of climate change - face angry opposition in the age that we happen to live in. 2'\_\_\_\_ ancoro ancord anoora www.angoradil.com any

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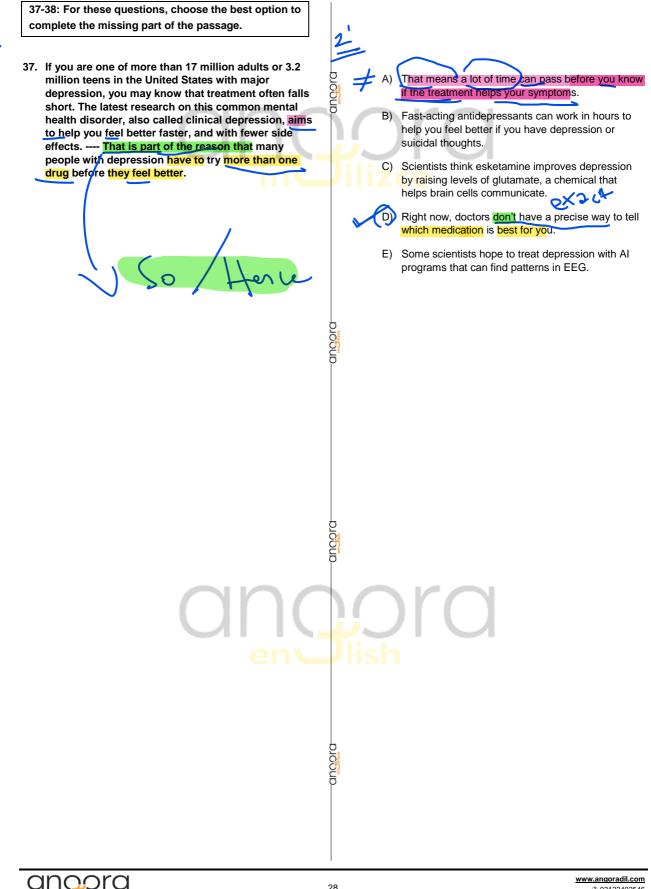
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#### YDS MINI DENEME 10

- Breast milk mainly consists of water, fat, protein, as well as vitamins, minerals, digestive enzymes and hormones, so it is the number one choice for a baby's first food.
  - A) As it mainly consists of water, fat, protein, as well as vitamins, minerals, digestive enzymes and hormones, breast milk is considered the top choice for a baby's first food.
  - B) Breast milk is known to contain mainly water, fat, protein, as well as vitamins, minerals, digestive enzymes and hormones, so when it comes to the choice for a baby's first food, it is the first.

- C) Were it not for its main ingredients that is water, fat, protein, as well as vitamins, minerals, digestive enzymes and hormones – breast milk wouldn't be so popular as a baby's first food.
- D) Breast milk mainly consists of water, fat, protein, as well as vitamins, minerals, digestive enzymes and hormones, which makes it popular among the choices for a baby's first tooo.
- E) Thanks to its main ingredients such as water, fat, protein, as well as vitamins, minerals, digestive enzymes and hormones, breast milk is now the number one choice for a baby's first focd.

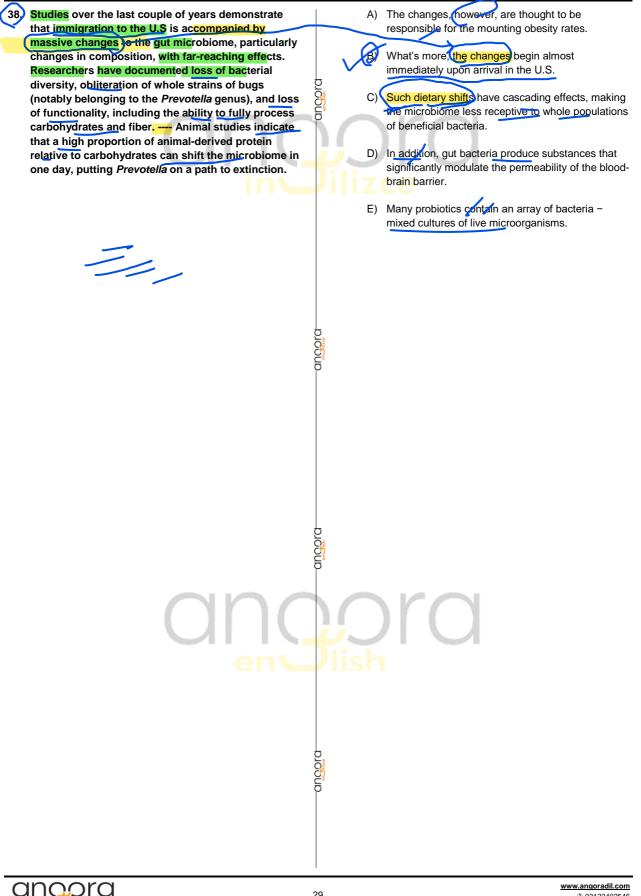




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