ADJECTIVES TABLE 6

A. DERİN	B. TARAFSIZ	C. KAYITSIZ, İLGİSİZ & TEPKİSİZ	D. DİKKATLİ & TİTİZ	E. GEÇİCİ, KISA & TEK KULLANIMLIK
1. Deep	1. Neutral	1. Indifferent to	1. Careful	1. Temporary
2. Bottomless	2. Impartial	2. Neglecting	2. Watchful	2. Transitory
3. Profound (impact)*	3. Unbiased	3. Unconcerned	3. Alert	3. Interim
	4. Unprejudiced	4. Insensitive to	**Titiz**	**Geçici - Değişebilir**
Sığ	5. Objective	5. Unresponsive	4. Meticulous	4. Tentative
4. shallow	6. Fair	6. Untouched by*	5. Attentive	5. Provisional
		7. Unmoved		**Anlık**
			Temkinli- ihtiyatlı	6. Momentary
			6. Cautious	**KISA**
			7. Wary	7. Brief
				8. Short
				TEK KULLANIMLIK
				9. Disposable (product)
				10. Throwaway

Handwritten notes: impartial · indifferent kayıtsız · be disposed of / dispose · Permanent kalıcı · tetikte · titiz · plan

1. ---- ocean / well / feelings / thoughts
   A) deep   B) cautious

2. ---- approach / opinion / evaluation
   A) untouched   B) unbiased

3. be ---- to problems / war / crisis
   A) indifferent   B) disposable

4. a ---- project / plan / work
   A) meticulous   B) disposable

5. a ---- solution / accommodation
   A) profound   B) temporary

6. ---- relief / interruption / pause
   A) shallow   B) momentary

7. a/an ---- trial / comment / deal
   A) fair   B) neglecting

8. ---- to complaints / pain
   A) insensitive   B) interim

9. be / stay ---- to sudden changes / signs
   A) alert   B) unbiased

10. a/an ---- schedule / plan / agreement
    A) tentative   B) impartial

11. ---- suspicion / look / glance
    A) meticulous   B) wary

12. ---- advice / an ---- verdict
    A) impartial   B) unmoved

13. ---- about the cost / situation / the tragedy
    A) unconcerned   B) interim

14. ---- audience / student / participant
    A) brief   B) attentive

15. ---- opinion / view / analysis
    A) unprejudiced   B) watchful

1) "deep" is closest in meaning to -----.

A) insensitive   B) bottomless   C) watchful

D) innovative   E) profound

7) "unconcerned" is closest in meaning to -----.

A) untouched   B) fair   C) insensitive

D) objective   E) unresponsive

2) "neutral" is closest in meaning to -----.

A) unprejudiced   B) profound   C) unbiased

D) impartial   E) deep

8) tembinli
"alert" is closest in meaning to -----.

A) brief   B) meticulous   C) fair

D) attentive   E) cautious

3) "indifferent to" is closest in meaning to -----.

A) insensitive to   B) deep   C) neutral

D) untouched   E) interim

9) "interim" is closest in meaning to -----.

A) meticulous   B) alert   C) attentive

D) temporary   E) tentative

4) dikkatli
"careful" is closest in meaning to -----.

A) profound   B) watchful   C) indifferent

D) cautious   E) neglecting

10) kısa
"brief" is closest in meaning to -----.

A) temporary   B) momentary   C) alert

D) bottomless   E) fair

5) geçici
interim
"temporary" is closest in meaning to -----.

A) careful   B) momentary   C) brief

D) cautious   E) tentative

11) "tentative" is closest in meaning to -----.

A) momentary   B) temporary   C) alert

D) unresponsive   E) profound

6) "objective" is closest in meaning to -----.

A) bottomless   B) fair   C) momentary

D) unconcerned   E) unbiased

12) "cautious" is closest in meaning to -----.

A) profound   B) wary   C) indifferent

D) provisional   E) transitory

Because of the deep understanding we have of the ocean environment, we can better assess the impact of human activities on marine ecosystems.

Okyanus çevresine dair sahip olduğumuz derin anlayış / bilgiden dolayı, insan faaliyetlerinin deniz ekosistemi üzerindeki etkisini daha iyi değerlendirebiliriz.

Değerlendirmek: assess: evaluate: assessment / evaluation

Etki: impact: influence: effect

-den dolayı: because of: due to, thanks to, owing to, as a result of, as a consequence

Çevre: environment

-ebilir: can: (olasılık: may, might, could, be likely to), (yetenek: be able to)

???? neden 'ON marine ecosystems' olmuş: impact, influence, effect …. ON edatı alırlar.

Objective analysis reveals (NEYİ) that hybrid cars offer a more fuel-efficient and eco-friendly option compared to traditional gasoline-powered cars.

reveal that (NC: NESNE)

*** compared to: kıyaslama yapmak için kullanılır, sınavlarda karşımıza çıkabilir:

*** Objektif / tarafsız analiz, hibrit arabaların, geleneksel benzinle çalışan arabalara kıyasla daha yakıt etkin ve cep dostu bir opsiyon sunabileceğini açığa çıkarır.

Sunmak: offer

Kıyaslandığında: compared to

Tarafsız analiz: objective analysis

Geleneksel: traditional

Açığa çıkarmak: reveal: unearth, unveil, expose, open, disclose

????? 'reveal' fiiline hangi soruyu sorup devamında ki ifadeyi çevirmeye devam edebiliriz.

Researchers must be meticulous in their experimental procedures to ensure the validity of their results.

*** Araştırmacılar, sonuçların geçerliliğini garanti etmek için deneysel prosedürlerde titiz olmalılar.

*** must: -meli, -malı: have to, has to, need to

Titiz: meticulous

Deneysel: experimental

Geçerli: validity (valid passport: geçerli pasaport)

Sonuçları: results

Garanti etmek: guarantee, make sure: ensure

???? neden 'to ensure' oldu: 'mek / mak' için anlamına geliyor bu yüzden 'to verb' kullanıyorum.

Getting rid of disposable batteries can have harmful effects on the environment, as they contain toxic chemicals <mark>that can leach into soil and water.</mark>

*** as: çünkü, -dığı için: because, since

*** ADJ CLAUSE: SIFAT CÜMLECİĞİ: noun + adjective cls.

Nitelenen: toxic chemicals (isim) / niteleyen: that (sıfat)

*** getting rid of:

*** can: ebilir

*** effect on

***Tek kullanımlık bataryaları atmak, çevre üzerinde zararlı etkiler yaratabilir (can) çünkü (as) onlar toprağa ve suya sızabilecek zehirli kimyasallar (NASIL) içerir.

Içermek: contain

Atmak / kurtulmak: dispose, get rid of

Zararlı: detrimental, damaging, destructive, harmful

Tek kullanımlık: disposable

Zehirli: toxic (chemicals)

???? neden 'ON the environment': effect, impact, influence kelimelerden sonra 'on' edatını kullanırım.

???? 'as' ne anlamda kullanılmış ve boş bırakılsa nasıl 'as' koyardım buraya.

As: -dıkça, dikçe / çünkü, -dığı için / ken / -dığı gibi

ADJECTIVES TABLE 7

A. BARİZ, AÇIK, GÖRÜLÜR	B. DÜŞMANCIL	C. RASTGELE & GELİŞİGÜZEL	D. FAKİR & PARASIZ	E. MÜTEVAZI & ORTALAMA
1. clear	1. hostile	1. random	1. poor	1. humble
2. explicit	2. aggressive	2. haphazard	2. impoverished	2. modest
3. apparent	3. antagonistic	3. accidental	3. underfunded	**Ortalama**
4. obvious	4. belligerent	4. incidental	4. broke	3. moderate
5. evident	5. unfriendly	5. arbitrary	5. needy	4. average
6. transparent	6. inhospitable	6. subjective**	**Sefil**	5. standard
7. lucid	7. unwelcoming		6. unfortunate	6. normal
8. plain			7. pitiable	
			8. miserable	

Exercise 1 - Collocation Test: Aşağıdaki ifadeleri doğru şekilde tamamlayan sözcüğü bulunuz.

1. ---- explanation / question / instruction / sky

   A) hostile   B) clear

2. ---- group of people / terrain / region

   A) average   B) hostile

3. ---- selection / distribution / choice

   A) random   B) needy

4. ---- country / society / area / neighborhood

   A) evident   B) impoverished

5. ---- income / lifestyle / house

   A) modest   B) belligerent

6. ---- effects / reasons / mistakes

   A) obvious   B) impoverished

7. ---- marketing / style / behaviour / people

   A) humble   B) aggressive

8. ---- discovery / death

   A) prejudiced   B) accidental

9. ---- schools / operations / project

   A) antagonistic   B) underfunded

10. ---- opinion / suggestion / offer

    A) humble   B) impoverished

11. for no ---- reason / explanation

    A) haphazard   B) apparent

12. ---- to-towards strangers / guests

    A) accidental   B) inhospitable

13. on a somewhat ---- basis / choice

    A) haphazard   B) broke

14. ---- people / parents / children

    A) evident   B) needy

15. ---- person / income / age / temperature

    A) incidental   B) average

1) "obvious" is closest in meaning to -----.

A) clear   B) plain   C) hostile

D) accidental   E) apparent

2) "antagonistic" is closest in meaning to -----.

A) hostile   B) random   C) obvious

D) aggressive   E) explicit

3) "random" is closest in meaning to -----.

A) haphazard   B) hostile   C) arbitrary

D) unfriendly   E) accidental

4) "unfortunate" is closest in meaning to -----.

A) apparent   B) poor   C) needy

D) haphazard   E) accidental

5) "humble" is closest in meaning to -----.

A) evident   B) moderate   C) modest

D) apparent   E) average

6) "evident" is closest in meaning to -----.

A) hostile   B) transparent   C) clear

D) broke   E) needy

7) "belligerent" is closest in meaning to -----.

A) obvious   B) hostile   C) modest

D) inhospitable   E) evident

8) "incidental" is closest in meaning to -----.

A) random   B) poor   C) accidental

D) inhospitable   E) arbitrary

9) "broke" is closest in meaning to -----.

A) humble   B) needy   C) incidental

D) impoverished   E) apparent

10) "average" is closest in meaning to -----.

A) random   B) evident   C) modest

D) haphazard   E) moderate

11) "obvious" is closest in meaning to -----.

A) average   B) evident   C) explicit

D) apparent   E) prejudiced

12) "arbitrary" is closest in meaning to -----.

A) apparent   B) poor   C) needy

D) haphazard   E) accidental

The obvious solution to reduce air pollution is to decrease the use of fossil fuels and increase the use of electric vehicles.

Özne: The obvious solution to reduce air pollution

*** be to: mektir / maktır (My goal is to win the game: benim hedefim oyunu kazanmaktır. : he is to win the match: oyunu kazanacak)

*** Hava kirliliğini azaltmak için açık çözüm, fosil yakıtların kullanımını azaltmak ve elektrikli araçların kullanımını artırmaktır.

Hava kirliliği: air pollution (pollute / waste / contaminate: bulaştırmak, kirletmek)

Azaltmak: reduce / descend / go down / diminish / decrease / mitigate / dwindle

Artırmak: increase / improve / advance / grow / rise / enhance / augment

Açık çözüm: obvious solution (solve: çözmek)

????? neden 'to reduce' olmuş: 'mek, mak için' anlamına geldiği için…

Aggressive intervention is necessary to combat the spread of invasive plant species in natural ecosystems.

*** Agresif müdahale, doğal ekosistemlerde istilacı bitki türlerinin yayılımı ile savaşmak için gereklidir.

Yayılım: spread (spread (v): yay(ıl)mak)

Istilacı: invasive (invade: istila etmek / seize: kuşatmak / surround / envelope: sarmak/çevrelemek--- hold: tutmak)

Müdahale: intervention (intervene: müdahale etmek)

Savaşmak / mücadele etmek: fight, conflict, clash, combat

????? neden 'to combat': adjective + to verb: necessary to combat

The accidental release of harmful chemicals into the environment can have long-lasting and detrimental effects on ecosystems.

*** Zararlı kimyasalların çevreye kazara salınması ekosistem üzerinde uzun süreli ve zararlı etkiler yaratabilir.

*** effects/impact/influence ON

Kazara: accidental, incidental

Zararlı: detrimental, destructive, harmful

Salınması:release (release: salmak)

???? neden 'into' edatı: 'release' kelimesi bize burada yardımcı olur…

The average global temperature <mark>has increased</mark> by approximately 1 degree Celsius since pre-industrial times, primarily due to human activities.

*** ortalama küresel sıcaklık, özellikle insan faaliyetlerinden ötürü endüstri öncesi dönemlerden beri yaklaşık 1 derece kadar artmıştır.

-den dolayı: due to, owing to, because of, thanks to, as a result of, as a consequence of

-den beri: since

Ortalama: moderate / average

Artmak: go up, ascend, increase

Başlıca: mainly, primarily

????? neden 'has increased' olmuş… 'SINCE' den beri anlamına geldiğinde çok çok çok büyük ihtimal bir present perfect kullanımına gidilir. Present perfect: 'when' sorusuna cevap vermez ve 'now' noktası ile ilişki içindedir…

Hangi tense ler soru gelir. HAVE / HAS V3, V2, V1