

Here is the vocabulary from **Table 2** and **Table 3** used in context sentences.

I have incorporated **Modals of Present Probability/Obligation** (e.g., *must be, can be, should be*) and **Modals of Past Probability** (e.g., *might have been, could have been, must have been*) as requested.

**TABLE 2: Quality, Stability & Quantity**

**A. Ani / Acil (Sudden / Urgent)**

**Context:** *Emergency situations, time pressure, and unexpected events.*

- 1 • The driver **must have made** a **sudden turn** to avoid the accident. *in order to avoid*
- 2 • You **should not make** a **hasty decision** regarding your career; take your time. *do not hurry/ iyice düşün*
- 3 • This is a **vital\*** **pressing** issue that **must be** resolved immediately. *should solve ①*
- 4 • The **approaching** storm **could be** **severe**, so we **ought to** stay inside. *extreme ---- could / may / might / can*
- 5 • His **abrupt** departure **might have seemed** rude to the guests.
- 6 • We **need to** address the **urgent needs** of the refugees. *deal with*

**B. İstikrarlı / Sabit (Stable / Steady)**

**Context:** *Reliability, health, and consistency.*

1. **Amaç!!!** To see results, you **must be consistent** with your exercise routine. *② + + + must → have to*
- 2 • The patient's condition **might have been** critical yesterday, but it **should be stable** now. *③ + should + ought to*
- 3 • A **dependable** employee **can be hard** to find these days. *olsa gerek is expected to be ✓*
- 4 • Despite the chaos, she **was able to remain steady** and calm.
- 5 • The **persistent** noise **could become** annoying after a while. *bir süre sonra*
- 6 • The interest rates **should remain fixed** for the next year. *interest (w) concern*

**C. Bol-Çok (Abundant / Plenty)**

*There is/are: ..vard*

**Context:** *Resources, food, and evidence.*

- 1 • There **should be abundant** rainfall next year **for the crops to grow** this well. *for sth sb to do sth this + adj / adv*
- 2 • You **don't have to** worry; there **should be plenty** of food for everyone. *bu kadar + iyi büyümesine*
- 3 • He **could face** **substantial** losses if the market crashes. *collapse*
- 4 • We **might need ample** time to prepare the presentation. *= You should not drink too much coffee.*
- 5 • **Copious** amounts of coffee **might not be** good for your sleep.
- 6 • The garden **must be bountiful** this season **given** all the fruit. *göz önüne alındığında considering*

**D. Muhteşem / Harika / Çarpıcı (Magnificent / Striking)**

Context: Beauty, landscapes, and impressions.

- The view from the top **must be** absolutely **brehtaking**.
- Her performance **might have been** the most **spectacular** of the night.
- It **could be** described as a **picturesque** village hidden in the mountains.
- He **must have found** her quite **charming** and **alluring**.
- That was a **remarkable** achievement that **should be** celebrated.
- The architecture **can be** truly **magnificent** at sunset.

**TABLE 3: Character, Status & Nature**

**A. Tehlikeli & Zararlı (Dangerous & Harmful)**

Context: Health risks, threats, and bad intentions.

- Smoking **can be detrimental** to your lung health. *(for) zararlı*
- The chemicals used in the lab **must be treated as hazardous**.
- His comments **might have been unintended**, but they were **harmful**.  
  - The journey **through** the mountains **could have been perilous** in winter.
  - Doctors **suspected** the tumor **might be malignant**. *şüphelenmek*
  - It **could not have been** an accident; his actions were **malicious**.

threat → to sb/sth  
menace  
tehdit  
towards

through: 1. içinden geçerek.....  
2. boyunca 1960s  
during /in  
3. vasıtasıyla  
via  
with  
thanks to  
by means of

**B. Zararsız & İyi (Harmless & Good)**

Context: Personality, **medical diagnosis**, and **innocence**.

- Don't worry about the dog; it **must be harmless**.
- The growth **might have been scary**, but it **turned out to be benign**. *...olduğu ortaya çıktı= prove / turn out*
- He **should have been** more **gentle** with the fragile equipment.
- She **could be** **too naive** to **understand the complex politics**. *too + sıfat + to do sth*
- The suspect **might be innocent** **until** proven guilty. *suçlu olduğu ispat edilene kadar*
- It **must have been** a **kind** gesture to help the elderly woman.

M.K.

~~before?~~

until

I will go on studying until I get 90 on the test

hedef / vade

deadline.

### C. Yetenekli (Talented)

Context: Skills, work performance, and aptitude.

- 1 • She **must be** a highly **competent engineer** to solve that problem.
- 2 • He **could have been** a **gifted** artist if he had studied harder.
- 3 • **To get this job**, you **have to be proficient** in three languages.
  - This actor **can be** very **versatile**, playing both **comedy** and **drama**.
  - They **might be** the most **capable** team we have ever hired.
  - He **should be** **recognized as** a **skilful negotiator**.

### D. Ünlü, Seçkin & Namı Kötü (Famous & Notorious)

Context: Reputation, fame, and success.

- + • **The Good Reputation:**
  - 1 ○ The professor **must be eminent** in his field **to receive such an award**. *this böyle*
  - 2 ○ The city **can be renowned for** its cuisine. *mut fak*
  - 3 ○ She **might have been celebrated** as a hero after the war.
  - 4 ○ **He should be distinguished from his peers** by his work ethic. *by*
  - 5 ○ The business **must be thriving** to open three new branches.
  - 6 ○ She **could be credited with** saving the company from **bankruptcy**.
- • **The Bad Reputation:**
  - The area **might be notorious for** its high crime rate.
  - He **could have become infamous for** the scandal.
  - A **disreputable** source **should not be** trusted.

a short story titled "**The Lost Valley.**"

There are **bolded** the adjectives from tables and *italicized* the modals to show how they work together.

### The Lost Valley

Professor Thorne *must have been* the most **renowned** archaeologist of his generation. He was **celebrated** for his **distinguished** career, but he was also looking for one last **spectacular** discovery. He knew the journey into the Amazon *could be* **perilous**, so he needed a team that was both **competent** and **versatile**.

He hired a guide named Leo. Leo *might have been* **infamous for** his reckless behavior in the past, but he was undeniably **skilful**. Thorne knew that in the jungle, a **hasty** decision *could be* **detrimental** to their safety, so he needed someone **capable**.

The expedition started well. The weather *should have been* **stable**, but on the third day, there was a **sudden** and **abrupt** change. Heavy rain began to fall. The rainfall was **abundant**, turning the dirt paths into **hazardous** mud. The situation *could have become* **urgent**, but the team remained **steady**.

"We *must be* careful," Leo warned. "The jungle looks **innocent** and **picturesque**, but it *can be* **malignant**."

He pointed to a **charming** flower with **striking** red petals. "That plant looks **harmless**, even **beautiful**, but it *might be* **harmful** if you touch it. It *could be* fatal."

Despite the dangers, they pushed on. Finally, they broke through the trees and saw the valley. The view *must have been* the most **breathtaking** sight they had ever seen. The ruins of the lost city were **magnificent**. There were **plentiful** artifacts scattered on the ground, and the architecture was **impressive**.

Thorne smiled. "This discovery *will be* **notable for** centuries. We *must have been* extremely **lucky**—or perhaps just very **persistent**."

It turned out the environment was **benign** after all. The mission was a **complete** and **brilliant** success, and Thorne returned home as an **eminent** legend.

### Summary of Usage

- **Modals of Past Probability:** *must have been* (certainty), *might have been* (possibility), *could have become* (possibility).
- **Modals of Present Probability/Obligation:** *must be* (necessity/certainty), *could be* (possibility), *can be* (general truth).

In the sentence "**The weather *should have been* stable,**" I used "**should have**" to express a **broken expectation** about the past.

### 1. The Meaning: Expectation vs. Reality

When we use "**should have + V3 (past participle),**" we are often describing a situation where **what we expected to happen did NOT happen.**

- **The Expectation:** Based on the season or the forecast, the characters expected the weather to remain **stable** (clear and calm).
- **The Reality:** The weather actually changed and became **hazardous** (rainy/stormy).

If I had said "*The weather **was** stable,*" it would mean it actually stayed nice. By saying "*It **should have been** stable,*" I am telling you immediately that **something went wrong.**

### 2. The Formula

**Subject + Should have + V3 (Past Participle)**

- **Positive:** The package **should have arrived** yesterday. (But it didn't; it is late).
- **Negative:** The exam **should not have been** so difficult. (But it was; I expected it to be easy).

### 3. Comparing Contexts

Here is how the meaning changes with different modals in that sentence:

- "**The weather *must have been* stable.**"
  - *Meaning:* I am 90-100% sure it was stable (deduction).
  - *Context:* "Look at these old photos; the sky is blue. The weather *must have been* stable."
- "**The weather *might have been* stable.**"
  - *Meaning:* I am not sure, maybe it was, maybe it wasn't.
- "**The weather *should have been* stable.**"
  - *Meaning:* It was *supposed* to be stable, but it wasn't.