

#### Present Simple (Geniş Zaman)

**Present Simple** genellikle alışkanlıkları, rutinleri, genel gerçekleri ve sabit durumları ifade etmek için kullanılır.

#### Olumlu Cümleler

Fiilin yalın hali kullanılır. He/She/It (üçüncü tekil şahıs) için fiile "-s" veya "-es" eki eklenir.

- 1. I play tennis every Sunday.
- Her Pazar tenis ovnarım.
- 2. You study English.
- Sen İngilizce çalışırsın.
- 3. He works in a bank.
- o O bir bankada çalışır.
- 4. She drinks coffee every morning.
- O her sabah kahve içer.
- 5. It rains a lot in autumn.
- Sonbaharda çok yağmur yağar.
- 6. We live in Ankara.
- Biz Ankara'da yaşarız.
- 7. They watch TV in the evenings.
- Onlar akşamları televizyon izlerler.

#### **Olumsuz Cümleler**

"Do not" (don't) veya "does not" (doesn't) yardımcı fiilleri kullanılır. "He/She/It" için "doesn't" kullanılır ve fiil yalın halde kalır.

- 1. I do not (don't) like fast food.
- Fast food sevmem.
- 2. You do not (don't) understand this rule.
- Bu kuralı anlamazsın.
- 3. He does not (doesn't) play football.
- O futbol oynamaz.
- 4. She does not (doesn't) speak French.
- O Fransızca konuşmaz.
- 5. It does not (doesn't) snow here in summer.
- Burada yazın kar yağmaz.
- 6. We do not (don't) go to bed late.
- Biz geç yatmayız.
- 7. They do not (don't) have a car.
- Onların arabası yok.





#### Soru Cümleleri

"Do" veya "does" yardımcı fiilleri cümlenin başına gelir. "He/She/It" için "does" kullanılır ve fiil yalın halde kalır.

- 1. Do I need to go?
- o Gitmem gerekiyor mu?
- 2. **Do** you **live** in Istanbul?
- o İstanbul'da mı yaşıyorsun?
- 3. Does he like pizza?
- O pizza sever mi?
- 4. **Does** she work on Saturdays?
- o O cumartesileri çalışır mı?
- 5. Does it smell good?
- Güzel kokuyor mu?
- 6. **Do** we have enough time?
- o Yeterli zamanımız var mı?
- 7. **Do** they **study** English?
- o Onlar İngilizce mi çalışır?





#### Present Continuous (Şimdiki Zaman)

**Present Continuous** konuşma anında veya geçici olarak devam eden eylemleri ifade etmek için kullanılır.

#### Olumlu Cümleler

"Am/is/are" yardımcı fiilleri ve fiilin "-ing" almış hali kullanılır.

- 1. I am reading a book now.
- Şimdi bir kitap okuyorum.
- 2. You are listening to music.
- Müzik dinliyorsun.
- 3. He is watching TV.
- o O televizyon izliyor.
- 4. She is cooking dinner.
- O akşam yemeği pişiriyor.
- 5. It is raining outside.
- Dışarıda yağmur yağıyor.
- 6. We are learning English.
- o Biz İngilizce öğreniyoruz.
- 7. They are playing football in the park.
- Onlar parkta futbol oynuyorlar.

#### Olumsuz Cümleler

"Am/is/are" yardımcı fiillerinden sonra "not" eklenir.

- 1. I am not (isn't) sleeping.
- o Uyumuyorum.
- 2. You are not (aren't) studying right now.
- Şu anda ders çalışmıyorsun.
- 3. He is not (isn't) working today.
- O bugün çalışmıyor.
- 4. She is not (isn't) listening to me.
- o O beni dinlemiyor.
- 5. It is not (isn't) snowing.
- o Kar yağmıyor.
- 6. We are not (aren't) watching that movie.
- Biz o filmi izlemiyoruz.
- 7. They are not (aren't) talking on the phone.
- Onlar telefonda konuşmuyorlar.





#### Soru Cümleleri

"Am/is/are" yardımcı fiilleri cümlenin başına gelir.

- 1. Am I disturbing you?
- o Seni rahatsız mı ediyorum?
- 2. Are you waiting for someone?
- o Birini mi bekliyorsun?
- 3. **Is** he **going** to the party?
- o O partiye mi gidiyor?
- 4. Is she driving a car?
- O araba mı sürüyor?
- 5. **Is** it **getting** cold?
- o Hava soğuyor mu?
- 6. Are we doing this correctly?
- o Bunu doğru mu yapıyoruz?
- 7. Are they having fun?
- Onlar eğleniyorlar mı?





Zaman İfadesi (İngilizce)	Zaman İfadesi (Türkçe)
Present Simple İçin:	
always	her zaman
usually	genellikle
often	sık sık
sometimes	bazen
rarely	nadiren
never	asla
every day/week/month/year	her gün/hafta/ay/yıl
on Mondays/Tuesdays, etc.	Pazartesileri/Salıl arı, vb.
at the weekend(s)	hafta sonu(ları)
in the morning(s)/afternoon(s)/eve ning(s)	sabah(ları)/öğled en sonra(ları)/akşam (ları)
once a week/month, etc.	haftada/ayda bir, vb.
twice a year	yılda iki kez

Present Continuous İçin:	
now	şimdi
right now	tam şu an
at the moment	şu anda
today 📒	bugün
this week/month/year	bu hafta/ay/yıl
currently	şu sıralar
(look!)	(bak!)
(listen!)	(dinle!)



#### İngilizce Çeviri Alıştırmaları

#### (Zaman İfadeleriyle)

- 1. Her sabah erken kalkarım.
  - a) I get up early every morning.
  - b) I am getting up early every morning.
- 2. Şu anda televizyon izlemiyorum.
  - a) I don't watch TV right now.
  - b) I am not watching TV right now.
- 3. O, şu an bilgisayar oyunu oynuyor.
  - a) He is playing a computer game at the moment.
  - b) He plays a computer game at the moment.
- 4. Onlar genellikle hafta sonları parkta yürürler.
  - a) They usually walk in the park on weekends.
  - b) They are usually walking in the park on weekends.
- 5. Şu anda dışarıda kar yağıyor mu?
  - a) Does it snow outside now?
  - b) Is it snowing outside now?

- 6. O, her gün işe otobüsle gider.
  - a) He goes to work by bus every day.
  - b) He is going to work by bus every day.
- 7. Tam şu an ne okuyorsun?
  - a) What do you read exactly right now?
  - b) What are you reading exactly right now?
- 8. Biz her yaz İtalya'ya seyahat ederiz.
  - a) We travel to Italy every summer.
  - b) We are traveling to Italy every summer.
- 9. O, şu an telefonda konuşmuyor.
  - a) She isn't talking on the phone at the moment.
  - b) She doesn't talk on the phone at the moment.
- 10. Su yüz derecede kaynar.
  - a) Water is boiling at one hundred degrees Celsius.
  - b) Water boils at one hundred degrees Celsius.





#### Türkçe'den İngilizce'ye Çeviri Alıştırmaları

- 1. O, her sabah işe otobüsle gider.
- a) He goes to work by bus every morning.
- b) He is going to work by bus every morning.
- 2. Şu an mutfakta yemek pişiriyorum.
- a) I am cooking in the kitchen right now.
- b) I cook in the kitchen right now.
- Çocuklar genellikle okuldan sonra oyun oynarlar.
- a) Children are usually playing games after school.
- b) Children usually play games after school.
- 4. Dışarıda yağmur yağıyor, bu yüzden şemsiyeye ihtiyacımız var.
- a) It rains outside, so we need an umbrella.
- b) It is raining outside, so we need an umbrella.
- 5. Sen her hafta sonu spor yapar mısın?
- a) Do you do sports every weekend?
- b) Are you doing sports every weekend?

#### 6. O, şu an telefonda konuşuyor.

- a) She is talking on the phone at the moment.
- b) She talks on the phone at the moment.
- 7. Biz nadiren akşam yemeği için dışarı çıkarız.
- a) We are rarely going out for dinner.
- b) We rarely go out for dinner.
- 8. Su anda ne düşünüyorsun?
- a) What do you usually think about?
- b) What are you thinking about right now?
- 9. Günes batıdan batar.
- a) The sun sets in the west.
- b) The sun is setting in the west.
- 10. Onlar bu hafta sonu büyükannelerini ziyaret ediyorlar.
- a) They visit their grandmother this weekend.
- b) They are visiting their grandmother this weekend.





#### Okuma Parçaları (A2 Seviye - Akademik Konular)

#### Okuma Parçaları (A2 Seviye)

#### 1. My Daily Routine (Günlük Rutinim)

I wake up at 7:00 AM every weekday. First, I brush my teeth and wash my face. Then, I go to the kitchen and make breakfast. I usually eat cereal and drink a glass of milk. After breakfast, I get dressed for work. I leave my house at 8:00 AM and take the bus. The bus arrives at my office at 8:45 AM. I start work at 9:00 AM. Right now, I am sitting at my desk and I am writing an email to my colleague. My colleague is talking on the phone, so she is not answering my questions at the moment. I usually finish work at 5:00 PM. This evening, I am meeting my friends for dinner. We are trying a new restaurant in the city center.

#### Parça 1: My Daily Routine (Günlük Rutinim)

- The person wakes up at 7:00 AM on Saturdays and Sundays.
- After breakfast, the person takes the bus to work.
- The person is writing an email to a friend right now.
- The person is going to a new restaurant with friends this evening.





#### Okuma Parçaları ve Cümle Çevirileri

- 1. My Daily Routine (Günlük Rutinim)
- 1. I wake up at 7:00 AM every weekday.
- o Her hafta içi sabah 7:00'de uyanırım.
- 2. First, I brush my teeth and wash my face.
- o Önce dislerimi fırçalar ve yüzümü yıkarım.
- 3. Then, I go to the kitchen and make breakfast.
- Sonra mutfağa gider ve kahvaltı yaparım.
- 4. I usually eat cereal and drink a glass of milk.
- Genellikle mısır gevreği yerim ve bir bardak süt içerim.
- 5. After breakfast, I get dressed for work.
- o Kahvaltıdan sonra iş için giyinirim.
- 6. I leave my house at 8:00 AM and take the bus.
- o Sabah 8:00'de evden çıkarım ve otobüse binerim.

- 7. The bus arrives at my office at 8:45 AM.
- Otobüs ofisime sabah 8:45'te varır.
- 8. I start work at 9:00 AM.
- Sabah 9:00'da işe başlarım.
- Right now, I am sitting at my desk and I am writing an email to my colleague.
- Şu an masamda oturuyorum ve iş arkadaşıma bir eposta yazıyorum.
- My colleague is talking on the phone, so she is not answering my questions at the moment.
- İş arkadaşım telefonda konuşuyor, bu yüzden şu an sorularımı yanıtlamıyor.
- 11. I usually finish work at 5:00 PM.
- İşi genellikle akşam 5:00'te bitiririm.
- 12. This evening, I am meeting my friends for dinner.
- Bu akşam arkadaşlarımla akşam yemeği için buluşuyorum.
- 13. We are trying a new restaurant in the city center.
- o Şehir merkezinde yeni bir restoran deniyoruz.

Okuma Anlama Sorulari





#### 2. Living in the City (Şehirde Yaşamak)

Living in a big city is very exciting. Many people love the fast pace of life. Cities offer a lot of opportunities. For example, there are many jobs, shops, and entertainment options. People often go to museums, theaters, and parks. Public transport works very well, so most people do not need a car. However, city life also has some challenges. Traffic is often heavy, especially during rush hour. Noise pollution is a big problem for some residents. Right now, a lot of construction is happening in my neighborhood, so it is being very noisy. Also, the cost of living is usually higher in cities. But despite these things, more and more people are moving to cities every year because they are looking for new experiences and better chances.

#### Parça 2: Living in the City (Şehirde Yaşamak)

- Many people dislike the fast pace of city life.
- 2. Most people in the city need a car because public transport isn't good.
- 3. The neighborhood in the text is very noisy because of construction.
- 4. People are moving to cities less and less each year.





- 2. Living in the City (Şehirde Yaşamak)
- 1. Living in a big city is very exciting.
- o Büyük bir şehirde yaşamak çok heyecan vericidir.
- 2. Many people love the fast pace of life.
- o Birçok insan hayatın hızlı temposunu sever.
- 3. Cities offer a lot of opportunities.
- Sehirler bircok fırsat sunar.
- 4. For example, there are many jobs, shops, and entertainment options.
- Örneğin, birçok iş, mağaza ve eğlence seçeneği vardır.
- 5. People often go to museums, theaters, and parks.
- İnsanlar sık sık müzelere, tiyatrolara ve parklara aiderler.

- 6. Public transport works very well, so most people do not need a car.
- Toplu taşıma çok iyi çalışır, bu yüzden çoğu insanın arabaya ihtiyacı yoktur.
- 7. However, city life also has some challenges.
- o Ancak, şehir hayatının bazı zorlukları da vardır.
- 8. Traffic is often heavy, especially during rush hour.
- Trafik genellikle yoğundur, özellikle yoğun saatlerde.
- Noise pollution is a big problem for some residents.
- Gürültü kirliliği bazı sakinler için büyük bir sorundur.
- 10. Right now, a lot of construction is happening in my neighborhood, so it is being very noisy.
- Şu an mahallemde çok fazla inşaat oluyor, bu yüzden çok gürültülü.
- 11. Also, the cost of living is usually higher in cities.
- Ayrıca, şehirlerde yaşam maliyeti genellikle daha yüksektir.
- 12. But despite these things, more and more people are moving to cities every year because they are looking for new experiences and better chances.
- Ancak bunlara rağmen, her yıl daha fazla insan şehirlere taşınıyor çünkü yeni deneyimler ve daha iyi fırsatlar anyorlar.





#### Cevap Anahtarı

#### Parça 1: My Daily Routine

- 1. False (Metin "every weekday" diyor.)
- 2. True
- 3. False (Metin "to my colleague" diyor.)
- 4. True

#### Parça 2: Living in the City

- False (Metin "Many people love the fast pace of life" diyor.)
- False (Metin "Public transport works very well, so most people do not need a car" diyor.)
- 3. True
- False (Metin "more and more people are moving to cities every year" diyor.)





#### Ek okumalar:

### 1. The Study Habits of Successful Students (Başarılı Öğrencilerin Çalışma Alışkanlıkları)

Successful students understand that good study habits are important. They usually plan their study time carefully. For example, a student often studies for two hours in the evening, and then takes a short break.

They do not wait until the last minute to finish their assignments. Instead, they start early. Right now, many students are preparing for their final exams.

They are reading their notes, and some are discussing topics with classmates. At this moment, a student is writing an essay, and another is reviewing math problems. They are working hard because they want to achieve good grades. This week, the library is full of students who are trying to concentrate.

#### Cümle Çevirileri

- Successful students understand that good study habits are important.
- Başarılı öğrenciler iyi çalışma alışkanlıklarının önemli olduğunu anlarlar.
- 2. They usually plan their study time carefully.
- o Genellikle çalışma zamanlarını dikkatlice planlarlar.
- For example, a student often studies for two hours in the evening, and then takes a short break.
- Örneğin, bir öğrenci genellikle akşamları iki saat ders çalışır ve sonra kısa bir mola verir.

- They do not wait until the last minute to finish their assignments.
- Ödevlerini bitirmek için son dakikaya kadar beklemezler.
- 5. Instead, they start early.
- Bunun yerine, erken başlarlar.
- Right now, many students are preparing for their final exams.
- Şu anda birçok öğrenci final sınavlarına hazırlanıyor.
- 7. They are reading their notes, and some are discussing topics with classmates.
- Notlarını okuyorlar ve bazıları sınıf arkadaşlarıyla konuları tartışıyor.
- 8. At this moment, a student is writing an essay, and another is reviewing math problems.
- Tam şu anda, bir öğrenci deneme yazıyor ve diğeri matematik problemlerini gözden geçiriyor.
- They are working hard because they want to achieve good grades.
- Çok çalışıyorlar çünkü iyi notlar almak istiyorlar.
- 10. This week, the library is full of students who are trying to concentrate.
- Bu hafta kütüphane, konsantre olmaya çalışan öğrencilerle dolu.



# 2. Modern Technology and Communication (Modern Teknoloji ve İletişim)

Modern technology changes the way people communicate. People use smartphones and computers every day to talk to friends and family. Social media platforms are becoming very popular. For example, many young people are sending messages and sharing photos online constantly. Companies also use technology for communication. They often hold online meetings instead of meeting in person. Today, more and more businesses are working remotely, and employees are connecting from different cities and countries. This helps them save time and money. However, some people think that technology is reducing face-to-face interaction. They believe that while we are connecting more online, we are losing personal contact.

- Modern technology changes the way people communicate.
- Modern teknoloji, insanların iletişim kurma şeklini değiştiriyor.
- People use smartphones and computers every day to talk to friends and family.
- İnsanlar her gün arkadaşları ve aileleriyle konuşmak için akıllı telefon ve bilgisayar kullanırlar.
- Social media platforms are becoming very popular.
- Sosyal medya platformları çok popüler hale geliyor.

- For example, many young people are sending messages and sharing photos online constantly.
- Örneğin, birçok genç sürekli olarak çevrimiçi mesaj gönderiyor ve fotoğraf paylaşıyor.
- Companies also use technology for communication.
- o Şir<mark>ketler de</mark> iletişim için teknoloji kullanır.
- They often hold online meetings instead of meeting in person.
- Yüz yüze görüşmek yerine sık sık çevrimiçi toplantılar düzenlerler.
- Today, more and more businesses are working remotely, and employees are connecting from different cities and countries.
- Bugün, giderek daha fazla işletme uzaktan çalışıyor ve çalışanlar farklı şehirlerden ve ülkelerden bağlantı kuruyor.
- 8. This helps them save time and money.
- o Bu onlara zaman ve para tasarrufu sağlıyor.
- However, some people think that technology is reducing face-to-face interaction.
- Ancak, bazı insanlar teknolojinin yüz yüze etkileşimi azalttığını düşünüyor.
- They believe that while we are connecting more online, we are losing personal contact.
- Çevrimiçi daha fazla bağlantı kurarken, kişisel teması kaybettiğimize inanıyorlar.



### 3. The Impact of Climate Change (İklim Değişikliğinin Etkisi)

Climate change is a serious global problem that affects everyone. Scientists agree that the Earth's average temperature is rising. This is causing many issues around the world. For example, polar ice caps are melting, and sea levels are increasing. Many coastal cities are facing the risk of flooding in the future. Farmers are also struggling because weather patterns are changing unpredictably. They do not know when it will rain or when there will be a drought.

Governments and organizations are working to find solutions. They are investing in renewable energy sources like solar and wind power. Also, many people are trying to reduce their carbon footprint by using less energy and recycling more. People understand that if we do not act now, the problem will become much worse. Every day, environmentalists are raising awareness about these critical issues.

#### Okuma Parçaları ve Cümle Çevirileri

- 1. The Impact of Climate Change (İklim Değişikliğinin Etkisi)
- 1. Climate change is a serious global problem that affects everyone.
- İklim değişikliği herkesi etkileyen ciddi bir küresel sorundur.
- 2. Scientists agree that the Earth's average temperature is rising.
- Bilim insanları Dünya'nın ortalama sıcaklığının arttığı konusunda hemfikir.
- 3. This is causing many issues around the world.
- o Bu, dünya genelinde birçok soruna neden oluyor.
- For example, polar ice caps are melting, and sea levels are increasing.
- Örneğin, kutup buzulları eriyor ve deniz seviyeleri yükseliyor.

- Many coastal cities are facing the risk of flooding in the future.
- o Birçok kıyı şehri gelecekte sel riskiyle karşı karşıya.
- 6. Farmers are also struggling because weather patterns are changing unpredictably.
- Çiftçiler de hava durumu modelleri öngörülemez bir şekilde değiştiği için zorlanıyor.
- 7. They do not know when it will rain or when there will be a drought.
- Ne zaman yağmur yağacağını ya da ne zaman kuraklık olacağını bilmiyorlar.
- 8. Governments and organizations are working to find solutions.
- Hükümetler ve kuruluşlar çözüm bulmak için çalışıyorlar.
- 9. They are investing in renewable energy sources like solar and wind power.
- Güneş ve rüzgar enerjisi gibi yenilenebilir enerji kaynaklarına yatırım yapıyorlar.
- 10. Also, many people are trying to reduce their carbon footprint by using less energy and recycling more.
- Ayrıca, birçok insan daha az enerji kullanarak ve daha fazla geri dönüştürerek karbon ayak izlerini azaltmaya çalışıyor.
- 11. People understand that if we do not act now, the problem will become much worse.
- İnsanlar şimdi harekete geçmezsek sorunun çok daha kötüleşeceğini anlıyor.
- Every day, environmentalists are raising awareness about these critical issues.
- Her gün, çevreciler bu kritik konularda farkındalık yaratıyorlar.





#### 4. The Evolution of Education (Eğitimin Evrimi)

Education is constantly evolving. Traditionally, students attend physical schools and universities. Teachers stand in front of a class and deliver lectures. This system still exists in many places today. However, technology is transforming how we learn. Online learning platforms are becoming incredibly popular. Millions of students are taking courses from home, and they are accessing educational materials from all over the world.

Universities are now offering more online degrees, and students are finding it easier to balance work and study. Teachers are also adapting their methods. They are using interactive whiteboards and educational apps in the classroom. While some people believe that traditional classroom learning is always better, many others argue that online learning provides more flexibility and accessibility. The future of education is definitely changing, and it is opening new doors for learners everywhere.

- 2. The Evolution of Education (Eğitimin Evrimi)
- 1. Education is constantly evolving.
- Eğitim sürekli gelişiyor.
- 2. Traditionally, students attend physical schools and universities.
- Geleneksel olarak, öğrenciler fiziksel okullara ve üniversitelere giderler.
- Teachers stand in front of a class and deliver lectures.
- Öğretmenler sınıfın önünde durur ve ders verirler.
- 4. This system still exists in many places today.
- o Bu sistem bugün hala birçok yerde mevcut.
- 5. However, technology is transforming how we learn.
- o Ancak, teknoloji öğrenme şeklimizi dönüştürüyor.

- 6. Online learning platforms are becoming incredibly popular.
- Çevrimiçi öğrenme platformları inanılmaz derecede popüler hale geliyor.
- Millions of students are taking courses from home, and they are accessing educational materials from all over the world.
- Milyonlarca öğrenci evden ders alıyor ve dünyanın her yerinden eğitim materyallerine erişiyorlar.
- 8. Universities are now offering more online degrees, and students are finding it easier to balance work and study.
- Üniversiteler artık daha fazla çevrimiçi derece sunuyor ve öğrenciler iş ve dersi dengelemeyi daha kolay buluyor.
- 9. Teachers are also adapting their methods.
- o Öğretmenler de yöntemlerini uyarlıyorlar.
- 10. They are using interactive whiteboards and educational apps in the classroom.
- Sınıfta etkileşimli beyaz tahtalar ve eğitim uygulamaları kullanıyorlar.
- While some people believe that traditional classroom learning is always better, many others argue that online learning provides more flexibility and accessibility.
- Bazı insanlar geleneksel sınıf öğreniminin her zaman daha iyi olduğuna inanırken, diğer birçok kişi çevrimiçi öğrenmenin daha fazla esneklik ve erisilebilirlik sağladığını savunuyor.
- 12. The future of education is definitely changing, and it is opening new doors for learners everywhere.
- Eğitimin geleceği kesinlikle değişiyor ve dünyanın her yerindeki öğrenciler için yeni kapılar açıyor.



Successful students understand that good study habits are important. They usually plan their study time carefully. For example, a student often studies for two hours in the evening, and then takes a short break. They do not wait until the last minute to finish their assignments. Instead, they start early. Right now, many students are preparing for their final exams. They are reading their notes, and some are discussing topics with classmates. At this moment, a student is writing an essay, and another is reviewing math problems. They are working hard because they want to achieve good grades. This week, the library is full of students who are trying to concentrate.

#### Okuma Anlama Soruları

# Parça 1: The Study Habits of Successful Students (Başarılı Öğrencilerin Çalışma Alışkanlıkları)

- 1. Successful students often wait until the last minute to do their homework.
- Many students are currently preparing for their final exams.
- 3. Some students are discussing topics with their teachers right now.
- 4. The library is empty this week because students are studying at home.





Modern technology **changes** the way people **communicate**. People **use** smartphones and computers every day to talk to friends and family. Social media platforms **are becoming** very popular. For example, many young people **are sending** messages and **sharing** photos online constantly. Companies also **use** technology for communication. They often **hold** online meetings instead of meeting in person. Today, more and more businesses **are working** remotely, and employees **are connecting** from different cities and countries. This **helps** them save time and money. However, some people **think** that technology **is reducing** face-to-face interaction. They **believe** that while we **are connecting** more online, we **are losing** personal contact.

### Parça 2: Modern Technology and Communication (Modern Teknoloji ve İletişim)

- Modern technology has no effect on how people communicate.
- Companies prefer to meet in person rather than hold online meetings.
- Employees from different cities and countries can connect because businesses are working remotely.
- 4. Some people believe that technology helps increase face-to-face interaction.





Climate change is a serious global problem that affects everyone. Scientists agree that the Earth's average temperature is rising. This is causing many issues around the world. For example, polar ice caps are melting, and sea levels are increasing. Many coastal cities are facing the risk of flooding in the future. Farmers are also struggling because weather patterns are changing unpredictably. They do not know when it will rain or when there will be a drought.

Governments and organizations are working to find solutions. They are investing in renewable energy sources like solar and wind power. Also, many people are trying to reduce their carbon footprint by using less energy and recycling more. People understand that if we do not act now, the problem will become much worse. Every day, environmentalists are raising awareness about these critical issues.

### Parça 3: The Impact of Climate Change (İklim Değişikliğinin Etkisi)

- Scientists disagree about the Earth's average temperature rising.
- Rising sea levels are causing coastal cities to face flooding risks.
- Farmers are finding it easy to plan because weather patterns are predictable.
- 4. Governments are investing in fossil fuels to find solutions for climate change.





Education is constantly evolving. Traditionally, students attend physical schools and universities. Teachers stand in front of a class and deliver lectures. This system still exists in many places today. However, technology is transforming how we learn. Online learning platforms are becoming incredibly popular. Millions of students are taking courses from home, and they are accessing educational materials from all over the world.

Universities are now offering more online degrees, and students are finding it easier to balance work and study. Teachers are also adapting their methods. They are using interactive whiteboards and educational apps in the classroom. While some people believe that traditional classroom learning is always better, many others argue that online learning provides more flexibility and accessibility. The future of education is definitely changing, and it is opening new doors for learners everywhere.

#### Parça 4: The Evolution of Education (Eğitimin Evrimi)

- Education is a static field and rarely changes.
- 2. Online learning platforms are becoming less popular.
- Universities are now offering fewer online degrees.
- Online learning is believed by some to offer more flexibility and accessibility.





#### Cevap Anahtarı

### Parça 1: The Study Habits of Successful Students

- False (They do not wait until the last minute.)
- 2. True
- 3. False (They are discussing with classmates.)
- 4. False (The library is full.)

### Parça 2: Modern Technology and Communication

- False (It changes the way people communicate.)
- False (They often hold online meetings instead of meeting in person.)
- 3. True
- False (Some people think it is reducing faceto-face interaction.)

#### Parça 3: The Impact of Climate Change

- False (Scientists agree that the Earth's average temperature is rising.)
- 2. True
- False (Weather patterns are changing unpredictably, making it difficult for farmers.)
- False (They are investing in renewable energy sources.)

#### Parça 4: The Evolution of Education

1. False (Education is constantly evolving.)

- False (Online learning platforms are becoming incredibly popular.)
- False (Universities are now offering more online degrees.)
- 1. True

