

CLOZE TEST 1

Music therapy has recently gained popularity for its ability 1) ---- in emotional and psychological healing. This practice, which involves the use of music to improve mental and physical well-being, has been 2) ---- in various healthcare settings, where patients experience its calming effects. The therapeutic use of music extends 3) ---- simply providing relaxation; it also helps to improve mood, reduce stress, and enhance cognitive functioning. As researchers continue to explore the benefits of music therapy, they have found that it can be an effective treatment for a wide range of conditions, 4) ---- depression, anxiety, and even chronic pain. 5) ---, music therapy is now widely recognized as a complementary treatment, contributing to the holistic well-being of individuals.

1. A) aided B) aiding
C) to aid D) to be aided
E) to have aided

2.

- A) excluded B) delayed
C) integrated D) blocked
E) rejected

3.

- A) to B) beyond
C) onto D) across
E) into

4.

- A) in response to B) for the sake of
C) such as D) but for
E) for all

5.

- A) Moreover B) However
C) As such D) Otherwise
E) In contrast

CLOZE TEST 2

The United Nations (UN) was established after World War II
1) ---- maintaining international peace and security. However,
over the decades, critics have pointed out its increasing
inefficiency in addressing global crises. The UN's decision-
making process, especially within the Security Council, has
been 2)---- for being slow and often paralyzed by the veto
power of its permanent members. This has 3)---- an inability to
take swift action in situations such as humanitarian crises,
conflicts, and environmental challenges. While the UN
continues to play a role in diplomacy and humanitarian aid, its
failure to adapt to the changing geopolitical landscape has led
some to question its relevance. 4)----there are ongoing
discussions about reforming the UN, progress has been
minimal due to the resistance from key member states. 5) ----,
the organization still remains in a state of gridlock, and far from
fulfilling its original mandate of keeping peace effectively.

1. obligation with a view to
task for the sake of
duty
- A) in contrast to
C) in spite of
E) as a result of
- B) with the goal of
D) as well as

2.

- A) praised
C) criticized
E) ignored
- B) celebrated
D) honored

3.

- A) resulted in
C) caused by
E) ironed out
- B) turned down
D) broken into

4.

- A) Even though
C) So that
E) Whereas
- B) Unless
D) Because

5.

- A) Namely
C) Meanwhile
E) However
- B) In contrast
D) Otherwise

Quantum mechanics is a fundamental branch of physics that describes the behavior of matter and energy at the smallest scales, such as atoms and subatomic particles. Unlike classical physics, which operates under laws that are predictable and deterministic, quantum mechanics introduces elements of probability and uncertainty. One of its key principles is wave-particle duality, where particles like electrons can behave as both particles and waves depending on the conditions. Another important concept is superposition, which states that particles can exist in multiple states simultaneously until observed. This leads to phenomena such as quantum entanglement, where two particles can become linked and instantly affect each other regardless of distance. Quantum mechanics has not only revolutionized our understanding of the universe at the microscopic level but also led to advancements in technology, such as quantum computing and cryptography. While highly successful in explaining a wide range of phenomena, quantum mechanics remains counterintuitive to many because it defies the common experiences of the macroscopic world.

1. What does the passage primarily discuss regarding quantum mechanics?

- A) Its failure to explain and surpass classical physics
- B) Its application to large-scale phenomena
- C) The role of probability and ambiguity in quantum systems
- D) Its predictability and deterministic nature
- E) Its simplicity compared to classical physics

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2. Which concept in quantum mechanics explains that particles can act as both waves and particles?

- A) Superposition
- B) Quantum entanglement
- C) Wave-particle duality
- D) Relativity
- E) Determinism

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3. According to the passage, ----

- A) If it had not been for quantum mechanics, our understanding of the universe at the microscopic level would have been limited.
- B) Quantum mechanics cannot be defined as an essential branch of physics as it fails to describe the behavior of matter and energy at the smallest scales.
- C) Quantum mechanics and classical physics are similar in that both operate under laws that are predictable and deterministic.
- D) Quantum mechanics and classical physics are different in that the former operates under laws that are predictable and deterministic.
- E) It is classic physics rather than quantum mechanics that introduces elements of probability and uncertainty.

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4. We learn from the passage that ----.

- A) Wave-particle duality explains that particles like electrons can behave as both particles and waves irrespective of the conditions.
- B) Quantum computing is still being debated and is an area in which improvement has been observed little to none
- C) Superposition is a concept to explain how particles can exist in a single state
- D) Quantum entanglement can be defined as a phenomenon where distance plays a negligible role
- E) Cryptography can be cited as the only field where advancements has been recorded.

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5. The underlined word “counterintuitive” in the text is closest in meaning to ----.

- A) logical
- B) strange
- C) simple
- D) predictable
- E) straightforward

1. Quantum mechanics is a fundamental branch of physics that describes the behavior of matter and energy at the smallest scales, such as atoms and subatomic particles.
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6. Quantum mechanics has not only revolutionized our understanding of the universe at the microscopic level but also led to advancements in technology, such as quantum computing and cryptography.
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1. Kuantum mekaniği, atomlar ve atom altı parçacıklar gibi en küçük ölçeklerde madde ve enerjinin davranışını tanımlayan temel bir fizik dalıdır.
2. Öngörülebilir ve deterministik yasalar altında işleyen klasik fiziğin aksine, kuantum mekaniği olasılık ve belirsizlik unsurlarını ortaya koyar.
3. Temel ilkelerinden biri, elektronlar gibi parçacıkların koşullara bağlı olarak hem parçacık hem de dalga gibi davranabildiği dalga-parçacık ikiliğidir.
4. Bir diğer önemli kavram ise parçacıkların gözlemlenene kadar aynı anda birden fazla durumda bulunabileceğini ifade eden süperpozisyonudur.
5. Bu, iki parçacığın birbirine bağlanabildiği ve mesafeden bağımsız olarak birbirini anında etkileyebildiği kuantum dolanıklığı gibi olgulara yol açar.
6. Kuantum mekaniği sadece mikroskobik düzeyde evren anlayışımızda devrim yaratmakla kalmamış, aynı zamanda kuantum hesaplama ve kriptografi gibi teknolojilerde de ilerlemelere yol açmıştır.
7. Çok çeşitli fenomenleri açıklamada son derece başarılı olsa da, kuantum mekaniği makroskobik dünyanın ortak deneyimlerine meydan okuduğu için birçok kişi için mantıksız olmaya devam etmektedir.

The myth of Narcissus, originating from ancient Greek mythology, offers a timeless reflection on the perils of vanity and self-obsession. Narcissus, a youth renowned for his extraordinary beauty, rejected all romantic advances, believing himself to be superior. Among those scorned was the nymph Echo, who pined for him until her voice was all that remained. As punishment for his arrogance, the gods caused Narcissus to fall hopelessly in love with his reflection in a pool of water. Captivated by his own image, he remained transfixed, ultimately wasting away. Narcissus' tragic end led to the birth of the term "narcissism," which refers to an unhealthy preoccupation with oneself. This myth raises deeper questions about human nature, suggesting that unchecked pride and an excessive focus on one's own image can lead to personal destruction. Throughout history, scholars have analyzed the myth as a metaphor for the dangers of isolation and self-absorption, warning that obsession with self-image may cause individuals to lose touch with reality and those around them. As the myth suggests, to gaze too deeply into oneself may result in a loss of connection with the world and, ultimately, one's downfall.

1.What does the myth of Narcissus suggest about self-obsession?

- A) It can lead to increased self-awareness.
- B) It results in a life of solitude and emptiness.
- C) It brings happiness and fulfillment.
- D) It strengthens personal relationships.
- E) It encourages a stronger connection with nature.

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2.What is the significance of Echo's role in the myth?

- A) She serves as a symbol of rejection and heartbreak.
- B) She represents Narcissus' alter ego.
- C) She is punished for falling in love with Narcissus.
- D) She distracts Narcissus from his reflection.
- E) She breaks the curse that causes Narcissus' downfall.

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3. What can be inferred about the term "narcissism" based on the myth?

- A) It encourages self-confidence and empowerment. +
- B) It represents a balanced form of self-love. +
- C) It denotes destructive self-absorption and vanity. -
- D) It refers to the admiration others have for someone's beauty. +
- E) It symbolizes wisdom and self-awareness. +

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4. What lesson does the myth of Narcissus offer about human behavior?

- A) The pursuit of personal happiness should be the ultimate goal. +
- B) One must reject all external relationships to discover inner peace. +
- C) Excessive pride and self-focus can lead to personal ruin. —
- D) Vanity is essential for success in life. +
- E) Love is stronger than self-destruction. +

4445

4750

518

Kibir

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5.What would be an appropriate title for this passage?

- A) The Origins of Vanity and Self-obsession
- B) The Story of Echo and Narcissus
- C) The Tragic Consequences of Self-Obsession
- D) Greek Myths: A Guide to Pride
- E) The Rise of Narcissism in Modern Times

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6. Which of the following can be inferred from the text?

- A) The nymph Echo fell hopelessly in love with her reflection in a pool of water.
- B) Narcissus, a youth famous for his exceptional beauty, was into romantic advances and had many love affairs.
- C) The nymph Echo is an exception to the rule as she was not among those scorned by Narcissus.
- D) Echo was the only woman who distracted Narcissus from his reflection.
- E) Gods were not indifferent to unacceptable traits like arrogance.

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7. Which of the following can be inferred from the text?

- A) Narcissus fell desperately in love with Echo's reflection in a pool of water.
- B) It was not Narcissus but women who were in pursuit of of a romantic relationship.
- C) The nymph Echo is no exception given that she is only one of the love affairs of Narcissus.
- D) It was gods who were able to distract Narcissus from his reflection.
- E) Gods were not involved in any worldly affairs among mortals and did not intervene even in case of arrogance.

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8. Which of the following can be inferred from the text?

- A) The myth of Narcissus is likely to hold important lessons for generations to come.
- B) To gaze too deeply into oneself may be the first step towards making a meaningful connection with oneself.
- C) Throughout history, scholars have taken no notice whatsoever about the myth of Narcissus as there were other metaphors.
- D) It was in the hands of gods to prevent the arrogance of Narcissus, but they wanted to teach a lesson to people via his downfall.
- E) Gods were always involved in worldly affairs among mortals and intervened only in case of pride.

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9. The underlined word "unchecked" in the text is closest in meaning to ----.

A) coherent

B) extreme

C) modest

D) insufficient

E) sincere

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10. What is the tone of the passage regarding Narcissus' actions and their consequences?

- A) Sympathetic and forgiving *affedici*
- B) Humorous and lighthearted
- C) Critical and cautionary *uyarıcı*
- D) Objective and neutral *4*
- E) Optimistic and inspiring *++*

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11.What is the primary aim of the author in discussing the myth of Narcissus?

- A) To highlight the benefits of self-love in moderation
- B) To analyze the romantic relationships in Greek mythology
- C) To warn against the destructive consequences of excessive vanity
- D) To advocate for the rejection of classical myths
- E) To explore how beauty is portrayed in ancient stories

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12. The underlined word "pined for" in the text is closest in meaning to ----.

- A) desire +
- B) adopt +
- C) reject 4 -
- D) detest - hate
- E) avoid -

13. The underlined word "waste away" in the text is closest in meaning to ----.

- A) crave for
- B) wipe out 75% destroy yok etmel
- C) turn up
- D) call off
- E) pass away 25% die

- 1.The myth of Narcissus, originating from ancient Greek mythology, offers a timeless reflection on the perils of vanity and self-obsession.
- 2.Narcissus, a youth renowned for his extraordinary beauty, rejected all romantic advances, believing himself to be superior.
- 3.Among those scorned was the nymph Echo, who **pined for** him until her voice was all that remained.
- 4.As punishment for his arrogance, the gods caused Narcissus to fall hopelessly in love with his reflection in a pool of water.
- 5.Captivated by his own image, he remained transfixed, ultimately wasting away.
- 6.Narcissus' tragic end led to the birth of the term "narcissism," which refers to an unhealthy preoccupation with oneself.
- 7.This myth raises deeper questions about human nature, suggesting that **unchecked** pride and an excessive focus on one's own image can lead to personal destruction.
- 8.Throughout history, scholars have analyzed the myth as a metaphor for the dangers of isolation and self-absorption, warning that obsession with self-image may cause individuals to lose touch with reality and those around them.
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Antik Yunan mitolojisinden gelen Narkissos efsanesi, kibir ve kendini beğenmişliğin tehlikeleri üzerine zamansız bir yansıma sunar.

Olağanüstü güzelliğiyle tanınan bir genç olan Narcissus, kendisinin üstün olduğuna inanarak tüm romantik teklifleri reddetmiştir.

Aşağılananlar arasında, geriye sadece sesi kalana kadar onun için yanıp tutuşan su perisi Echo da vardır.

Kibrinin cezası olarak tanrılar Narcissus'un bir su havuzundaki yansımasına umutsuzca aşık olmasına neden oldular.

Kendi görüntüsü tarafından büyülenen Narkissos, sonunda yok olup gitmiştir.

Narcissus'un trajik sonu, kişinin kendisiyle sağlıklı bir şekilde meşgul olmasını ifade eden "narsisizm" teriminin doğmasına yol açmıştır.

Bu mit, kontrolsüz gururun ve kişinin kendi imajına aşırı odaklanmasının kişisel yıkıma yol açabileceğini öne sürerek insan doğası hakkında daha derin soruları gündeme getirmektedir.

Tarih boyunca akademisyenler bu miti, izolasyonun ve kendi içine kapanmanın tehlikeleri için bir metafor olarak analiz etmiş, kişisel imaj takıntısının bireylerin gerçeklik ve çevrelerindekiyle bağlarını kaybetmelerine neden olabileceği konusunda uyarıda bulunmuşlardır.

Mitin öne sürdüğü gibi, kişinin kendi içine çok derinlemesine bakması, dünyayla bağlantısının kopmasına ve nihayetinde çöküşüne neden olabilir.

Dialogue questions

Question 1

Professor Morgan:

— Today, we will discuss the importance of recycling and its role in environmental sustainability.

Student:

— How has recycling contributed to reducing waste and conserving natural resources?

Professor Morgan:

— Recycling helps to divert materials from landfills and reduces the need for new raw materials, ultimately conserving energy and resources.

Student:

—

Professor Morgan:

— That's a valid point; many studies suggest that increasing recycling rates can lead to significant reductions in greenhouse gas emissions and help combat climate change.

A) I've noticed that many cities have implemented stricter recycling programs to promote environmental responsibility.

B) I think public awareness campaigns can improve recycling participation among these communities, too.

C) There are specific materials that are more beneficial to recycle than others.

D) Do you believe that recycling alone is enough to address the environmental crisis we face today?

E) What challenges do you think people encounter when trying to recycle effectively?

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Professor Taylor:

— Today, we will examine the complex relationship between sports and violence among fans, particularly in high-stakes games.

Student: |

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Professor Taylor:

— Several factors can lead to violence, including intense rivalries, excessive alcohol consumption, and the mob mentality that often occurs in large groups.

Student:

— I've read that some teams have implemented fan behavior programs to reduce violence in the stands.

Professor Taylor:

— Exactly; many researchers argue that the culture surrounding certain sports can exacerbate aggression, leading to situations where fans feel compelled to defend their team's honor through violence.

✓ A) What are some of the main factors that contribute to violent behavior among sports fans during events?

B) Do you think the media plays a role in promoting violent behavior among fans?

C) What strategies can be employed to mitigate fan violence at sporting events?

D) Are there particular sports that experience more fan violence than others?

E) How do you think the presence of law enforcement affects fan behavior during games?

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Paragraph completion

1. Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD) is a neurodevelopmental disorder marked by continuous patterns of inattention, hyperactivity, and impulsivity. This condition, which affects both children and adults, is increasingly acknowledged as a significant factor that can impair daily functioning and reduce the overall quality of life. --- However, recent studies have shed light on the biological foundations of ADHD, underscoring the importance of genetics and brain structure in the disorder's development. Despite this growing body of research, the stigma associated with ADHD continues to be a major barrier to diagnosis and treatment. Many individuals avoid seeking professional help due to the fear of being judged or misunderstood, which can lead to adverse outcomes in various aspects of life, including school performance, workplace productivity, and social relationships. —

- A) A more accurate and compassionate understanding of the condition will help ensure that those affected by it can access the appropriate resources and support they need to succeed in their academic, professional, and personal lives.
- B) In doing so, society can create an environment where individuals with ADHD are empowered to reach their full potential without being hindered by false perceptions.
- C) This involves dispelling common myths and misconceptions, which often contribute to the stigmatization of individuals with ADHD.
- D) Unfortunately, ADHD is often misunderstood, with its symptoms sometimes being misinterpreted as typical energetic behavior in children or as a lack of self-discipline in adults.
- E) As the general understanding of ADHD improves, it becomes increasingly important to advocate for a more informed view of the disorder.

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2. **Carl Jung**, a Swiss psychiatrist and psychoanalyst, is widely regarded as one of the most influential figures in psychology. Born in 1875, Jung initially worked closely with **Sigmund Freud**, but eventually developed his own theories that diverged from Freud's ideas, forming what is now known as analytical psychology. While Freud focused primarily on the unconscious mind as a reservoir for repressed desires, Jung expanded this concept, introducing the notion of the collective unconscious—a shared, universal part of the unconscious mind that contains archetypes, or inherited symbols and themes that influence human behavior across cultures and time. **One of Jung's most significant contributions was the concept of archetypes, which include figures such as the "Hero," the "Mother," and the "Shadow."** ---- Jung believed that understanding **these universal symbols could help people achieve greater self-awareness and personal growth.**

- A) Jung also introduced the idea of psychological types, which later influenced the development of the widely used Myers-Briggs Type Indicator (MBTI).
- B) His work on extroversion and introversion helped frame the understanding of personality traits that are still used today in various fields, including psychology, education, and business.
- C) **These archetypes are reflected in myths, art, and religion, and they shape individual experiences and actions.**
- D) His impact extends far beyond clinical psychology as his theories have influenced modern psychotherapy, spirituality, and even pop culture.
- E) Jung's exploration of the psyche has empowered individuals to seek self-understanding and holistic healing through a deeper connection with their unconscious mind.

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3. **Teeth play a crucial role in overall health**, serving not only as tools for chewing and speaking but also as indicators of one's overall well-being. Proper dental hygiene is essential for maintaining not just oral health but also systemic health. Moreover, teeth can reflect nutritional status. Individuals with poor dietary habits, such as a diet high in sugars and acids, may experience more dental issues. In addition to physical health, dental health also impacts psychological well-being. Oral health problems can lead to discomfort, affecting self-esteem and social interactions. Many individuals feel self-conscious about their teeth, which can hinder their ability to communicate effectively. ----

- A) Therefore, maintaining good oral hygiene is vital for both physical health and emotional well-being, emphasizing the interconnectedness of dental care and overall health.
- B) Regular brushing, flossing, and dental check-ups are fundamental practices for preventing tooth decay and gum disease.
- C) Tooth decay occurs when bacteria in the mouth produce acids that erode tooth enamel, leading to cavities.
- D) Gum disease, characterized by inflammation and infection of the gums, can also result in tooth loss if not addressed.
- E) If left untreated, over time, these cavities can progress, causing pain and requiring more extensive dental work, such as root canals or extractions.

4. Inspiration is a powerful force that drives creativity, motivation, and personal growth. It can manifest in various forms, whether through art, literature, nature, or the actions of others. The experience of inspiration often ignites a sense of purpose and direction, propelling individuals to pursue their passions and aspirations with renewed vigor. For many, inspiration serves as a catalyst for change, encouraging them to break free from limitations and explore new possibilities.---- These narratives often resonate deeply, reminding us that resilience and determination can lead to remarkable achievements. Whether it's a figure in history who defied the odds or a contemporary leader championing social change, these examples demonstrate the potential within each of us to effect positive transformation in our own lives and communities.

- A) One of the most significant sources of inspiration comes from the stories of individuals who have overcome adversity.
- B) Nature, too, serves as a profound wellspring of inspiration.
- C) The beauty of a sunrise, the tranquility of a forest, or the majesty of a mountain range can evoke a sense of wonder and reflection.
- D) Ultimately, the journey of seeking inspiration is a deeply personal one, and it holds the potential to enrich our experiences, broaden our horizons.
- E) Moreover, inspiration can also stem from everyday moments, such as a conversation with a friend.

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