

1. --- living in an era that places significant emphasis on humanism, ethical values, and compassion, modern farming methods often remain cruel and inhumane.

- A) Despite
 B) Due to
 C) Unlike
 D) But for
 E) In contrast to

continue to be
are still

2. Industrial farming, **driven by efficiency and profit**, ---- millions of animals to overcrowded, unnatural conditions.

A) deviates

✓ B) subjects expose

C) refers

D) likens

E) applies

3. These animals are treated as mere commodities, often confined in spaces ---- tight ---- they can barely move.

- A) both / and
B) the more / the less
C) whether / or
D) such / that
E) so / that

1. sıkı tutmak

2. sınırlamak
limit
restrict

25
24

scarcely
hardly

4. Practices such as force-feeding, extreme confinement, and the routine use of hormones and antibiotics demonstrate a stark contrast between the values of empathy and dignity that we --- to human beings and the disregard shown towards animals.

- A) devote
- B) allocate
- C) manifest
- D) extend
- E) expose

5. While society ---- human rights and advocates against suffering, the painful experiences endured by animals in factory farms are frequently overlooked.

- A) champions promote / support / favour
B) condemns kinamak
C) allures charm cezbetmek
D) craves +for yearn for
E) contests disagree
oppose

6. The **very institutions** that promote sustainability and kindness often **turn a blind eye** ---- the mistreatment ---- the agricultural **industry**.

- A) on / into
B) of / at
C) by / onto
✓ D) to / within
E) in / across

remain indifferent

themselves
kendileri

in

7. The **dissonance** between our --- values and the reality of how food is produced raises moral questions about the ethical consistency of modern society.

- A) concealed hidden
✓ B) proclaimed announced
C) disparate uneven
D) durable dayanikli
E) proportionate orantili

deeply rooted
established
traditional

8.---- technology advances and alternatives like plant-based or lab-grown meats become more feasible, it is imperative to reconsider the ethical implications of industrial farming.

- ✓ A) As
B) While
C) Unless
D) As though
E) If

ramifications
effects

9. If we truly value ---- and justice, those principles should extend to all living beings, not just humans.

- A) alleviation - hafifleme
B) innocence - masumiyet +
✓ C) compassion - eflatun, ilgi, sevgi +
D) grudge - garez
E) greed - açgözlülük

COVER
encompass

10. The challenge lies in aligning our actions with the moral values that define our age of humanism, and recognizing that cruelty to animals is fundamentally --- with a just and humane society.

- A) interrelated -
B) parallel -
C) associated -
D) invaluable -
✓ E) incompatible

adil

Dialogue questions

question 1

Professor White:

— Today, we're going to explore the increasing adoption of artificial intelligence (AI) in the field of education and its potential implications.

Student:

----- ?

Professor White:

— While AI can provide personalized learning experiences and automate administrative tasks, its adoption also raises concerns about equity, data privacy, and the role of human educators.

Student:

— I've come across some research that suggests AI can enhance learning outcomes by offering tailored content and feedback. Is that a widely accepted view in the educational community?

Professor White:

— Yes, but it's important to note that while AI can support differentiated learning, there's an ongoing debate about how effectively it can replicate or supplement the complex social and emotional dimensions of teaching.

A) Do you believe AI could fully replace traditional classroom teaching in the future?

B) Are there any ethical concerns regarding the use of AI in educational systems?

C) Do you think AI tools are primarily beneficial for advanced learners, or can they support students at all levels?

D) Have any educational institutions already integrated AI successfully into their curricula?

E) Does AI's use in education address or exacerbate existing disparities in access to quality learning experiences?

+

2

Sophia:

— Have you ever considered how social media is subtly shaping the way we perceive our own lives and our self-worth?

Oliver:

— I've heard that argument before, but I don't think social media has as much influence as people claim.

Sophia:

— Really? When you see people constantly posting about their successes and perfect moments, it's easy to feel like your life doesn't measure up, even if it's not true. That comparison can lead to feelings of inadequacy.

Oliver:

— -----

Sophia:

— I disagree. While it's possible to use social media consciously, many people still get caught up in comparing themselves to unrealistic portrayals, which can be damaging over time.

A) I think it's more about how you use social media. It's up to the individual to choose what they engage with.

B) Do you think limiting social media usage is the solution to avoiding these negative comparisons?

C) Isn't it the individual's responsibility to not compare themselves to others?

D) But doesn't social media also provide a platform for people to showcase their real struggles and vulnerabilities?

E) Do you believe that the influence of social media on self-perception is as severe as some studies suggest?

3

Elena:

— I've heard that September 9th holds a special place in Turkish history. Can you explain why it's important?

Ali:

— Yes, September 9th marks the liberation of İzmir in 1922, which symbolized the end of the Turkish War of Independence. After this victory, the occupying Greek forces were expelled, and it paved the way for the establishment of the Republic of Türkiye.

Elena:

— -----

Ali:

— Exactly! It was a significant moment because it not only marked the military success of Turkish forces but also the beginning of a new era for the nation, free from foreign occupation and control.

Elena:

— So, this victory was a critical step toward securing Türkiye's independence and sovereignty.

A) Is this why İzmir is considered a symbol of Turkish resilience and independence in modern times? 4

B) Was this victory celebrated across Türkiye at the time, or did it take time for its significance to be fully recognized?

C) Do you think the significance of September 9th has evolved over time or is it still viewed in the same way as it was in 1922?

D) I've read that the liberation of İzmir was the final battle in the Turkish War of Independence. Is that accurate?

E) Did the success in İzmir influence how other nations viewed the newly forming Republic of Türkiye?

4

Anna:

— Have you noticed how popular intermittent fasting has become recently? It seems like everyone is trying it for weight loss and better health.

Tom:

— I've noticed, but I'm not convinced it's as effective as people claim. Skipping meals seems more harmful than beneficial in the long run.

Anna:

— Really? Studies suggest that intermittent fasting can improve metabolism and help people manage their weight more effectively. Plus, many people report feeling more energetic and focused.

Tom:

—

Anna:

— I understand your concern, but when done properly, it can be a safe and healthy way to regulate eating habits. Of course, it's not for everyone, and it's important to consult a doctor before starting.

A) But isn't skipping meals occasionally more natural for the body than eating constantly throughout the day?

B) Are you worried that intermittent fasting could negatively impact metabolism or lead to unhealthy eating patterns?

✓ C) Don't you think the risks of intermittent fasting outweigh its potential benefits for weight loss and health?

D) Are you suggesting that intermittent fasting is only a trend and doesn't have long-term benefits for most people?

E) Does this mean you believe traditional meal plans are generally more effective than fasting-based approaches?

5

Emily:

— Have you ever thought about how the digital divide is deepening inequality around the world?

Michael:

— I'm not sure what you mean. Could you clarify?

Emily:

— Think about it. In many parts of the world, people don't have access to the internet or modern technology. This means they miss out on educational opportunities, job prospects, and even basic information that could improve their lives. Meanwhile, those who are connected are advancing further, creating an even bigger gap between the two groups.

On the other hand, 2

Michael:

— -----

Emily:

— Exactly. It's not just about having access to the internet—it's also about having the skills to use it effectively. Without addressing both issues, we'll see a growing divide in economic and social opportunities.

A) Are you suggesting that access to technology is becoming as essential as basic education?

B) But isn't technology becoming more affordable and accessible to everyone over time?

C) Do you think closing the digital divide is mainly the responsibility of governments, or should private companies step in as well?

D) Isn't there a risk that efforts to bridge the digital divide could still leave some communities behind?

E) Does this mean that countries with widespread internet access are at a significant advantage over those without it?

6

Sophia:

— Have you noticed how online game addiction is becoming a serious issue for many people?

David:

— I'm not quite sure what you mean. Could you explain further?

Sophia:

— Think about it. Many individuals spend hours every day playing online games, often to the detriment of their personal relationships, work, or education. This obsession can lead to problems like poor academic performance, job loss, and even mental health issues due to the isolation and sedentary lifestyle associated with excessive gaming.

David:

— -----

Sophia:

— Exactly. It's important to recognize that while gaming can be a fun and social activity, it becomes problematic when it starts to interfere with other important aspects of life.

A) Do you think that online game addiction is primarily a result of the games being too immersive and engaging?

B) Isn't there any evidence that gaming addiction is linked to underlying mental health issues?

C) So, are you suggesting that people need to find a balance between gaming and other life responsibilities to avoid addiction?

D) Isn't it true that some online games are designed to encourage prolonged play, which can contribute to addiction?

E) Do you believe that parents and guardians have a role in monitoring and limiting gaming time for children?

The idiom "it's raining cats and dogs" is a colorful expression used 1) ---- very heavy rain. 2) ---- from 17th-century England, this phrase 3) ---- conveys the intensity of a downpour, suggesting that the rain is so fierce it feels 4) ---- animals are falling from the sky. Despite its somewhat 5) ---- imagery, the idiom effectively communicates the severity of the weather, making it a popular choice in both casual and formal conversations about stormy conditions. Its use has become a common way to emphasize the volume of rain and the impact it can have 6) ---- daily life, often leading to significant 7) ---- such as flooding and travel delays.

- 1.
- | | |
|--------------------|----------------|
| A) describe | B) to describe |
| C) described | D) describing |
| E) to be described | |

- 2.
- | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------|
| A) Originated | B) To originate |
| C) Having been originated | D) Originating |
| E) To have originated | |

- 3.
- | | |
|-----------------|------------------|
| A) vividly | B) fundamentally |
| C) covertly | D) erroneously |
| E) respectively | |

- 4.
- | | |
|---------------------|------------|
| A) as of | B) as with |
| C) as though | D) as such |
| E) as a consequence | |

- 5.
- | | |
|--------------|---------------|
| A) ominous | B) ambivalent |
| C) rigorous | D) whimsical |
| E) equivocal | |

- 6.
- | | |
|---------|---------|
| A) for | B) to |
| C) from | D) over |
| E) on | |

- 7.
- | | |
|------------------|-----------------|
| A) disruptions | B) affirmations |
| C) ramifications | D) predicaments |
| E) allusions | |

- F) results
G) consequences +

The idiom "it's raining cats and dogs" is a vivid expression used to describe 1) heavy rainfall. This phrase has been part of the English language since the 17th century and is believed 2) from a time when heavy rain would cause debris and even dead animals 3) from the streets, creating a dramatic and chaotic scene. While the exact origins are unclear, the idiom effectively captures the intensity of a 4) downpour through its colorful imagery. People use this phrase to emphasize how 5) the weather is, often when experiencing floods or storms that disrupt daily activities and create significant challenges 6) communities. The use of this idiom illustrates how language can creatively reflect and 7) natural phenomena.

1.
 A) exceptionally B) essentially -
 C) surreptitiously secretly D) inaccurately
 E) separately
2.
 A) having originated
 C) having been originated
 E) originated
 B) to have originated
 D) to originate

3.
 A) to be washed
 C) washed
 E) having been washed

- B) to wash
 D) washing

4.
 A) superfluous
 C) torrential
 E) consequential

- B) superficial
 D) threatening
 A) allow the stains to be removed
 B) superficial yüzeysel
 D) threatening tehdit edici

5.
 A) gloomy
 C) arduous
 E) severe

- B) ambivalent
 D) impulsive

6.
 A) for
 C) towards
 E) onto

- B) into
 D) behind

7.
 A) exaggerate
 C) endorse
 E) allude

- B) affirm
 D) envisage

imply / refer to

mean + noun/ving ...anlamına gelmek= refer to

mean + to verb= intend/aim/plan to do sth

The term "surreptitiously" means doing something in a secretive or stealthy manner, often to avoid 1) ---- or to keep the action hidden from others. When someone acts surreptitiously, they are typically trying to accomplish something without 2) ---- attention or without 3) ----, usually because the action is sensitive, unauthorized, or not entirely above board. For example, if someone 4) ---- at their phone during a meeting without the others noticing, they would be doing so surreptitiously. The focus is 5) ---- the discreet and concealed nature of the action.

- 1. A) exception -
- C) exclusion -
- E) separation -

- B) detection
- D) precision

mixed type

- 2. A) having drawn B) to have drawn
- C) having been drawn D) to draw

- E) drawing
- 3. A) being noticed *farkedilmeden* B) to notice
- C) noticed D) noticing *farketmeden*
- E) to be noticed

- 4. A) would glance B) has glanced
- C) were to glance D) glances
- E) had glanced *would ✓*

- 5. A) in B) beyond
- C) to D) across
- E) on

Cybersecurity has become an essential aspect of modern society as our reliance on digital technologies grows. With the increasing interconnectedness of devices, systems, and networks, both individuals and organizations face numerous threats, ranging from data breaches to sophisticated cyberattacks. Cybersecurity involves a range of practices, technologies, and processes designed to protect sensitive information, infrastructure, and systems from unauthorized access or damage. Hackers, malicious software, and other cyber threats can exploit vulnerabilities in networks, leading to significant financial, legal, and reputational harm. Consequently, organizations must adopt robust security protocols, including encryption, firewalls, intrusion detection systems, and regular software updates. Additionally, educating employees and individuals about cybersecurity best practices, such as recognizing phishing attempts and using strong passwords, plays a crucial role in enhancing overall digital safety. Governments and international organizations are also investing heavily in cybersecurity measures, aiming to safeguard critical infrastructures like banking, healthcare, and energy systems from potential cyber threats. However, as technology evolves, so do the tactics of cybercriminals, requiring continuous innovation and **vigilance**. Ultimately, cybersecurity is a dynamic field that demands constant attention, collaboration, and adaptation to ensure that data and systems remain protected in an increasingly digital world.

1. What is the main focus of this passage?

- A) The dangers of online privacy violations and firms investing heavily in cybersecurity measures,
- B) The impact of cyberattacks on financial systems
- C) The importance of cybersecurity in protecting digital infrastructures
- D) The evolution of cybercrime in the digital age and its implications on banking, healthcare, and energy systems
- E) The need for cybersecurity legislation globally

Cybersecurity has become an essential aspect of modern society as our reliance on digital technologies grows. With the increasing interconnectedness of devices, systems, and networks, both individuals and organizations face numerous threats, ranging from data breaches to sophisticated cyberattacks. Cybersecurity involves a range of practices, technologies, and processes designed to protect sensitive information, infrastructure, and systems from unauthorized access or damage. Hackers, malicious software, and other cyber threats can exploit vulnerabilities in networks, leading to significant financial, legal, and reputational harm. Consequently, organizations must adopt robust security protocols, including encryption, firewalls, intrusion detection systems, and regular software updates. Additionally, educating employees and individuals about cybersecurity best practices, such as recognizing phishing attempts and using strong passwords, plays a crucial role in enhancing overall digital safety.

Governments and international organizations are also investing heavily in cybersecurity measures, aiming to safeguard critical infrastructures like banking, healthcare, and energy systems from potential cyber threats. However, as technology evolves, so do the tactics of cybercriminals, requiring continuous innovation and **vigilance**. Ultimately, cybersecurity is a dynamic field that demands constant attention, collaboration, and adaptation to ensure that data and systems remain protected in an increasingly digital world.

2. According to the passage, what role do individuals play in enhancing cybersecurity?

- A) Individuals have no direct influence on cybersecurity measures
- B) Individuals need to develop their own encryption software
- C) Individuals should report all online threats to law enforcement
- D) Individuals should follow best practices like recognizing phishing attempts and using strong passwords
- E) Individuals must avoid using digital devices altogether

Cybersecurity has become an essential aspect of modern society as our reliance on digital technologies grows. With the increasing interconnectedness of devices, systems, and networks, both individuals and organizations face numerous threats, ranging from data breaches to sophisticated cyberattacks. Cybersecurity involves a range of practices, technologies, and processes designed to protect sensitive information, infrastructure, and systems from unauthorized access or damage. Hackers, malicious software, and other cyber threats can exploit vulnerabilities in networks, leading to significant financial, legal, and reputational harm. Consequently, organizations must adopt robust security protocols, including encryption, firewalls, intrusion detection systems, and regular software updates. Additionally, educating employees and individuals about cybersecurity best practices, such as recognizing phishing attempts and using strong passwords, plays a crucial role in enhancing overall digital safety. Governments and international organizations are also investing heavily in cybersecurity measures, aiming to safeguard critical infrastructures like banking, healthcare, and energy systems from potential cyber threats. **However as technology evolves, so do the tactics of cybercriminals,** requiring continuous innovation and **vigilance**. Ultimately, cybersecurity is a dynamic field that demands constant attention, collaboration, and adaptation to ensure that data and systems remain protected in an increasingly digital world.

3. What does the passage suggest about the relationship between technology and cybercriminals?

- A) Technology has outpaced the ability of cybercriminals to exploit vulnerabilities
- B) Cybercriminals have stopped targeting critical infrastructures
- C) As technology evolves, cybercriminals also adapt their tactics
- D) Cybercriminals are mainly focused on outdated systems which are easy to break into
- E) Technology now automatically detects all cyber threats and eliminates all of them

! ^

angora
angora
angora
angora
angora

Cybersecurity has become an essential aspect of modern society as our reliance on digital technologies grows. With the increasing interconnectedness of devices, systems, and networks, both individuals and organizations face numerous threats, ranging from data breaches to sophisticated cyberattacks. Cybersecurity involves a range of practices, technologies, and processes designed to protect sensitive information, infrastructure, and systems from unauthorized access or damage. Hackers, malicious software, and other cyber threats can exploit vulnerabilities in networks, leading to significant financial, legal, and reputational harm. Consequently, organizations must adopt robust security protocols, including encryption, firewalls, intrusion detection systems, and regular software updates. Additionally, educating employees and individuals about cybersecurity best practices, such as recognizing phishing attempts and using strong passwords, plays a crucial role in enhancing overall digital safety.

Governments and international organizations are also investing heavily in cybersecurity measures, aiming to safeguard critical infrastructures like banking, healthcare, and energy systems from potential cyber threats. However, as technology evolves, so do the tactics of cybercriminals, requiring continuous innovation and vigilance. Ultimately, cybersecurity is a dynamic field that demands constant attention, collaboration, and adaptation to ensure that data and systems remain protected in an increasingly digital world.

4. What is the author's tone in the passage regarding the future of cybersecurity?

- A) Pessimistic, focusing on the insurmountable threats ahead
- B) Optimistic, suggesting that current measures will eliminate all threats
- C) Neutral, offering an objective discussion on both challenges and solutions
- D) Critical, stating that current cybersecurity measures are ineffective
- E) Defensive, arguing that cybersecurity threats are exaggerated

Cybersecurity has become an essential aspect of modern society as our reliance on digital technologies grows. With the increasing interconnectedness of devices, systems, and networks, both individuals and organizations face numerous threats, ranging from data breaches to sophisticated cyberattacks. Cybersecurity involves a range of practices, technologies, and processes designed to protect sensitive information, infrastructure, and systems from unauthorized access or damage. Hackers, malicious software, and other cyber threats can exploit vulnerabilities in networks, leading to significant financial, legal, and reputational harm. Consequently, organizations must adopt robust security protocols, including encryption, firewalls, intrusion detection systems, and regular software updates. Additionally, educating employees and individuals about cybersecurity best practices, such as recognizing phishing attempts and using strong passwords, plays a crucial role in enhancing overall digital safety. Governments and international organizations are also investing heavily in cybersecurity measures, aiming to safeguard critical infrastructures like banking, healthcare, and energy systems from potential cyber threats. However, as technology evolves, so do the tactics of cybercriminals, requiring continuous innovation and vigilance. Ultimately, cybersecurity is a dynamic field that demands constant attention, collaboration, and adaptation to ensure that data and systems remain protected in an increasingly digital world.

5. The underlined word "vigilance" in the text is closest in meaning to ----

- A) recklessness .
- B) alertness
- C) confidence .
- D) hesitation .
- E) patience .

Despite living in an era that places significant emphasis on humanism, ethical values, and compassion, **modern farming methods often remain cruel and inhumane.** Industrial farming, driven by efficiency and profit, subjects millions of animals to overcrowded, unnatural conditions. These animals are treated as mere commodities, often confined in spaces so tight that they can barely move. Practices such as force-feeding, extreme confinement, and the routine use of hormones and antibiotics demonstrate a stark contrast between the values of empathy and dignity that we extend to human beings and the disregard shown towards animals. While society champions human rights and advocates against suffering, the painful experiences endured by animals in factory farms are frequently overlooked. The very institutions that promote sustainability and kindness often turn a blind eye to the mistreatment within the agricultural industry. This **dissonance** between our proclaimed values and the reality of how food is produced raises moral questions about the ethical consistency of modern society. As technology advances and alternatives like plant-based or lab-grown meats become more feasible, it is imperative to reconsider the ethical implications of industrial farming. If we truly value compassion and justice, those principles should extend to all living beings, not just humans. The challenge lies in aligning our actions with the moral values that define our age of humanism, and **recognizing** that cruelty to animals is fundamentally **incompatible with** a just and humane society.

1. What is the **main point** of the passage?

- A) Farming methods have improved significantly over time
- ✓ B) Industrial farming **is incompatible with** modern ethical values
- C) The use of technology has eliminated much of the cruelty in farming
- D) Humanism has no detrimental influence on agricultural practices
- E) Industrial farming methods prioritize animal welfare

31

Despite living in an era that places significant emphasis on humanism, ethical values, and compassion, modern farming methods often remain cruel and inhumane. Industrial farming, driven by efficiency and profit, subjects millions of animals to overcrowded, unnatural conditions. These animals are treated as mere commodities, often confined in spaces so tight that they can barely move. Practices such as force-feeding, extreme confinement, and the routine use of hormones and antibiotics demonstrate a stark contrast between the values of empathy and dignity that we extend to human beings and the disregard shown towards animals. While society champions human rights and advocates against suffering, the painful experiences endured by animals in factory farms are frequently overlooked. The very institutions that promote sustainability and kindness often turn a blind eye to the mistreatment within the agricultural industry. This dissonance between our proclaimed values and the reality of how food is produced raises moral questions about the ethical consistency of modern society. As technology advances and alternatives like plant-based or lab-grown meats become more feasible, it is imperative to reconsider the ethical implications of industrial farming. If we truly value compassion and justice, those principles should extend to all living beings, not just humans. The challenge lies in aligning our actions with the moral values that define our age of humanism, and recognizing that cruelty to animals is fundamentally incompatible with a just and humane society.

2. According to the passage, ----.

- A) Animals are given ample space and natural conditions
- B) Animals are treated with the same dignity as humans
- C) Animals are often subjected to overcrowding and inhumane practices
- D) Animals are often allowed to roam freely and naturally in compliance with our high ethical standards
- E) Animals experience minimal suffering in factory farms thanks to innovations

Despite living in an era that places significant emphasis on humanism, ethical values, and compassion, modern farming methods often remain cruel and inhumane. Industrial farming, driven by efficiency and profit, subjects millions of animals to overcrowded, unnatural conditions. These animals are treated as mere commodities, often confined in spaces so tight that they can barely move. Practices such as force-feeding, extreme confinement, and the routine use of hormones and antibiotics demonstrate a stark contrast between the values of empathy and dignity that we extend to human beings and the disregard shown towards animals. While society champions human rights and advocates against suffering, the painful experiences endured by animals in factory farms are frequently overlooked. The very institutions that promote sustainability and kindness often turn a blind eye to the mistreatment within the agricultural industry. This **dissonance** between our proclaimed values and the reality of how food is produced raises moral questions about the ethical consistency of modern society. As technology advances and alternatives like plant-based or lab-grown meats become more feasible, it is imperative to reconsider the ethical implications of industrial farming. If we truly value compassion and justice, those principles should extend to all living beings, not just humans. The challenge lies in aligning our actions with the moral values that define our age of humanism, and recognizing that cruelty to animals is fundamentally incompatible with a just and humane society.

3. Based on the passage, which of the following best reflects the author's view on modern humanism?

- A) Modern humanism should continue to be solely focused on human rights
- B) Modern humanism should extend its ethical concerns to animals
- C) Modern humanism has eliminated all forms of cruelty towards animals
- D) Modern humanism ignores issues related to sustainability
- E) Modern humanism supports the use of industrial farming

^

Despite living in an era that places significant emphasis on humanism, ethical values, and compassion, modern farming methods often remain cruel and inhumane. Industrial farming, driven by efficiency and profit, subjects millions of animals to overcrowded, unnatural conditions. These animals are treated as mere commodities, often confined in spaces so tight that they can barely move. Practices such as force-feeding, extreme confinement, and the routine use of hormones and antibiotics demonstrate a stark contrast between the values of empathy and dignity that we extend to human beings and the disregard shown towards animals. While society champions human rights and advocates against suffering, the painful experiences endured by animals in factory farms are frequently overlooked. The very institutions that promote sustainability and kindness often turn a blind eye to the mistreatment within the agricultural industry. This **dissonance** between our proclaimed values and the reality of how food is produced raises moral questions about the ethical consistency of modern society. **As technology advances and alternatives like plant-based or lab-grown meats become more feasible, it is imperative to reconsider the ethical implications of industrial farming.** If we truly value compassion and justice, those principles should extend to all living beings, not just humans. The challenge lies in aligning our actions with the moral values that define our age of humanism, and recognizing that cruelty to animals is fundamentally incompatible with a just and humane society.

4. What can be inferred about the author's attitude toward **future alternatives like plant-based or lab-grown meat?**

- A) The author believes they will only exacerbate the existing problem
- B) The author is indifferent to these alternatives and oblivious to such issues
- C) The author sees them as a potential solution to ethical farming concerns
- D) The author thinks they will cause more harm to the environment
- E) The author views them as equally cruel as current practices

Despite living in an era that places significant emphasis on humanism, ethical values, and compassion, modern farming methods often remain cruel and inhumane. Industrial farming, driven by efficiency and profit, subjects millions of animals to overcrowded, unnatural conditions. These animals are treated as mere commodities, often confined in spaces so tight that they can barely move. Practices such as force-feeding, extreme confinement, and the routine use of hormones and antibiotics demonstrate a stark contrast between the values of empathy and dignity that we extend to human beings and the disregard shown towards animals. While society champions human rights and advocates against suffering, the painful experiences endured by animals in factory farms are frequently overlooked. The very institutions that promote sustainability and kindness often turn a blind eye to the mistreatment within the agricultural industry. This **dissonance** between our proclaimed values and the reality of how food is produced raises moral questions about the ethical consistency of modern society. As technology advances and alternatives like plant-based or lab-grown meats become more feasible, it is imperative to reconsider the ethical implications of industrial farming. If we truly value compassion and justice, those principles should extend to all living beings, not just humans. The challenge lies in aligning our actions with the moral values that define our age of humanism, and recognizing that cruelty to animals is fundamentally incompatible with a just and humane society.

5. The underlined word "dissonance" in the text is closest in meaning to ----

- A) indifference
- ✓ B) discrepancy
- C) concord
- D) connection
- E) uniformity