

A team at the University of California has found that cycling has no greater ---- on male urinary health than running or swimming.

- A) stability istikrar
- B) attempt girişim, çaba
- C) focus odak
- D) dependence bağımlılık
- E) impact etki

Impact / influence / effect ON...

V1 / V2 / have-has V3 that / whether / which / where / when





A team at the University of California has found that cycling has no greater impact on male urinary health than running or swimming.

- A) Kaliforniya Üniversitesi'nden bir ekip, bisiklet sürmenin erkeklerin idrar sağlığı üzerinde koşmak ya da yüzmekten daha büyük bir etkisi olmadığını ortaya koymuştur.
- B) Kaliforniya Üniversitesi'nden bir ekip, bisiklet sürmenin erkeklerin idrar sağlığı üzerinde koşmak ya da yüzmekten daha büyük bir etkisi olmadığını iddia etmiştir.





Although much ---- about human embryology in the last couple of decades, a great deal ---- unknown.

- A) was learned / had remained
- B) is being learned / will remain
- C) has been learned / remains
- D) had been learned / remained
- E) is learned / has remained

In the last couple of decades: have / has V3

Tense Sorularında Dikkat

- 1. Continuous olabildiğince uzak dur
- 2. Present Perfect / V2 / V1
- 3. had V3 had V3: gelmez

Had V3 – present ifade ile gelmez

- 4., Ving...
- 5. to verb kurallarını bilelim...
- 6. Having V3: sadece cümle başı ise seçilebilir...
- 7. to have V3 / to have been V3: verb sonrası gelirse seçebiliriz...





Although much has been learned about human embryology in the last couple of decades, a great deal remains unknown.

A) Son birkaç on yılda insan embriyolojisi hakkında çok şey öğrenilmiştir, <mark>ancak</mark> hala bilinmeyen çok şey var.

B) Son birkaç on yılda insan embriyolojisi hakkında çok şey öğrenilmiş <mark>olmasına rağmen</mark>, hala bilinmeyen çok şey var.

Although - even though - though - while...

Although-but-however-yet-nevertheless





---- your body temperature rises, your body triggers perspiration

to cool down and eliminate

toxic elements.

A) As – dığı için, dıkça, ken, dığı gibi

- B) Although se de
- C) Until e kadar zaman bağlacı
- D) Unless mezse
- E) Before meden önce zaman bağlacı

Eliminate: ortadan kaldırmak – terminate – wipe out - eradicate

Perspiration: terleme

Trigger – stimulate: tetiklemek

zaman bağlacı + will / am-is-are going to / shall / would (almaz)

if / as long as / provided that will / am-is-are going to / shall / would (almaz)

If it will rain

Unless +, modal negatif...
Unless the weather gets better, I won't go out.

As + subject + verb: dıkça...

*** although cümle ortasına gelse de: ancak şeklinde çevrilemez

*** tense:

For

In

During the last / past zaman: present perfect...

Over Within





As your body temperature rises, your body triggers perspiration — a cocktail of water, salt, and an antibacterial chemical — to cool down and eliminate toxic elements.

- A) <mark>Vücut ısınız yükseldikçe</mark>, vücudunuz serinlemek ve toksik unsurları ortadan kaldırmak için su, tuz ve antibakteriyel bir kimyasaldan oluşan bir kokteyl olan terlemeyi tetikler.
- B) Vücut ısınızın yükselmesinden dolayı, vücudunuz serinlemek ve toksik unsurları ortadan kaldırmak için su, tuz ve antibakteriyel bir kimyasaldan oluşan bir kokteyl olan terlemeyi tetikler.





----; however, they <u>did use</u> different types of painkillers and drugs which helped to numb the patients' pain.

- A) Most doctors in ancient Egypt would have assistants to keep the patient immobilized during an operation
- B) Surgical materials used by Egyptian doctors became more specific due to the anatomical knowledge gained from the mummification process.
- C) The Egyptians did not know about anesthesia, so patients would be conscious when operated on and treated
- D) There was a high degree of specialization among Egyptian physicians, with some treating only the head or stomach.
- E) Doctors were some of the most well-respected figures in ancient Egyptian society due to their invaluable knowledge of different illnesses.

Numb: uyuşturmak





Recent studies indicate that bacterial infections in the mouth can cause metabolic changes that foster the development and progression of diabetes by raising blood sugar levels.

- A) Son zamanlardaki çalışmalar ağızdaki bakteriyel enfeksiyonların kan şekeri düzeyini yükselterek şeker hastalığının gelişmesine ve ilerlemesine sebep olan metabolizma değişikliklerine yol açabildiğini <mark>belirtmektedir.</mark>
- B) Son zamanlardaki çalışmalarla ağızdaki bakteriyel enfeksiyonların kan şekeri düzeyini yükselten şeker hastalığının gelişmesine ve ilerlemesine neden olan metabolizma değişikliklerine yol açabildiği kanıtlanmıştır.
- C) Ağızdaki bakteriyel enfeksiyonların, metabolizmanın gelişmesine ve ilerlemesine etki eden değişikliklere yol açarak kan şekeri düzeyini yükselttiğini son zamanlardaki çalışmalar göstermektedir.
- D) Şeker hastalığıyla ilgili son zamanlardaki çalışmalar ağızdaki bakteriyel enfeksiyonların kan şekerini yükselterek hastalıkların ilerlemesinin sebebi olan metabolizma değişikliklerine yol açtığını belirtmektedir.
- E) Son zamanlardaki çalışmalar ağızdaki bakteriyel enfeksiyonların metabolizma değişikliklerine yol açtığını ve kan şekeri düzeyini yüksel<u>terek şeker</u> hastalığının gelişme ve ilerlemesindeki etkisini belirtmiştir.





Hastaların vücutlarında var olmayan bir kısımda kronik ağrı hissettikleri hayalet uzuv sendromu durumunda görülebileceği üzere, ağrısız yaralanma olabileceği gibi, yaralanma olmadan da ağrı olabilir.

- A) Whereas pain can occur in the absence of injury, injury can occur without pain, and this can be seen in the case of phantom limb syndrome, during which patients feel chronic pain in an absent body part.
- B) There can be pain in the absence of injury, or injury can occur without pain, as patients experience in the case of phantom limb syndrome, in which chronic pain is felt in an absent body part.
- C) Patients feel chronic pain in the case of phantom limb syndrome, as a result of which chronic pain can occur in the absence of injury, or injury can occur without pain.
- D) As can be seen in the case of phantom limb syndrome, in which patients feel chronic pain in an absent body part, pain can occur in the absence of injury just as injury can occur without pain.
- E) Pain can occur in an absent body part in phantom limb syndrome, which shows that patients can feel chronic pain in the absence of injury, like injury that does not lead to





Hippocrates is probably the most important person in the whole history of the medicine field. Not only did he institutionalize the scientific study of medicine and define what a doctor's role was, he also made many discoveries, such as a precursor to aspirin, and categorized illnesses. He was not just a hands-off academic either, with records showing that he practiced what he preached, becoming the world's first chest surgeon. ---- It was arguably not until the time of Galen over 500 years later that medicine began to advance once again.

A) It is thought that Hippocrates cured cancer with biological cures through food but it is difficult to verify that they were actually treating cancer.

- B) In his treatise The Sacred Disease, he argued that if all diseases had supernatural causes, then biological medicines would not work.
- C) Interestingly, while Hippocrates' medical teaching was widely accepted in ancient Greece, after his death, medicine as a field largely stalled, with old practices recommencing.
- D) The Hippocratic Oath, in which physicians promise to uphold certain ethical standards, is still sworn today in a modernized form.
- E) Anatomical knowledge was not the strong point of Hippocratic medicine, as there was a ban on the dissecting of cadavers due to religious reasons.

Probably: muhtemelen

Whole: tüm

Precursor: öncül

Arguably: tartışmalı bir şekilde

It was not until the time of Galen: Galen'in zamanına

kadar olmamıştı...

It was not until I met Melek that I realized HOW BAD I WAS at playing tennis.





(I) The ears, nose, and mouth, along with the eyes, are the primary features of the head and face, forming the hallmarks of recognition and individual identity throughout life. (II) As an example, hearing allows the brain to register sounds across a broad spectrum of frequency and volume. (III) Yet the functions of these features are far more than cosmetic. (IV) They are important for survival as well as for refined sensory perception, making it possible to comprehend and interact with the external environment. (V) Taste and smell, for instance, provide the combined sensation of flavor - a blend of the mouth's ability to perceive four distinct tastes and the nose's ability to detect thousands of odors.



C) III



D) IV

Primary: ana, başlıca

Feature: özellik

Recognition: tanımlama

Identity: kimlik

Allow: izin vermek Register: kaydetmek

Spectrum: ölçek

Broad: geniş

Function: fonksiyon

Survival: hayatta kalma

Perception: algı

Comprehend: anlamak, kavramak

Interact: iletişime geçmek

Combined: birleşik Sensation: hissiyat

Flavor: lezzet

Perceive: algılamak Detect: tespit etmek

Odor: koku





Producing more food from the same area of land while ---- the environmental hazards of farming practices has been referred to as 'sustainable intensification'.

- A) deteriorating kötüleştirmek
- B) diminishing azaltmak
- C) elaborating detaylandırmak
- D) substituting değiştirmek
- E) violating ihlal etmek
- Sustainable: sürdürülebilir...





Producing more food from the same area of land while diminishing the environmental hazards of farming practices has been referred to as 'sustainable intensification'.

- A) Tarım uygulamalarının çevresel zararlarını azaltırken aynı araziden daha fazla gıda üretmek 'sürdürülebilir yoğunlaştırma' olarak adlandırılmaktadır.
- B) Aynı araziden daha fazla gıda üretmek 'sürdürülebilir yoğunlaştırma' olarak adlandırılmaktadır ama tarım uygulamalarının çevresel zararlarını azalmaktadır.





Pipeline transport provides easy and quick movement of liquid products ---- long distances ---- minimum loss in transit of the product carried.

A) over / with

- B) on / at
- C) by / above
- D) across / to
- E) towards / up

Pipeline: boru hattı Provide: sağlamak Quick: hızlı Movement: hareket Product: ürün

Product: ürün Long distance: uzun mesafe

Transit: geçiş

The product carried: taşınan ürün





Pipeline transport provides easy and quick movement of liquid products over long distances with minimum loss in transit of the product carried.

- A) Taşınan ürünün transit geçişinde minimum kayıpla sıvı ürünlerin uzun mesafeler boyunca kolay ve hızlı bir şekilde hareket etmesi boru hattı taşımacılığı tarafından sağlanır.
- B) Boru hattı taşımacılığı, taşınan ürünün transit geçişinde minimum kayıpla sıvı ürünlerin uzun mesafeler boyunca kolay ve hızlı bir şekilde hareket etmesini <mark>sağlar</mark>.





---- polar bears spend <mark>a considerable time on the ice pack or in the water</mark>, they are sometimes considered a marine mammal.

A) Although – e rağmen

B) Because – dığı için

C) Even if - se bile

D) Just as – tıpkı ...dığı gibi

E) Unless - mezse

Considerable: ciddi

Consider: düşünmek

Mammal: memeli

Marine: deniz



ancord

noord





Even if we cannot eliminate noise pollution, ----.

A) <u>we damage our ears</u> when exposed to noises that are less loud but that are heard more often

B) <u>it can cause distress</u> in life forms other than human such as hibernating animals

C) we may be able to use anti-noise devices to escape some of the damage that noise can cause

D) it tends to be just as much a problem in other countries as in the United States

E) motorboats, motorcycles, and snowmobiles all make loud noises likely to hurt our ears

We – we çeker You – you çeker

Sayısal ifadeler – sayısal ifadeleri çeker...

Eliminate: ortadan kaldırmak

Pollution: kirlilik

Damage: Zarar vermek
Cause: sebep olmak

Hibernate: kış uykusuna yatmak

Escape: kaçmak Cause: sebep olmak

Tend to: eğiliminde olmak

Hurt: Zarar vermek





The capacity of individuals to produce food declined in the 21st century with the concentration of human population in cities and as a consequence, today many people are totally dependent on chain markets for nourishment.

- A) İnsan nüfusunun şehirlerde yoğunlaşmasıyla 21. yüzyılda bireylerin yiyecek üretme kapasitesinin azalması günümüzde birçok insanın gıda için tamamen zincir marketlere bağımlı hale gelmesiyle sonuçlanmıştır.
- B) 21. yüzyılda insan nüfusunun şehirlerde yoğunlaşması bireylerin yiyecek üretme kapasitesini azaltmıştır ve böylece insanlar gıda için tamamen zincir marketlere bağımlı hale gelmiştir.
- C) Bireylerin yiyecek üretme kapasitesi, insan nüfusunun şehirlerde yoğunlaşmasıyla 21. yüzyılda azalmıştır ve sonuç olarak günümüzde birçok insan gıda için tamamen zincir marketlere bağımlıdır.
- D) Bireylerin yiyecek üretme kapasitesi, insan nüfusunun şehirlerde yoğunlaştığı 21. yüzyılda azalmıştır ve bunun sonucunda günümüzde insanlar gıda için tamamen zincir marketlere bağımlıdır.
- E) Günümüzde insanların gıda için tamamen zincir marketlere bağımlı olması, 21. yüzyılda insan nüfusunun şehirlerde yoğunlaşmasıyla birlikte bireylerin yiyecek üretme kapasitesinin azalmasının sonucudur.





Radyasyona maruz kalmaktan kaçınılması gerek<mark>se de</mark> kişinin x-ray sırasında maruz kaldığı düşük seviye radyasyon hamilelik gibi birkaç istisna dışında herhangi bir zarara yol açmaz.

- A) Even though the low levels of radiation one is exposed to during an x-ray does not cause any harm with a few exceptions including pregnancy, exposure to radiation should be avoided.
- B) Whereas one should avoid exposure to radiation, exposure to low levels of radiation during an x-ray does not cause any harm with a few exceptions such as pregnancy.
- C) Low levels of radiation during an x-ray cannot cause any harm but one should avoid exposure to radiation in exceptional situations such as pregnancy.
- D) Although exposure to radiation should be avoided, the low levels of radiation one is exposed to during an x-ray does not cause any harm with a few exceptions such as
- E) Exposure to radiation should be avoided because the low levels of radiation one is exposed to during an x-ray can be harmful in exceptional cases such as pregnancy.





The solar system is just one of a large number of star systems in the universe. Each of the star systems consists of a star and some other celestial bodies revolving around it. The stars are the hot and luminous bodies in the universe. They emit heat and light due to their high temperature. ---- A few of them are planets having no light of their own and shining in the reflected light of the sun. A planet can be distinguished from a star by the fact that it shines more brightly and it does not twinkle.

- A) Hence, the position of stars as seen from the Earth does not remain the same.
- B) However, all luminous bodies visible in the night sky are
- C) In fact, the stars in a galaxy revolve around a central core called galactic nucleus.
- D) For instance, the distances of the stars are measured in units of light years.
- E) Therefore, the distance between planets and the sun keeps changing.

Solar system: güneş sistemi

Universe: evren

Consist of: içermek

Revolve: dönmek, gezinmek

Emit: salmak

Due to: den dolayı





(I) A podcast is a digital audio or video file, distributed automatically to a subscribed user. (II) That user can then listen to or view the file on a mobile device, such as a personal computer, tablet, laptop, or mobile phone. personal computer, tablet, laptop, or mobile phone.

(III) The evolution of the podcast is one more important development in the proliferation of new communications technology. (IV) The podcaster first creates a 'show' - usually a video or MP3 audio file - and then an RSS (Really Simple Syndication) feed that points to where the podcast can be found. (V) The receiver, who is the user, utilizes 'aggregator' software to subscribe; this periodically checks the RSS feed to see if new content has been added, and then downloads the content automatically. then downloads the content automatically.

B) II

C) III

D) IV E) V

Distribute: dağıtmak

Subscribed: üye

