

1-6: For these questions, choose the best word or expression to fill the space.

1

1. **Considering** our **hectic** lives with **tight** schedules and **busy** agendas, those who **REFRAIN FROM** **regular exercise** and **receive** nutrition that hardly **meets the** energy requirements of such a life **only increase** their **susceptibility to** **diseases**.

- A) take up a hobby / space, area, time = **occupy**  
 B) refrain from prepacked food/ smoking / fast food = **avoid**  
 C) stick to principles / promise / plan = **follow, obey, adhere to**  
 D) look for a job / something you have lost / friend = **seek, try to find**  
 E) cut down trees / expenses / someone\* = **cut / reduce / kill - humiliate**

*inevitable*

Bonus:

1. **Considering**: Given..., / As far as ...is concerned / When it comes to...

2. **receive**: get / obtain / attain / achieve / **consume\***

3. **meets** the energy requirements: **satisfy, cater for**

4. **susceptibility to**: vulnerability / proneness / openness / liability/ inclination TO --- **likelihood / chances / odds OF----**

2. The rising number of tourists in Rome has already caused annoyance among residents and the solution ~~to~~ the conflicts between tourists, tourism suppliers and inhabitants are nowhere ~~in~~ sight for the time being.

- A) of / by  
B) above / into  
C) into / on  
D) for / out of  
E) to / in

Bonus:

1. among : 3+ kişi/nesne arasında
2. between two people/things/ couple/ parents/ A and B
3. ANCAK conflicts between tourists, tourism suppliers and inhabitants
4. in sight
5. out of sight = nowhere in sight

3. Though it **bears certain similarities** to traditional marketing, social media marketing focuses more on online marketing and -- **ENTAILS** -- creating and sharing content on social media networks in order to **reach marketing and branding goals**.

A) refuses = reject / oppose

B) avoids = keep away from, refrain from

C) entails = involve / mean / includes / require / mean

D) assembles = bring together / gather / amass / collect

E) concludes = finish / close / wrap up / sum up

**Bonus:**

1. **bears certain similarities to** = resemble, be like, be similar to, remind

2. **reach marketing and branding goals** = attain, achieve, accomplish, realize, fulfil, complete

4. Journalism **as an academic discipline** **adopts** the scientific method, which is **intimately** connected with the -- ACCUMULATION -- of facts and related data in the first place **prior to** deeper analysis, assessment and reportage of evidence.

A) evaluation = assessment

B) proposition = idea /plan/ intention

C) explanation = vindication / justification / rationalization / description

**D)** accumulation = gathering / amassing

E) assumption = postulation / theory / hypothesis / supposition

Bonus:

1. as an academic discipline =field, realm, area

→ 2. adopts = make use of / utilize / harness / resort to employ

3. intimately connected = closely / thoroughly

5. Even in Chaplin's later years, his work continued to **take precedence over** everything and everyone else; **besides**, his -- **RELENTLESS** -- perfectionism **resulted in** days of effort and thousands of feet of film **being wasted**, all at enormous expense.

- ✓ A) **relentless** = persistent / unyielding / unbending  
 B) intricate = elaborate / complex / complicated  
 C) vital = important / crucial / central\*  
 D) artificial = simulated / false / fake / mock\*  
 E) premeditated = deliberate / calculated / conscious / intentional

Bonus:

1. **take precedence over** = have priority over / come first / be the number one priority /

2. **besides** = A. iki cümleyi bağlar also / in addition / moreover / furthermore

→ **besides** = B. NOUN + NOUN as well as / in addition to / together with / along with / coupled with / plus / and / apart from\* / aside from\* / other than\*

3. **resulted in** = end up – in / wind up / eventuate / culminate in XXX **result from** = be caused by

be triggered by  
induced by

reckless

6. **Of** the chosen *Time 100: The Most Important People of the Century*, Albert Einstein was chosen as the Person of the Century, **ON THE GROUNDS THAT** he was the **preeminent scientist** in a century dominated by science.

A) on condition that **if**

B) for fear that **lest**

C) even though

D) as long as

E) on the grounds that

Bonus:

1. **Of** = out of / Among / Considering\* / Given\* / As far as ... is concerned\*

2. **Preeminent** = distinguished / unsurpassed

**distinct**

7. Despite **enjoying** an unrivalled leadership and profits for a long time, the U.S. auto industry **nearly collapsed** DUE TO increased foreign competition back in 1970s.

- A) by means of
- B) thanks to
- C) due to
- D) in spite of
- E) prior to

Bonus:

1. **enjoying** an unrivalled leadership = have a position / bear a title
2. **nearly collapsed** = almost but not totally

boast

8. A rhetorical **question** is one **-FOR-** which the questioner does not expect a direct answer: in many cases, it may be **intended to** start a **discourse**, or **-AS-** a means of displaying or emphasizing the speaker's or author's opinion on a **topic**.

A) for / as

as a means to this end

B) in / from

C) of / by

D) with / through

E) to / for

Bonus:

1. **intended to** = aiming at / with a view to v-ing-noun / in order to / so as to / to

2. **discourse** = a. expression, speech, dialogue / b. counter discourse / literary discourse / poetic discourse



9. Authors of fiction must make sure that the characters, setting and plot are **compelling** and convincing -- SO THAT -- they are **appreciate** by readers and reach a wider audience.

A) so sonuç

B) because

C) unless

D) given that

E) so that *sonuç*

Bonus:

1. **compelling** evidence / setting / plot = gripping / persuasive İKNA EDİCİ
2. **compelling** reasons / **compelling** circumstance = MÜCBİR SEBEP-DURUM
3. **appreciate** = value / like / enjoy / welcome / understand /

10. Attention **deficit** hyperactivity disorder --TENDS-- to **run in** families and, **in most** cases, it is thought that the genes --INHERITED-- from parents are a significant factor **in** developing the **condition**.

A) tended / inheriting

✓ **B) tends / inherited**

C) has tended / having inherited

D) is tending / to inherit

E) will tend / to be inherited

Bonus:

1. **deficit = absence**, lack, **paucity**, shortage

2. **condition = a. disease, disorder / b. state, situation, form / c. terms, articles**

1

2

3 .

exaggerate / overstate

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11. Hyperbole is frequently **employed** in poetry as it **emphasizes** and **evokes** strong feelings, thus -- CREATING -- strong impressions, but it is usually not meant -- TO BE TAKEN -- literally **given** the use of **exaggeration** as a figure of speech.

A) to create / to be taking

B) create / taking

C) to be creating / to take

D) created / taken

E) creating / to be taken

Bonus:

→ 1. **employed**= use, make use of, resort to

→ 2. **evoked** strong feelings = trigger, induce, stir up, bring to mind, call to mind

3. **exaggeration** = overstatement, hyperbole

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12. Seeds **serve** several functions for the plants that produce them ---- nourishment of the embryo, **dispersal** to a new location, and **dormancy** during unfavourable conditions.

- A) other than
- B) despite
- C) except for
- D) such as
- E) because of

Bonus:

1. **serve** several functions = provide, supply , fulfil
2. **dispersal** = spreading, scattering distribute / dispense / disseminate
3. **dormancy** = sleep, being inactive /still/ motionless, hibernation\*

slow

13. When a crocodilian is **concerned about** its safety, it will **expose** the teeth and tongue and make hissing sounds, but if these don't work, it will start to change its posture --- **RADICALLY** - to make itself look more **intimidating**.

A) subsequently

B) naively

C) radically immensely

D) voluntarily

E) perpetually

Bonus:

1. **concerned about** = worried

2. **concerned with** = interested in, engaged in

3. **expose** the teeth and tongue

4. **intimidating** = scary, frightening,

subject

Amay

14. For a nation or society -- TO ENSURE -- harmony and peace in the long run, all state and business organizations together with citizen initiatives -- MUST SHOULDER - the responsibility to create a substantial safety net for the miserable in society.

- A) to be ensured / can shoulder X
- B) ensuring / might shoulder X
- C) to have ensured / could shoulder X
- ✓ D) to ensure / must shoulder ✓
- E) ensured / have to shoulder ✓

Bonus:

1. For a nation or society to verb / to be v3
2. together with
3. shoulder the responsibility = undertake, take on, assume
4. the miserable in society = the poor  
those in need

15. Symphonies gained --SUCH-- popularity in the 18th century --THAT-- they **detached** completely from opera and **turned into** the most **revered** instrumental **genre** of the era.

A) no sooner / than

B) as / as

C) more / than

D) so / that

✓ E) such / that

popular

Bonus:

1. **detached** = seperate

2. **turned into** = convert, transform

3. **revered** = respected

4. instrumental **genre** of the era = literary style, form, type

16-20: For these questions, choose the best word or expression to fill the spaces in the passage.

Sleep plays an important role in consolidating memory, (16) **RESTORING** the immune system, and other vital processes. As a result, a lack of quality sleep may result in a host of symptoms that you may not immediately connect to sleep. Excessive daytime sleepiness, (17) ----, is something to take seriously as it affects between 10% and 20% of the American population. Research suggests it is a serious threat (18) ---- the rise. The 2020 Sleep in America Poll found that Americans report (19) ---- sleepy an average of three days a week, and experience significant effects on mood and physical health as a result. (20) ---- the fact that it is not a disorder in itself, excessive daytime sleepiness should be taken care of as your body may be trying to tell you that you are not getting enough sleep, or it may be raising red flags about a sleep disorder or other health condition.

16.

- A) destroying
- B) attacking
- C) restoring
- D) tempting
- E) enriching



Sleep plays an important role in consolidating memory, (16) --RESTORING -- the immune system, and other vital processes. As a result, a lack of quality sleep may result in a host of symptoms that you may not immediately connect to sleep. Excessive daytime sleepiness, (17) --ON THE OTHER HAND--, is something to take seriously as it affects between 10% and 20% of the American population. Research suggests it is a serious threat (18) ---- the rise. The 2020 Sleep in America Poll found that Americans report (19) ---- sleepy an average of three days a week, and experience significant effects on mood and physical health as a result. (20) ---- the fact that it is not a disorder in itself, excessive daytime sleepiness should be taken care of as your body may be trying to tell you that you are not getting enough sleep, or it may be raising red flags about a sleep disorder or other health condition.

17.

- A) as a consequence
- B) in contrast
- C) for example
- D) on the other hand
- E) in other words

Sleep plays an important role in consolidating memory, (16) -- **RESTORING** -- the immune system, and other vital processes. As a result, a lack of quality sleep may result in a host of symptoms that you may not immediately connect to sleep. Excessive daytime sleepiness, (17) --**ON THE OTHER HAND**--, is something to take seriously as it affects between 10% and 20% of the American population. Research suggests it is a serious threat (18) --**ON**-- the rise. The 2020 Sleep in America Poll found that Americans report (19) ---- sleepy an average of three days a week, and experience significant effects on mood and physical health as a result. (20) ---- the fact that it is not a disorder in itself, excessive daytime sleepiness should be taken care of as your body may be trying to tell you that you are not getting enough sleep, or it may be raising red flags about a sleep disorder or other health condition.

18.

- A) on  
B) to  
C) in  
D) at  
E) of

Sleep plays an important role in consolidating memory, (16) -- **RESTORING** -- the immune system, and other vital processes. As a result, a lack of quality sleep may result in a host of symptoms that you may not immediately connect to sleep. Excessive daytime sleepiness, (17) --**ON THE OTHER HAND**--, is something to take seriously as it affects between 10% and 20% of the American population. Research suggests it is a serious threat (18) --**ON**-- the rise. The 2020 Sleep in America Poll found that Americans report (19) --**FEELING**-- sleepy an average of three days a week, and experience significant effects on mood and physical health as a result. (20) ---- the fact that it is not a disorder in itself, excessive daytime sleepiness should be taken care of as your body may be trying to tell you that you are not getting enough sleep, or it may be raising red flags about a sleep disorder or other health condition.

19.

- A) to feel
- B) felt
- C) to be felt
- D) feel
- E) feeling

Sleep plays an important role in consolidating memory, (16) -- **RESTORING** -- the immune system, and other vital processes. As a result, a lack of quality sleep may result in a host of symptoms that you may not immediately connect to sleep. Excessive daytime sleepiness, (17) --**ON THE OTHER HAND**--, is something to take seriously as it affects between 10% and 20% of the American population. Research suggests it is a serious threat (18) --**ON**-- the rise. The 2020 Sleep in America Poll found that Americans report (19) --**FEELING**-- sleepy an average of three days a week, and experience significant effects on mood and physical health as a result. (20) -- **IN SPITE OF** -- the fact that it is not a disorder in itself, excessive daytime sleepiness should be taken care of as your body may be trying to tell you that you are not getting enough sleep, or it may be raising red flags about a sleep disorder or other health condition.

20.

- A) Due to
- B) In spite of
- C) Similar to
- D) Contrary to
- E) Along with

21-30: For these questions, choose the best option to complete the given sentence.

imminent / looming / brewing / anticipated

21. Whereas anxiety involves the panic accompanying thinking about an impending threat, ---.

- B
- A) many fear that overcoming present problems will take a long time
- B) fear signifies a response to a threat that is present
- C) people with anxiety disorders can experience such conditions more frequently
- D) certain brain areas are active when one is scared
- E) the role of fear in preventing effective learning needs further research

22. Some types of weather are easy to attribute to climate change ----.

- A) so the effects of climate change on hurricanes are still unknown
- B) if the frequency of hurricanes and the damage they cause did not change from basin to basin
- C) yet hurricanes have also increased in intensity over the past two or three decades
- ✓ D) but with hurricanes, things are a bit more complicated
- E) whereas climate change will lead to an increase in the number of hurricanes

though  
?  
? ✓

(✓) thus (✓)

but

however

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concern  
problem

-

23. ----; controversially, it is also closely connected with a number of environmental issues.

- ✓ A) Swidden agriculture is by far the dominant land use system that provides various valuable subsistence products to local farmers
- B) Human beings are known to have practiced a variety of agriculture systems with significant differences across farming societies
- C) There is very limited information on the basic geographical and demographic data of swidden agriculture
- D) Archaeologists have gathered enough evidence of more advanced farming methods, such as irrigation and terracing
- E) Swidden agriculture has been abandoned due to diverse market-oriented and exploitative land use types

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2pply to

just as / similarly / which is also the case

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24. ----, which is a truth that also **applies to academic institutions** which **depend largely on** having motivated, **high-performing researchers** on board.

- A) A range of abilities such as verbal, musical, spatial and naturalistic are required for certain professions
- B) It has been theorized that people do not have just one, but many kinds of intelligence
- C) In the business world, it is often said that a company is only as good as its employees
- D) Abilities rather than personality traits of managers should have priority in business life
- E) Many marketers utilize multiple means and integrate various senses into their advertisements

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25. The sunlight intensity on some parts of the earth significantly varies over the course of the year ---.

A) but sunlight is driving evaporation and precipitation patterns while creating winds

B) if energy from the sun reaches all areas with equal strength

C) as the earth constantly changes its orientation in space

D) so sunlight causes water to evaporate from plants, soils, and bodies of water.

E) yet the sun provides energy for living organisms, and it drives our planet's weather and climate patterns

26. Since knowing the expected salary upfront lets candidates understand whether a job will be financially viable for them, ----.

- A) they are often disappointed when companies don't post information regarding salaries in their job adverts
- B) most human resource departments do their best to support new recruits with better perks extra
- C) employers don't publicise how much they pay to avoid resentment among their current employees
- D) in an ideal world, every candidate doing the same job would make the same amount of money when they start
- E) many employers also withhold salary information to give them more negotiation leverage with potential candidates

BONUS: upfront= a. ön ödeme / b. Önceden =Beforehand, in advance

edge over

power

revise / revisit

MK

27. Although kindness was considered something of a soft topic for decades ----.

- A) most people would probably say they have a good idea about what it means to be kind
- B) it has recently begun to be taken seriously within academic research**
- C) just hearing that someone else has behaved kindly can motivate us to do the same
- D) there is not much that we know about it from experiments conducted in the lab
- E) neuroscientific research shows that our brains have a different emotional response to it

A

B

28. When sea otters, which **mainly feed on sea urchins**, **are lost from an ecosystem**, ----.

- A) otters' effect on seagrasses may also benefit the climate if they do **make a comeback** in the near future
  - B) their massive appetites can diminish fishing opportunities for commercial operations and subsistence-based indigenous communities
  - C) ecosystems are not able to **restore** what they have lost as quickly as many people imagine
  - D) we can help restore missing keystone predators, making things right in a lot of surprising ways
- ✓ **sea urchin numbers** can skyrocket, causing the **annihilation** of sea grass which form a habitat for numerous marine species

nihilism

29. Although the idea of "wildlife" is taken to mean animals not bred or controlled by humans, ----.

- ✓ A) increasingly wild animals are not just left alone to live their own lives -
- B) some animal diseases can be found in the world of agriculture, where trading animals is commonplace
- C) the farming industry is not the only domain of human life you will find such animals
- D) a nature and wildlife protection movement has grown over the last two centuries
- E) ~~animals~~ have always been a part of human lives and economies

Although svo - , +

Despite X

+	,	-	≡
+	,	+	+
-	,	-	-

it is common to think that

30. While it is tempting to assume that anyone who refuses a vaccine does so on the same grounds or assumptions, -

- Common
- A) there certain groups that benefit more from the protection provided by such vaccines throughout the world
- B) many online commentators claim that the vaccine hesitant people are simply ignorant or selfish, which is quite unfair
- 4 C) vaccine choices are often the result of many complicating factors that need to be addressed sensitively
- D) even a delay in deciding whether to get a shot or not is considered a threat to health because viral infections spread very quickly
- 5 E) the reasonable fears of most vaccine hesitant people should not be confused with the bizarre theories of fixed anti-vaxxers

31-34: For these questions, choose the most accurate Turkish translation of the sentences in English, and the most accurate English translation of the sentences in Turkish.

31. India, home to 22 of the world's 30 most polluted cities, has the world's worst air pollution and its toxic air leads to the death of more than one million people each year.

- A) Dünyanın en kirliliği olan 30 şehrinin 22'si Hindistan'dadır ve zehirli havası her yıl bir milyondan fazla kişiyi öldüren bu ülke, dünyanın en kötü hava kirliliğine sahiptir.
- B) Dünyadaki en kötü hava kirliliğine sahip olan Hindistan, dünyanın en kirliliği olan 30 şehrinin 22'sine ev sahipliği yapmaktadır ve ~~orada~~ zehirli hava her yıl bir milyondan fazla insanın ölümüne yol açar.
- C) Hindistan, dünyanın en kirliliği olan 30 şehrinin 22'sine sahiptir ve havası da dünyadaki en kirliliği olan havadır; bunun yanında, her yıl bir milyondan fazla kişi hava kirliliği yüzünden hayatını kaybetmektedir.
- D)** Dünyanın en kirliliği olan 30 şehrinin 22'sine ev sahipliği yapan Hindistan, dünyanın en kötü hava kirliliğine sahiptir ve zehirli havası her yıl bir milyondan fazla insanın ölümüne yol açar.
- E) Hindistan'ı dünyanın havası en kirliliği olan ülkesi yapan şey, dünyanın en kirliliği olan 30 şehrinin 22'sine sahip olmasıdır ve zehirli havası her yıl bir milyondan fazla insanın ölümüne yol açar.

**32. When you think of your retirement savings, your bank, or your investments, it is unlikely that you associate these with trees being chopped down in lush tropical rainforests.**

- A) Emeklilik birikimlerinizi, bankanızı veya yatırımlarınızı düşündüğünüzde yemyeşil tropik ormanlarda kesilmekte olan ağaçlarla bunlar arasında bağlantı kurmanız pek olası değil.
- B) Hiç kimsenin aklına emeklilik birikimlerini, bankalarını ya da yatırımlarını düşündüğünde yemyeşil tropik ormanlarda kesilmekte olan ağaçlar gelmez.
- C) Emeklilik birikimleriniz, bankanız veya yatırımlarınız aklınıza gelince bunları yemyeşil tropik ormanlarda kesilmekte olan ağaçlarla ilişkilendirmez olası değil.
- D) Emeklilik birikimlerini, bankalarını ya da yatırımlarını düşünen insanların akıllarına bunları yemyeşil tropik ormanlarda kesilmekte olan ağaçlar ile ilişkilendirmek gelmez.
- E**) Emeklilik birikimlerinizi, bankanızı veya yatırımlarınızı düşündüğünüzde bunları yemyeşil tropik ormanlarda kesilmekte olan ağaçlarla ilişkilendirmez olası değil.



**33. Bazı insanlar, boş zamanlarını en iyi seçeneklerle doldurmak için muazzam bir baskı hisseder ancak eğlencemizi en yükseğe çıkarma baskısı boş zamanımızdan alacağımız zevkin önüne geçebilir.**

- A) Though some people feel enormous pressure to fill their downtime with the best choices, this pressure to maximise our fun might get in the way of our enjoyment of leisure itself.
- B) Some people might feel enormous pressure to fill their downtime with the best choices, yet this pressure to maximise our fun will mostly get in the way of our enjoyment of leisure itself.
- C) The pressure to maximise our fun might get in the way of our enjoyment of leisure itself, so feeling enormous pressure to fill our downtime with the best choices is useless.
- D)** Some people feel enormous pressure to fill their downtime with the best choices, but this pressure to maximise our fun might get in the way of our enjoyment of leisure itself.
- E) It might be that some people pressurize themselves to fill their downtime with the best choices, but they might have to sacrifice their enjoyment of leisure itself due to this pressure.

**34. Ofkeyle işi bırakma, genellikle bir dizi işyeri probleminin sonucu olduğu için işverenler uyarı işaretlerine dikkat ederek güç bir zamanda terk edilmekten kaçınabilir.**

- A)** As rage quitting is generally the culmination of a series of workplace issues, employers can avoid being left in the lurch by paying attention to the warning signs.
- B) Rage quitting is generally the culmination of a series of workplace issues, so employers can avoid being left in the lurch by paying attention to the warning signs.
- C) Employers can avoid being left in the lurch by paying attention to the warning signs given by rage quitters who suddenly quit as a result of a series of workplace issues.
- D) When there is a series of workplace problems, employees quit suddenly in a rage attack, but employers can avoid this by paying attention to the warning signs.
- E) Employers who do not pay attention to warning signs are often left in the lurch by rage quitters who quit as a result of a series of workplace issues.

Answer these questions according to the passage below.

Nearly a century ago, archaeologists working in France's Pyrenean foothills discovered a seashell in Marsoulas Cave. They identified the conch shell as a shared ceremonial drinking vessel and put it into storage at the Natural History Museum of Toulouse. Nine decades later, scholars revisited the cave artefacts and realized there had been a mistake. Rather than a cup, they had a prehistoric musical instrument around 12,000 to 18,000 years old. In 2019 Carole Fritz, an archaeologist with the French National Center for Scientific Research, conducted a review of objects found in the cave, famous for its prehistoric wall art created by a nomadic group of Upper Palaeolithic hunters in the Magdalenian epoch. Fritz's colleagues noted that the pointy end of the shell, or apex, was missing; they theorized that perhaps it was purposely broken off – a modification seen in conch horns from much later times. A CT scan of the shell's interior revealed a structure helpful to producing sound. Fritz also found a surprise: a hole made near the apex, where a mouthpiece could have been placed. To test the horn theory, a musician was able to play the shell and produce three tones, close in range to the notes C, C sharp, and D.

35. Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?

- A) France's Pyrenean foothills are the most important place for archaeology.
- B) The scholars revisiting the cave cut the pointy end of the shell on purpose.
- C) Marsoulas Cave is at a short distance to Toulouse.
- D) The use of conch shells as musical instruments has a long history.
- E) Upper Palaeolithic hunters were expert musicians.

however  
although  
if  
perfect modals

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**36. Which of the following is true about the conch shell?**

- A) It was correctly identified as a cup when it was first discovered.
- B) It was carved into its shape by scientists who reviewed it.
- C) It turned out that it didn't belong to the Magdalenian epoch.
- D) It took several CT scans to prove that it was made by a nomadic group of Upper Palaeolithic hunters.
- E) A musician helped prove that it served another purpose than it was initially thought.

Nearly a century ago, archaeologists working in France's Pyrenean foothills discovered a seashell in **Marsoulas Cave**. They identified the conch shell as a shared ceremonial drinking vessel and put it into storage at the Natural History Museum of Toulouse. Nine decades later, scholars revisited the cave artefacts and realized there had been a mistake. Rather than a cup, they had a prehistoric musical instrument around 12,000 to 18,000 years old. In 2019 Carole Fritz, an archaeologist with the French National Center for **Scientific Research, conducted a review of objects found in the cave, famous for its prehistoric wall art created by a nomadic group of Upper Palaeolithic hunters in the Magdalenian epoch**. Fritz's colleagues noted that the pointy end of the shell, or apex, was missing; they theorized that perhaps it was purposely broken off – a modification seen in conch horns from much later times. A CT scan of the shell's interior revealed a structure helpful to producing sound. Fritz also found a surprise: a hole made near the apex, where a mouthpiece could have been placed. To test the horn theory, a musician was able to play the shell and produce three tones, close in range to the notes C, C sharp, and D.

37. It is clear from the passage that Marsoulas Cave ----.

- A) was named after the Upper Palaeolithic hunters that inhabited it
- B) is full of musical instruments made by ancient people
- C) was first discovered by Carole Fritz in 2019
- D) hosts prehistoric wall art produced in the Magdalenian epoch**
- E) is a popular place among people from the Toulouse region

who JFE

Nearly a century ago, archaeologists working in France's Pyrenean foothills **discovered a seashell** in Marsoulas Cave. They identified the conch shell as a shared ceremonial drinking vessel and put it into storage at the Natural History Museum of Toulouse. Nine decades later, scholars revisited the **cave artefacts** and realized there had been a mistake. **Rather than a cup**, they had a prehistoric musical instrument around 12,000 to 18,000 years old. In 2019 Carole Fritz, an archaeologist with the French National Center for Scientific Research, **conducted a review** of objects found in the cave, famous for its prehistoric wall art created by a nomadic group of Upper Palaeolithic hunters in the Magdalenian epoch. Fritz's colleagues noted that the pointy end of the shell, or apex, was missing; they theorized that perhaps it was purposely broken off – a modification seen in conch horns from much later times. **A CT (computerized tomography) scan of the shell's interior revealed** a structure helpful to producing sound. Fritz also found a surprise: a hole made near the apex, where a mouthpiece could have been placed. **To test the horn theory**, a musician was able to play the shell and produce three tones, **close in range to the notes C, C sharp, and D.**

38. Which of the following could be the best title for the passage?

- A) Archaeological **Finds** in Marsoulas Cave in France
- B) A Revision Reveals the True Nature of **an** Archaeological **Find** in France
- C) Famous Archaeological Mistakes in France History
- D) Carole Fritz: the Scholar Who Corrected an Important Mistake
- E) The Wall Art of Upper Palaeolithic Hunters in What is Now France

Answer these questions according to the passage below.

Desert-dwelling mammals have a range of adaptations to water scarcity. Some of these traits have to do with the functioning of the kidneys, which maintain the body's water and salt balance. Mammals vary in the size and shape of their kidneys and thus the extent to which they can concentrate urine and thereby conserve body water. The desert pocket mouse, for example, can live without water for months, in part because of the extreme extent to which its kidneys can concentrate urine. Humans can do this to a degree. When we lose **copious amounts of water** from sweating, a complex network of hormones and neural circuitry directs our kidneys to conserve water by concentrating urine. But our limited ability to do so means we cannot go without freshwater for nearly so long as the pocket mouse. Neither can we preload our bodies with water. The desert camel can drink and store enough water to draw on for weeks. But if humans drink too much fluid, our urine output quickly increases.

39. The underlined word "copious" in the passage is closest in meaning to ----.

- A) sparse  
B) enough  
C) abundant  
D) destructive  
E) luxuriant

Desert-dwelling mammals have a range of adaptations to water scarcity. Some of these traits have to do with the functioning of the kidneys, which maintain the body's water and salt balance. Mammals vary in the size and shape of their kidneys and thus the extent to which they can concentrate urine and thereby conserve body water. The desert pocket mouse, for example, can live without water for months, in part because of the extreme extent to which its kidneys can concentrate urine. Humans can do this to a degree. When we lose **copious** amounts of water from sweating, a complex network of hormones and neural circuitry directs our kidneys to conserve water by concentrating urine. **But our limited ability to do so means we cannot go without freshwater for nearly so long as the pocket mouse.** Neither can we preload our bodies with water. The desert camel can drink and store enough water to draw on for weeks. But if humans drink too much fluid, our urine output quickly increases.

40. It is clear from the passage that humans ----.

- A) are as capable as the pocket mouse when it comes to storing water
- B) could store water for weeks if they had humps like camels
- C) will definitely have kidney failure if they store water for a long time
- D) can hardly preserve water in their bodies for long periods**
- E) did not evolve to drink lots of water during the day



Desert-dwelling mammals have a range of adaptations to water scarcity. Some of these traits have to do with the functioning of the kidneys, which maintain the body's water and salt balance. **Mammals vary in the size and shape of their kidneys and thus the extent to which they can concentrate urine and thereby conserve body water.** The desert pocket mouse, for example, can live without water for months, in part because of the extreme extent to which its kidneys can concentrate urine. Humans can do this to a degree. When we lose **copious** amounts of water from sweating, a complex network of hormones and neural circuitry directs our kidneys to conserve water by concentrating urine. But our limited ability to do so means we cannot go without freshwater for nearly so long as the pocket mouse. Neither can we preload our bodies with water. The desert camel can drink and store enough water to draw on for weeks. But if humans drink too much fluid, our urine output quickly increases.

41. **How much water different mammals can conserve depends on ----.**

- A) how long they want to preserve it
- B) the size and shape of their kidneys**
- C) how much they actually drink
- D) the way their kidneys work
- E) the concentration levels of urine

Desert-dwelling mammals have a range of adaptations to water scarcity. Some of these traits have to do with the functioning of the kidneys, which maintain the body's water and salt balance. Mammals vary in the size and shape of their kidneys and thus the extent to which they can concentrate urine and thereby conserve body water. The desert pocket mouse, for example, can live without water for months, in part because of the extreme extent to which its kidneys can concentrate urine. Humans can do this to a degree. When we lose copious amounts of water from sweating, a complex network of hormones and neural circuitry directs our kidneys to conserve water by concentrating urine. But our limited ability to do so means we cannot go without freshwater for nearly so long as the pocket mouse. Neither can we preload our bodies with water. The desert camel can drink and store enough water to draw on for weeks. But if humans drink too much fluid, our urine output quickly increases.

42. The passage is mainly about ----.

- A) the scarcity of water in deserts and its consequences for animals living there
- B) the extent to which some mammals can concentrate urine
- C) the importance of kidneys for the preservation of water in mammals' bodies
- D) the differences in the adaptability levels of desert-dwelling animals to water shortage
- E) why humans cannot store water as easily as some desert-dwelling animals like camels

For these questions, choose the best option to complete the dialogue.

43.

Chris:

- You seem attached to your water bottle. Whenever I see you, you have it with you.

Gilbert:

of course

- You bet I do. I drink 8 glasses every day; not less or more.

Chris:

- -----

Gilbert:

- Why do you say that? it has much to do with/ it is more related to

Chris:

- Because how much you need to drink depends on your weight, your activity level, and the temperature.

A) What about soups you drink for lunch and dinner?

**B) You know what?** This might be the most popular myth about hydration.

C) I don't suppose it is filled with sports drink, is it?

D) And it is from someone who drinks more than five cups of coffee.

E) So you are not eating fresh fruits like watermelon or grapefruit.

44.

Myra:

- You should **stop eating** ice-cream every day. In fact, everyone should **do away with** it.

Harry:

- ----

Myra:

- **I am serious.** **The dairy industry accounts for a massive 3.5 percent** of the world's carbon dioxide emissions.

Harry:

- **Then we should quit drinking milk altogether** – or **eating yoghurt** for **that matter**.

Myra:

- **Who knows? But we should definitely do something** to decrease our carbon footprint.

**A) You're kidding, right? Why should anyone do something like that?**

B) What **bizarre science magazine** have you been **reading lately**?

C) I want my **ice-cream lover** best friend back. **What got into you?**

D) Have you been **able to** quit **eating** ice-cream, **anyway**?

E) Is this about the **extra kilos** I **have gained** in the last few weeks?

For these questions, choose the best rephrased form of the given sentence.

15. Even though Ivory Coast currently gets most of its power from fossil fuels, with natural gas generating 70% of its energy, the country has a target increasing usage of renewable energy sources to 42%.

- A) Natural gas currently generates 70% of the energy in Ivory coast, which currently gets most of its power from fossil fuels, thus, the country is set to increase its usage of renewable energy sources to 42%.
- B) Ivory Coast, which currently gets most of its power from fossil fuels, with natural gas generating 70% of its energy, has a target increasing usage of renewable energy sources to 42%.
- C) In spite of getting most of its power from fossil fuels, with natural gas generating 70% of its energy, Ivory Coast has recently started to increase its usage of renewable energy sources to 42%.
- D) Ivory Coast currently gets most of its power from fossil fuels, with natural gas generating 70% of its energy, yet it is expected to increase its usage of renewable energy sources to 42%.
- E) Most of the power in Ivory Coast is currently being obtained from fossil fuels, with natural gas generating 70% of its energy, but the country is aiming to increase usage of renewable energy sources to 42%.

46. **Because** tablaos, the typical venues of traditional flamenco dance, **don't have a specific license** that recognise them as cultural providers, they **are unable to receive** needed support from the Spanish government.

- A)** The typical venues of traditional flamenco dance, tablaos **lack a specific license** that identify them as cultural providers, **thus**, they **can't get the necessary** backing from the Spanish government.
- B)** With the tablaos, the typical venues of traditional flamenco dance, lacking a specific document that makes them places of cultural heritage, they **are deprived of the** much-needed support from the Spanish government.
- C)** The Spanish government won't be able to support tablaos, the typical venues of traditional flamenco dance, because they don't have the necessary documentation that helps them become cultural providers.
- D)** If tablaos, the typical venues of traditional flamenco dance, **had a specific licence** that recognise them as cultural providers, they **would be able to get some support** from the Spanish government.
- E)** Tablaos cannot be recognised as cultural providers despite being the typical venues of traditional flamenco dance, so they are unable to receive needed support from the Spanish government.

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For these questions, choose the best option to complete the missing part of the passage.

47. Although there are about 1.2 billion cattle in the world, only very few – on a few oceanic islands, and at Chillingham – live free of human interference or management. White as snow, with sinewy frames, a fierce temperament and vast horns that curve menacingly into jet-black tips, Chillingham wild cattle are no ordinary oxen retaining a primeval character. ----**They are, indeed, far fewer in number** than giant pandas, Siberian tigers or mountain gorillas. pekistirme

A) Chillingham Castle is home to one of the world's last remaining herds of wild cattle.

**B) They are also some of the rarest animals on the planet;** currently numbering around 130. - by ving

C) The Chillingham cattle were originally enclosed in the park around 800 years ago.

D) The cattle's shadowlike form fits in perfectly against the backdrop of the castle.

E) Their certain characteristics may have been frozen in time in the medieval era.

48. Public mourning rituals have a clear purpose. By gathering people together around the bereaved, they help mourners strengthen their bonds and re-enter the social world after a major loss. ---- They seem to serve no practical function. They seem almost pointless. Speaking of a widow who washed her husband's car each week, researchers point out, she didn't drive the car. There was no reason to wash the car. Yet you could see clearly how it's such an emotionally meaningful thing for her as rituals are used to create some order to regain control.

A) Ritualistic practices can help to bring a degree of predictability to an uncertain future.

B) Anxiety-reducing effect of rituals can apply to almost any high-pressure endeavour.

C) Rituals come in many different forms

✓ D) But private rituals do no such thing.

E) The type of ritual doesn't reduce anxiety.



76-80: For these questions, choose the irrelevant sentence in the passage.

49. **(I)** There are no substances or activities that universally or uniformly cause people to become addicted. **(II)** Many different theories of addiction exist because they weigh the role of contributing factors differently. **(III)** Some current models of addiction emphasize the causative role of individual variations in biology or genes that make a substance or experience feel more or less pleasurable. **(IV)** Many models of addiction highlight the causative role of individual psychological factors, whether personality factors such as impulsiveness or sensation-seeking, or psychopathology such as the negative effects of early trauma. **(V)** Other models of addiction emphasize the role that social and economic factors play in shaping behaviour, such as the strength of family and peer relationships and the presence of absence of educational and employment opportunities.

- A) I**      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

50. (I) China is a geographically diverse and complex country. (II) With the highest and one of the lowest places on Earth, its relief varies from nearly impenetrable mountainous terrain to vast coastal lowlands. (III) Its climate ranges from extremely dry in the northwest to tropical monsoon in the southeast. (IV) It is home to the world's widest array of plant species. (V) Indeed, practically all types of Northern Hemisphere plants, except those of the polar tundra and some of the world's most exotic animals are found in China.

- A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

END OF THE TEST

CHECK YOUR ANSWERS