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1. According to recent research, people with longer home-to-work commutes participate in ---- exercise, and thus have a lower level of cardiovascular fitness.

- A) exclusive      B) durable  
C) insufficient      D) communicable  
E) ultimate

3. Humans consume to survive, but in today's world, consumption is viewed as a central organizing ---- of our everyday lives and our overall experience in the world.

- A) principle      B) precaution  
C) admiration      D) recurrence  
E) manufacture

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2. With the Industrial Revolution came the building materials and the invention of new construction methods, which ---- an architectural style that became what is now labelled as Modern.

- A) confirmed      B) suspended  
C) evaluated      D) inspired  
E) overcame

4. Despite the tremendous progress in reducing extreme poverty, rates remain ---- high in low-income countries affected by conflict and political upheaval.

- A) tentatively      B) considerably  
C) separately      D) respectively  
E) bilaterally

21  
5. In a world of uncertainty and complexity, to overcome the information deficit, trust is considered an indispensable ---- of social relationships in any group - small or big.

- A) utilization                      B) ambition  
 C) component                      D) judgement  
 E) entitlement

7. Early capitalism ---- novel methods of production, the most distinctive of which ---- the 'cottage industry', seeing individual homes as mini-factories in those days.

- A) can engender / had to be named  
 B) had engendered / has been named  
 C) will engender / had been named  
 D) engenders / was named  
 E) engendered / is named

6. With the diminishing availability of the land required for agriculture due to the fast-growing population, scientists have to ---- the possibility of growing plants elsewhere, especially on Mars.

- A) break out                      B) take off  
 C) comply with                       D) look into  
 E) end up

8. It ---- that people use music to validate the way they think, and this information ---- to explain why friends and romantic partners have the same music taste.

- A) is hypothesized / might help  
 B) was hypothesized / is to help  
 C) has been hypothesized / would help  
 D) will be hypothesized / can help  
 E) had been hypothesized / could help

2<sup>1</sup>  
9. Since **As of its foundation in 1949**, the admission of **new member states to NATO** ---- the alliance among countries and **the most recent member state** ---- **is Montenegro**, which joined on 5 June 2017.

- A) ~~is increasing / having been added~~  
B) ~~increased / being added~~  
C) ~~had increased / to have been added~~  
✓ D) **has increased / to be added**  
E) ~~was increasing / to add~~

11. It may not be easy and feasible ---- for **people to stop using cooking stoves or fuel-burning heaters at once**, but **it is possible to minimize their risks** ---- **always operating** those devices according to the manufacturer's directions.

- A) ~~to / of~~ B) in / ~~at~~ risk  
C) from / up D) with / on  
✓ E) for / by

10. Between some 850 and 600 million years ago, concentrations ---- oxygen on Earth increased by steadily from 2 to ---- 10 per cent; still not enough for humans to survive on.

- A) in / under ✓ B) of / about  
C) on / from D) off / with  
E) at / by

12. ---- the name 'Vandals' in later historical times was limited to two tribal confederations, the Hasding and Siling Vandals, in prehistory it covered a greater number of tribes under the name 'Vandili'.

- A) As long as B) If  
C) After ✓ D) Even though more  
E) Unless er

21

13. Countless earlier studies have examined the effects of depression on externally guided decision-making ---- no report has proven such an effect.

- A) as soon as  
C) whereas  
E) only if
- B) but  
D) because

15. Ethics, in a wider sense than generally understood, is ---- about the morality of particular courses of action, ---- about the goodness of individuals and what it means to live a good life.

- A) hardly / when  
C) not only / but also  
E) whether / or
- B) just as / so  
D) as well / as

14. Currently, solar energy-based technology is attaining great acceptance ---- its several benefits and its proficiency to function without noise and toxicity.

- A) thanks to  
C) in spite of  
E) prior to
- B) similar to  
D) but for

16. For all their marked success, many Asian companies still have a long way to go ---- profits and recognition before they catch up with their Western competitors.

- A) compared with  
C) regardless of  
E) rather than
- B) in terms of / in  
D) according to

have to work hard

Despite

in

17-21: For these questions, choose the best word or expression to fill the spaces in the passage.

Homegrown edible plants are becoming more and more popular everywhere among the health-conscious crowds. Nowadays, many people, especially those living in big cities, feel disturbed by pesticides (17) ---- to grow plants and other harmful substances on the foods that they eat every day. (18) ----, they turn to their own harvest, grow plants, and some even start to make their own herbal e-cigarettes. However, in order to have a successful homegrown fruit or vegetable, it is a must to (19) ---- a process called composting. Composting is simple, and it involves creating fertilizer (20) ---- the plants that you intend to grow. (21) ---- you choose to grow vegetables, fruits, or herbs, and you need to ensure that they get the most nutrients possible.

17.

- A) used B) to use  
C) using C) having used  
E) to be using

18.

- A) Otherwise B) Similarly  
C) Therefore Çözüm D) However  
E) Meanwhile

19.

- A) get through B) take over  
C) set out aim D) carry out  
E) come across

20.

- A) in B) for sb /sth  
C) over D) up  
E) across

21.

- A) Unless B) Although  
C) Even if D) In case  
E) Whether or

22-26: For these questions, choose the best word or expression to fill the spaces in the passage.

31  
The profession of interior design is just over 100 years old. In these hundred years, what began as the art of decorating, (22) ---- form and function, has evolved by great leaps into today's world of highly specialized areas of interior design. Most decorators in the early 1900s had no academic credentials; (23) ----, they had a combination of good taste, common senses, and natural talent to interpret scale and proportion. The term "Interior Designer" was coined (24) ---- a magazine called "Interior Design and Decoration" in the 1930s. At that time, design schools recognized both architects and engineers (25) ---- designers. Over the years, though, the profession of interior design (26) ---- into a separate field with its own rules and principles. = in its own right

22.

- A) refuting  
C) offending  
E) accelerating

involving / embody / incorporate

- B) embracing  
D) allocating

23.

- A) hence  
B) however  
E) otherwise

- B) besides  
D) similarly

24.

- A) up  
C) to  
E) by

- B) on  
C) of

25.

- A) as if  
C) due to  
E) once

- B) such as  
D) as

for years

26.

- A) has grown  
C) grows  
E) will grow

- B) had grown  
D) is growing

27-36: For these questions, choose the best option to complete the given sentence.

27. **No one will defy the fact that learning to read at school provides a foundation for future learning in all areas of study, ----.**

- 2!
- is in detail
- A) so in order to learn to read English, children must figure out the relationship between sounds and letters
- B) **but reading is way more than just sounding out words and students need to understand what those words mean**
- C) yet young children continue to develop listening and speaking skills as they communicate their needs
- D) **thus language skills are essential for cognitive development as they allow them to talk about their experiences**
- E) if books and magazines can introduce people, places, and ideas and describe familiar experiences

28. **Despite severe floods in the central provinces of Mozambique that resulted in localized crop losses, ----.**

- A) **abundant rains in the main growing areas of the north benefited the corn crop**
- B) prolonged dry weather in southern provinces of the country made thousands of low-income families suffer
- C) the government of Mozambique undertook a detailed assessment of the situation in the region
- D) some 20.000 people in Mozambique were reported to be experiencing difficulties in terms of farming
- E) demands for clean water for irrigation from are not easy to meet due to poor drilling technology

29. ----, a large majority of high school graduates work in the service industry, in low paying jobs that don't offer many opportunities for advancement.

- A) Even though only a small part of the higher education is designed to teach students about real-life problems
- B) Aside from attending a college after high school, which is undeniably a major commitment of time and money
- C) Whereas university graduates tend to have skills that qualify them for employment in fields offering more upward mobility
- D) As well as shrinking employment options in today's economy for people who only have a high school diploma
- E) Just as the families of college graduates are better off economically and socially compared to those of uneducated ones

30. ---- because unless it is consumed as soon as possible, it will rapidly dry out on the store shelf.

- A) Sometimes supermarket bread is overcooked, leading to a crust that is too hard
- B) The first evidence of bread being baked dates back to approximately 10000 BC
- C) Some chemicals and additives are added to make convenience food more affordable for crowds
- D) Seeing a warm loaf of bread on the shelf at a store for a long time is not common
- E) Nowadays, only a small amount of bread is permitted by many dieticians



21  
31. Just as many cosmetic products have been proven to have little efficacy, ----.

- A) cosmetics and cosmetic surgery are now subject to much more stringent regulation after heartbreaking news from failed surgeries
- B) it has been demonstrated after clinical trials that certain natural products have no healing or even enhancing effect
- C) many teenagers who are bombarded with ads are willing to try almost any method or product to improve our physical appearance
- D) the most expensive beauty products on the shelves have fewer potential risks associated with such products
- E) it is still primarily women who seek out cosmetics and cosmetic procedures

32. Studying agricultural practices, specific plants and their contribution, soil management, and preservation, ----.

- A) It is important to study how early peoples could control their food supply
- B) the harnessing and control of agricultural practices is considered a turning point in human history
- C) agriculture is four times more effective than other sectors in reducing poverty
- D) there still remain huge opportunities for research and development in the agricultural sector
- ✓ E) anthropologists can make more precise predictions as to a culture's or society's lifestyles

33. Though glass is more stable than wood and does not react to temperature and humidity changes, ----.

- A) instruments made of glass are deemed impractical and fragile
- B) glass is much safer and stronger than some other materials
- C) after manufacture, every glass product can be additionally treated by coating, heat treating, or some kind of decorating
- D) people used naturally occurring glass before they learned how to make glass
- E) big changes in humidity and temperature should be taken into account while shipping certain products

34. Listening to music while writing a term paper or PhD thesis or when doing something else offers certain benefits ----.

- A) even if music enlightens almost all the parts of our brain, suggesting that music has broad effects on our brain health
- B) because it will be very easy to lose your focus from what you should be studying and listen to the song and focus on lyrics instead
- C) so the term 'Mozart Effect' suggesting listening to music could actually enhance intelligence, has been widely refuted
- D) as there is a lot of evidence showing that performing many tasks that require your total focus at the same time can be rewarding
- E) but music can have a positive effect on your attention span and memory though this varies greatly from person to person

21 Apart from

35. Besides performing dangerous jobs of rescuing people or animals in case of fire, ----.

- A) the aging of the population will lead to an increased demand for emergency responders
- B) many fire departments now require applicants to have a bachelor's degree
- C) working as a volunteer firefighter may help in getting a job as a career firefighter
- D) enforcing safety standards in properties are among a firefighter's responsibilities
- E) firefighters' duties may change several times at the scene of an emergency

36. The expansion of the world population is the most important problem which human beings need to solve ----.

- A) in order not to confront big social problems such as lack of resources, food and housing in the near future
- B) if a viable and a sustainable solution to problems like diminishing resources is to be found
- C) although birth control, which may lead to moral objections, is the fastest way to reduce the population growth rate
- D) due to the fact that the survival of the community is more important than an individual's freedom
- E) as if current issues ranging from population growth to pollution are addressed properly

also  
even

place  
venue  
setting

37-42: For these questions, choose the most accurate Turkish translation of the sentences in English, and the most accurate English translation of the sentences in Turkish.

37. Our world may not be able to grow enough food and other crops to ensure that future populations are adequately fed.

- A) Dünyamız, gelecekte nüfusun yeterince beslenmesini sağlamak için yeterli gıda ve bazı başka ürünleri yetiştiremeyebilir.
- B) Dünyamız gelecekteki nüfusun yeterli beslenmesini sağlamak için yeterince gıda ve başka ürünler yetiştiremeyebilir.
- C) Dünyamızda, gelecekteki nüfusa yeterince beslenmelerini sağlamaya yetecek gıda ve benzeri ürünler yetiştirilemeyebilir.
- D) Dünyamızın gelecekteki nüfusuna yeterli beslenme sağlayacak gıda ve benzer başka ürün türleri yetiştirilemeyebilir.
- E) Dünyamız, geleceğin nüfusunu yeterince besleyemeyebilir ve temel gıdalar gibi bazı başka ürünler de yetiştirilemeyebilir.

38. Childhood educators must have knowledge in the developmental stages of childhood and the subjects taught to children at school.

- A) Okulda çocuklara öğretilen şeyler ve onların çocukluk dönemi için önemi, çocuk eğitimcilerinin uzmanlık alanıdır.
- B) Çocukluk dönemlerindeki gelişimler ve çocuklara okulda öğretilen konular, bir eğitimcinin bilmesi gerekenler arasındadır.
- C) Çocukluğun gelişim aşamaları ve özellikle onlara okulda öğretilen konular tüm eğitimciler tarafından bilinmesi gerekmektedir.
- D) Çocuk eğitimcileri, çocukluğun gelişim aşamaları ve çocuklara okulda öğretilen konular hakkında bilgi sahibi olmalıdır.
- E) Çocuk eğitimcileri de çocukluğun gelişim aşamalarını ve özellikle onlara okulda öğretilen konuları bilmelidirler.

1.5

39. **By many economic and social indicators, including population per physician, per hospital bed, and per telephone, Namibia is better off than many other African countries.**

- A) Hekim, hastane yatağı, telefon başına düşen nüfus gibi çoğu ekonomik ve sosyal gösterge açısından, Namibya, diğer birçok fakir Afrika ülkesinden çok daha iyi durumdadır.
- B) Pek çok kez, ekonomik ve sosyal göstergeler Namibya'nın, birçok Afrika ülkesinden iyi olduğunu hekim, hastane yatağı ve telefon başına düşen nüfus ile göstermiştir.
- C) Pek çok ekonomik ve sosyal gösterge, hekim, hastane yatağı ve telefon başına düşen nüfus açısından Namibya'nın, Afrika ülkelerinden daha iyi olan durumunu ortaya koymaktadır.
- D) Hekim, hastane yatağı ve telefon başına düşen nüfusu da içeren birçok ekonomik ve sosyal göstereye göre, Namibya diğer birçok Afrika ülkesinden daha iyi durumdadır.
- E) Birçok ekonomik ve sosyal göstereye göre, hekim, hastane yatağı ve telefon başına düşen nüfus açısından Namibya, diğer birçok fakir Afrika ülkesinden daha iyi durumdadır.

40. **Gelişmekte olan ülkelerin liderleri, ülkelerinde daha iyi bir yaşam kalitesi için serbest piyasa veya karma bir ekonomiyi benimsemektedirler.**

- A) Developing countries' leaders generally adopt a free market or mixed economy to be able to provide a better life for their people.
- B) Developing countries and their leaders have adopted a free market as well as a mixed economy for a better quality of life.
- C) The leaders of developing countries are adopting a free market or mixed economy for a better quality of life in their countries.
- D) In developing countries, leaders seem to have adopted a free market rather than a mixed economy for a better quality of life.
- E) For the leaders of developing countries, a free market or mixed economy should be adopted as soon as possible for a better quality of life.

41. İnsanlık, medeniyetin başlangıcından beri bir şeyler yapmaya çalıştı, ancak harika şeyler yapacak teknolojiye sahip olduğumuzu fark etmemiz, 19. yüzyılın başlarına rastlar.

- A) Human beings have done great things since the beginning of civilization, but only with the turn of the 19<sup>th</sup> century did he realize he could do really extraordinary things.
- B) Humanity has tried to do things since the dawn of civilization, but that we realized we had the technology to do great things coincides with the turn of the 19<sup>th</sup> century.
- C) Although we have tried to do things since the dawn of civilization, it wasn't until the 19<sup>th</sup> century that we realized we had the technology needed to do great things.
- D) Man has always sought to do good things since the beginning of time, but his realization that he could do them with technology coincides with the turn of the 19<sup>th</sup> century.
- E) With the beginning of civilization, man has tried to do things, but he had to wait for the technology to come with the turn of the 19<sup>th</sup> century to be able to do so.

42. Koku, duygusal bir tepki uyandırabilir ve, doğru kullanıldığında, ruh halini iyileştirebilir ve mutluluk duygularını uyandırabilir.

- A) Scent can evoke an emotional response and, when used right, can enhance mood and evoke feelings of happiness.
- B) Fragrances have effects on emotional reactions, and by using them effectively, you can boost your mood and be happy.
- C) Scents can make you remember certain moments and, if used right, they can improve your mood and give you joy.
- D) The sense of smell is closely related to certain emotional reactions, and with the proper use, they can evoke the feeling of happiness in people.
- E) It is scent that evokes an emotional response and triggers some feelings, and when used right, can even evoke the feeling of happiness.

43-46: Answer these questions according to the passage below.

Scholars trace the origins of the popular culture to the creation of the middle class generated by the Industrial Revolution. The meaning of popular culture then began to merge with that of mass culture, consumer culture, image culture, media culture and culture for mass consumption. There are two opposing sociological arguments concerning popular culture. One argument is that popular culture is used by the elites, who tend to control the mass media and popular culture outlets, to control those below them because it dulls people's minds, making them passive and easy to control. A second argument is just the opposite: popular culture is a vehicle for rebellion against the culture of dominant groups. In his book, *Cultural Theory and Popular Culture*, John Storey offers six different definitions of popular culture. In one definition, Storey describes mass or popular culture as "a hopelessly commercial culture that is mass-produced for mass consumption by a mass of non-discriminating consumers." He further states that popular culture favours "**formulaic**". It is far from placing importance on quality and refinement as can be seen by looking at the rise of some pop stars who owe their presence only to wonders of advertising.

43. According to the passage, popular culture ----.

- A) is by no means a recent phenomenon according to scholars
- B) is a term popular which was first used in *Cultural Theory and Popular Culture*
- C) explains the reasons why the elites tend to control the mass media
- D) uses to only rebellion in order to convey its messages
- E) has led to many sociological arguments about culture and its subcategories

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44. According to the passage, popular culture owes its presence to ----.

- A) the countless changes it has undergone over time in terms of meaning
- B) the emergence of the middle class the Industrial Revolution created
- C) the power of the influential minority who had the control of the mass media
- D) its ability to make crowds indifferent against all negative things around them
- E) the commercial gains it promises to those who know how to benefit from it



increase  
= rise

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also even  
cultivated

45. The underlined word in the passage "formulaic" is closest in meaning to ----.

- A) ostentatious      B) durable  
C) refutable      D) ordinary  
E) consistent

46. It can be concluded from the passage that John Storey ----.

- A) is one of the most well-known experts on the Industrial Revolution  
B) thinks popular culture is just a vehicle of the dominant groups  
C) doesn't have a sympathetic attitude towards popular culture  
D) has six different publications on the effects of popular culture  
E) hasn't studied popular culture as thoroughly as he claims

**47-50: Answer these questions according to the passage below.**

Some of our earliest evidence of man and art is tied to animals. Cave illustrations depict bison and deer. Obviously, animals have played a large part in the lives of humans throughout our history, becoming integral to our survival, and our very identity. It seems natural that we would want to incorporate and include animals in our lives as much as possible for food, companionship, clothing and milk, which brought about the domestication of animals. From archaeological evidence such as fossils, historians have learned a lot about man's domestication of animals. Animal domestication is partly tied to human domestication or the social shift from hunter-gatherer to farmer. Though hunter-gatherers worked with domesticated dogs long before human's alleged self-domestication, later on, farmers saw the benefit of keeping livestock. As some ancient people became farmers and started to settle in one place, raising domesticated livestock offered them the convenience of fresh meat as well as manure for fertilizing crops. Researchers point out that the civilizations that domesticated animals and plants consequently got more power and were able to spread their cultures and languages. Civilizations all over the ancient world domesticated animals for various reasons, depending on which animals were around them and what the animals could provide humans. Certain animals even took on religious significance in many civilizations, such as Ancient Egypt and Rome.

**47. Which of the following is pointed out in the passage?**

- A) Some illustrations depicting bison and deer are our earliest shreds of evidence about life in caves.
- B) Animals have never been as important for humans throughout history as they are now.
- C) The biggest reason for animals' incorporation into human's life is the need for food and cloth.
- D) The need to domesticate animals is rooted in humans' wishes to use them as art objects.
- E) As well as helping with the continuation of our lives, animals also contributed to our identity.

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48. According to the passage, the so-called human domestication ----.

- A) is a term used while defining hunting practices
- B) took place long after the domestication of dogs
- C) is not similar to domestication of animals at all
- D) didn't start until people had dogs in gardens
- E) happened due to the domestication of dogs

49. Which of the following can be concluded from the passage?

- A) Fossils helped early men a lot in learning how to domesticate animals around them.
- B) Religion was central to the daily lives of the people of Ancient Egypt and Rome.
- C) Humans domesticate animals which they think can provide certain benefits for them.
- D) The availability of fresh meat was just one of the reasons to adopt a hunter-gather lifestyle.
- E) Civilizations in the ancient world had sophisticated ways to domesticate animals.

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**50. Which of the following questions CANNOT be answered according to the passage?**

- A) Do we have evidence to tell if ancient people domesticated animals?
- B) How did ancient people start domesticating farm animals?
- C) What are some effects of animal domestication on societies' lives?
- D) What benefits does domestication provide for domesticated animals?
- E) Does animal domestication have anything to do with people's lifestyles?

51. - 54: Answer these questions according to the passage below.

Complementary and alternative medicine (CAM) refers to medical treatments that are offered instead of or alongside mainstream Western therapies. Over 30 per cent of American adults report using CAM, according to the National Center for Complementary and Integrative Health. Individuals turn to alternative medicine for various reasons. Some agree with the philosophy of Traditional Chinese Medicine, and some would like to expand their treatment options, while others are simply frustrated by the failure of conventional medicine to cure their illnesses. On the other hand, alternative medicine is a subject of growing discussion within the healthcare industry. Sceptics of alternative medicine often perceive a lack of scientific evidence supporting alternative treatment options compared with the studies backing drugs and surgeries offered by conventional medicine. This scepticism has drawn researchers to conduct studies on treatments such as acupuncture, massage therapy, meditation, and yoga. Those occupying a middle ground conclude that though some treatments have sufficient evidence supporting their healing potential, patients should be careful about blindly accepting all alternative treatment options.

51. It is stated in the passage that alternative medicine ----.

- A) is being extensively discussed in the Chinese healthcare industry
- B) has no place in the American health system for several reasons
- C) is gaining ground to be a first treatment option all around the world
- D) has been under debate among health circles over its effectiveness
- E) is expected to replace mainstream Western therapies

Complementary and alternative medicine (CAM) refers to medical treatments that are offered instead of or alongside mainstream Western therapies. Over 30 per cent of American adults report using CAM, according to the National Center for Complementary and Integrative Health. Individuals turn to alternative medicine for various reasons. Some agree with the philosophy of Traditional Chinese Medicine, and some would like to expand their treatment options, while others are simply frustrated by the failure of conventional medicine to cure their illnesses. On the other hand, alternative medicine is a subject of growing discussion within the healthcare industry. Sceptics of alternative medicine often perceive a lack of scientific evidence supporting alternative treatment options compared with the studies backing drugs and surgeries offered by conventional medicine. This scepticism has drawn researchers to conduct studies on treatments such as acupuncture, massage therapy, meditation, and yoga. Those occupying a middle ground conclude that though some treatments have sufficient evidence supporting their healing potential, patients should be careful about blindly accepting all alternative treatment options.

**52. Which of the following is one of the reasons why some people seek help from alternative medicine?**

- A) They are just disappointed with conventional medicine's inability to treat their diseases.
- B) They have no other choice but to go to alternative medicine for its low cost.
- C) They are well aware of alternative medicine's success rate in the treatment of diseases.
- D) They are referred by health professionals to alternative medicine for its instant cure.
- E) They are denied easy and free access to conventional medicine and proper medical care.

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**53. As opposed to conventional medicine, alternative medicine ----.**

- A) has been proven to be more effective in medical treatment based on scientific evidence
- B) attracts a lot more attention because it is found to be a breakthrough in medical treatment
- C) is frequently criticized due to lack of scientific evidence confirming its effectiveness in treatments
- D) promises a lot in the way of curing some of the diseases that a great many people suffer from
- E) offers a more comprehensive medical care with its drugs and surgeries supported by science

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**54. The passage is mainly about ----.**

- A) conventional and alternative medicine, both of which offer equally good treatment options for all patients across the world
- B) conventional and alternative medicine, with the latter being more preferred and debated as well
- C) alternative medicine that has scientific evidence supporting its healing potential and its effectiveness in most of the deadly diseases
- D) caution that should be exercised when patients seek treatment both from conventional and alternative medicine
- E) medical treatments that are offered by alternative medicine and their relative effectiveness in comparison to those by conventional medicine



55. - 58: Answer these questions according to the passage below.

In the United States, the demolition of dams now outpaces the construction of new ones--with more than 1,400 dams removed since the 1970s--and a new study suggests that the ecosystem effects of dam removal can be predicted. Published in the journal *BioScience*, the study identifies a consistent set of physical and biological processes that control ecological responses to dam removal. These processes, combined with the unique environmental conditions found at each dam, ultimately determine how the ecology of the river will respond. "We found that each dam removal is unique because of the location, size, and history of the watershed," said Ryan Bellmore, a Juneau, Alaska-based research fish ecologist with the U.S. Forest Service's Pacific Northwest Research Station who is the lead author of the study. "Nevertheless, we found that ecological responses generally follow similar patterns. Although dams are primarily demolished because they are aging and are costly to repair or upgrade, ecosystem recovery also is a common objective, particularly for fish species such as salmon that are culturally and economically important," he added.

55. According to the passage, the number of new dams ----.

- A) is rising in the United States, as is the case with other developed countries
- B) shows a decline in some countries on account of costs incurred
- C) falls behind that of the dams that are removed in the United States
- D) has been in decline in such countries as the US as a result of cuts in public spending
- E) will surely surpass that of removed dams to fulfil energy needs in the United States

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56. It is clearly stated in the passage that dams ----.

- A) have been the most significant way of generating energy in the United States
- B) play a prominent part in the energy generation, notably in the developing world
- C) have caused untold miseries to the fishing industry in the United States since the 1970s
- D) are demolished, among other things, to enable ecosystems to recover
- E) have been constructed in the United States despite protests from environmentalists

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**57. The writer's attitude towards the demolition of dams is ----.**

- A) objective                      B) indifferent  
C) sarcastic                      D) skeptical  
E) cautious

**58. One can understand from the passage that ----.**

- A) dam removal takes place more frequently in developing countries than the United States  
B) not every process of demolishing a dam bears the characteristics that apply to all  
C) dam removal has more critics than supporters, considering the energy needs of the world  
D) building dams is regarded by some scientists as the depletion of natural resources  
E) is ineffective in restoring the environment to full strength

59. - 62: Answer these questions according to the passage below.

There is a long history of "laziness" as a positive social force. The French salon culture that greatly influenced the Enlightenment in the 18th century revolved around leisure and political discourse. Today, these gatherings are viewed as integral to the cultural and intellectual development of France and Western Europe, and they helped women to get actively involved in life in France. In the 19th century, lazy became a dirty word as the Industrial Revolution, and Protestant work ethic took hold of the West, encouraging 16 hours or more of work per day, six days per week. In response to this, critics of industrialism and capitalism, most notably Paul Lafargue, called for a right to be lazy, claiming that working too much was detrimental to working-class people. Unlike the aristocrats and business people who could take time for leisure, workers spent their waking hours in factories and tending to their families. Lafargue believed that the only way workers could achieve independence would be to embrace laziness and reject social pressure to work constantly. While Lafargue focused on laziness as a form of rebellion by workers, his views on the importance of laziness seem in line with modern research giving clues as to the health benefits of boredom and daydreaming.

59. According to the passage, there appears to be a similarity between ----.

- A) what Lafargue believed about laziness and what modern science says about boredom and daydreaming
- B) the things that shape the French salon culture and the birth of the Enlightenment in the 18th century
- C) the beliefs of the workers and business people of the 19<sup>th</sup> century about how many hours a worker should work for
- D) the way the aristocrats of the past and the businessmen of today spend their free time with their families
- E) reasons bringing about the Enlightenment in the 18<sup>th</sup> century France and those leading to social pressure today

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60. According to the passage, the French salon culture ----.

- A) made people of the 18<sup>th</sup>-century view laziness as a positive social force
- B) contributed much to France and Western Europe's culture and intellectual life
- C) is rooted in the social changes the Enlightenment period brought about
- D) helped French women follow cultural and intellectual changes in Europe
- E) caused heated debates in political circles about how free time should be spent

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**61. The reason why the word "lazy" started to have a negative meaning is that ----.**

- A) protestants advised people to stay away from workers not doing their jobs ethically
- B) 16 hours of work per day encouraged people to work more as it meant earning more
- C) industrial changes and certain religious views demanded longer working hours
- D) employers made workers compete to produce more and get a financial bonus
- E) religious leaders told people that faithful workers should work hard

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**62. According to Lafargue, ----.**

- A) business people are the real enemies of workers; not aristocrats
- B) workers should spend more time with their family members
- C) capitalism is the result of workers' contribution to societies
- D) a typical workday of 16 hours is harmful to the working class
- E) financial independence cannot be reached unless one works hard

63-67: For these questions, choose the best option to complete the dialogue.

63.

Tom: I guess we don't need more engineers and government should shut down engineering faculties. We are not running out of planes and TV sets, but food.

Eileen: -----

Tom: Do you think they did something good by introducing inorganic types of food?

Eileen: Well, I am not saying they are perfect, but every innovation has some faults in the beginning. I'm sure researchers will find a way out.

- A) I suggest you be aware of the suspicion towards biotechnology and its potential uses for political and economic control.
- B) As far as I am concerned, food engineering and Genetically Modified seeds are the only way to do away with the imminent crisis.
- C) I think chemical herbicides and pesticides that these seeds are engineered to tolerate may help us in the long run.
- D) I hope you don't believe all those statements made in favour of the companies working on food engineering.
- E) You seem to forget how food engineers contributed to the problem of food shortage with their solutions like Genetically Modified foods.



64. Marcus: Is it true that one burns more calories while sleeping than watching TV?

Evelyn: Yes, definitely. It is because experts say you move more when you are asleep than you lie on the sofa and watch your favourite TV show.

Marcus: -----

Evelyn: You have a point, but that happens mostly when we go to our kitchens to grab something to eat or drink, which ends up getting more calories.

- A) But we are not fully motionless while watching something, as we often leave the sofa for some reason.
- B) Then we can try effortless ways of burning calories like drinking more water, kissing and chewing gum.
- C) I guess, in the case of watching TV, we burn only 56 calories per hour and it increases our appetite.
- D) If so, we can devise ingenious ways to increase the number of calories burnt during deep sleep.
- E) I think it might make people choose to sleep to lose weight instead of following a healthy diet or doing sport.

let  
have sb/sth do

cause sb to do

65. Tina: Newspapers are talking about "A Journey to the Red Planet"? Is there such a planet with that name?

Lana: As far as I remember, the planet that goes by that name is Mars.

Tina: But isn't it made up of soil like other planets? Soil is brown, so what is the point of giving such a name?

Lana: -----

Tina: I don't get everything you said, but it makes more sense now.

- 15
- ✓
- A) Mars is the fourth planet from the Sun, and it orbits the Sun at an average distance of 228 million km, which is very far.
- B) Soil colour is produced by the minerals present, and its soil has iron oxide or rust particles in it, which give the planet a reddish colour.
- C) Dark brown or black colour in soil indicates that the soil has a high organic matter content and that's why the ground looks brown.
- D) Usually, soil colour is described using general terms such as "brown", "red", "dark", etc., yet this is not viewed as scientific.
- E) As its soil bears resemblances, scientists are using the Atacama desert while studying possibilities of cultivating on the Red Planet.

66.

Mary: We are lucky to have the best weather condition in the country. When it is hot, it is not humid; when it rains, there is no thunder or lightning, and the cold weather in the winter season is quite mild.

Emily: -----

Mary: Living in this part of the country all my life, I have always yearned for the same thing as well.

Emily: It would really be fun to make a snowman or go skiing.

crave for / long for  
too

- A) Another thing is, with the old cars we have, we had better go to a place where there is no rain or snow.
- B) By the way, I guess the climate change thing is real as I can hardly remember when it rained or snowed last time.
- ✓ C) However, sometimes I just wish we had some snow as it looks so pretty when everything is covered by snow.
- D) Maybe we should go somewhere and do something different, like skiing or camping to enjoy the weather.
- E) I think it has been a long time since we last had a fun time together walking up the hills in the snowy weather.

67.

Mark: You can't go out these days without seeing a shopping center, thanks to the ancient Romans.

Karl: ----

Mark: The concept of a multifunctional public place, what a mall is, was born in Ancient Rome when the first large shopping centre called "Trajan's Market" was built in the 2<sup>nd</sup> century Rome.

Karl: Not a day goes by learning something new. Thanks.

- ✓ A) Honestly speaking, I really can't see any relation between the two.
- B) Furthermore, the marketplace was also an administrative and financial centre.
- C) On the contrary, malls are for people with no social life and who need a place to go.
- D) Really, I didn't know there were such versatile builders in Ancient Rome.
- E) As far as I know, the first malls were built using the most advanced techniques.

1,5

1.5  
2.2  
68-71: For these questions, choose the best-rephrased form of the given sentence.

68. Tea is second only to water around the world and green tea is considered definitely the healthiest kind available.
- A) In the world, only water is drunk more often than ~~green tea~~ as it is arguably the best health-promoting beverage.
- ✓ B) Only water is drunk more than tea throughout the world, and green tea is undisputedly the best kind around for health.
- C) Nowhere in the world is there a place where tea is consumed as much as water for all its definite health benefits.
- D) Green tea is certainly the best tea kind in terms of health benefits because it is the second popular drink after water.
- E) All over the world, black tea and water are the two most popular drinks though green tea is a lot healthier.

69. The relationship between chocolate and desire has yet to be backed up by science, yet we know that the health benefits of dark chocolate are real.

- A) We know enough to tell dark chocolate does have health benefits; however, due to the insufficient data, it is not possible as yet to prove the link between chocolate and desire.
- B) There is a scientifically proven link between dark chocolate and desire, but the case is not so as for its relationship with health.
- C) Science hasn't yet been able to establish a link between dark chocolate and health, and we don't know enough to tell whether it is healthy.
- D) The connection between chocolate and desire is devoid of scientific evidence, yet the real health advantages of chocolate are known for sure.
- E) Without backing it up by scientific data, it is in vain to claim there is a relationship between dark chocolate, desire and health.

70 The term addiction refers to the continual compulsion to engage in a particular behaviour regardless of adverse consequences.

- A) Repeated acts of addicted ones are labelled as addiction irrespective of their kind and possible consequences.
- B) The persistent urge to perform a certain act, not taking notice of its negative results, is called addiction.
- C) Addiction is being busy with certain activities, no matter how nonsense the reasons are.
- D) What we know as addiction is, in fact, nothing more than the repeated involvement in some acts bringing bad results.
- E) Particular actions leading to unintended consequences refer to addiction, no matter how bad they are.

71. Habitual improper diet, which becomes part of the routine, ultimately makes the body deprived of certain vitamins and minerals and causes deficiency diseases.

- A) Routines that make improper diet habitual and thus, lead to a lack of vitamins and minerals certainly cause severe deficiency diseases.
- B) Wrong diet and lack of some minerals can make the body deprived of certain nutrients, and in the end, this leads to deficiency diseases.
- C) When improper diet becomes part of the routine, it will finally cause the body to lack in some vitamins and minerals, which leads to deficiency diseases.
- D) As long as the body remains devoid of basic vitamins and minerals, any diet will become unhealthy, and deficiency disorders become inevitable.
- E) Improper diet turns into part of the routine and then ultimately causes deficiency disease for those deprived of some vitamins and minerals.



72. The Atlantic Charter, issued in 1941, included eight common principles. Among them, the United States and Britain agreed not to seek territorial gains from the war, and they opposed any territorial changes made against the wishes of the people concerned. The two countries also agreed to support the restoration of self-government to those nations who had lost it during the war. Additionally, the Atlantic Charter stated that people should have the right to choose their own form of government. ---- The document also called for international cooperation to secure improved living and working conditions for all; freedom of the seas; and for all countries to abandon the use of force.
- A) As for raw materials, another principle included access for all nations to these materials needed for economic prosperity, and yet another was an easing of trade restrictions.
- B) The document resulting from the meetings was issued after a short while and started to become known as the Atlantic Charter.
- C) It was the first time the two leaders met as heads of their respective governments, and at that point, the US had not yet entered the war.
- D) The document is still considered to be one of the first key steps toward the establishment of the United Nations in 1945.
- E) Representatives of 26 governments signed a "Declaration by United Nations", pledging their support for the Atlantic Charter's principles.

73. Adjusting your own mood and actions to others can be traced back to human origins. People used mirroring as a kind of universal signal. In order to survive and evolve, humankind had to learn and invent many things, including socially accepted behaviour. There were stronger, smarter and more honoured individuals in human society. These were the ones with a higher social status. ---- For example, if such an honoured man wore a handkerchief as a decorative accessory, the rest of the group would consider it to be trendy. They also take it as an absolute must for them to follow.
- A) People mostly observe defects in others, maybe due to undeveloped parts of their personalities.
- B) We can all think of a few cases that we would describe as "definitely impossible."
- C) A lot of research in psychology has shown us that our bodies reveal a lot about who we are.
- D) All the others had to develop certain behavioural patterns to show their respect and honour to the strongest.
- E) When people mirror each other, it shows that there are comfort and trust among them.

74. Poland was the only European country which fought and at times experienced defeat - but never capitulated - from the first to the last day of World War II. This armed conflict, the greatest in the world's history, began with an attack upon Poland in 1939: first by Germany on 1 September and then by the Soviet Union on 17 September. In June 1941, after the Third Reich attacked the USSR, the Soviet Union joined the Great Coalition whose combined force won the war. The leaders decided the new division of the world, including how post-war Poland would look. ----
- A) Meanwhile, almost 200,000 Polish soldiers in 1939 were captured and sent to Siberian labour camps.
- B) The Polish experience in WWII was probably the most complex, but even so, it is still the least known.
- C) Although Poland belonged to the victorious camp, it would not be able to win its full independence until 1989.
- D) Approximately 90% of the pre-war Jewish population of Poland was killed in Nazi concentration camps.
- E) According to some estimates, as many as 50% of these war heroes died under such harsh conditions.

75. The genre spaghetti western was born in the first half of the 60s and lasted until the second half of the 70s. It got its name from the fact that most films of this genre were directed and produced by Italians, often in collaboration with other European countries. ---- This was because they thought they were inferior to American westerns. Most of the films were made with low budgets, but several still managed to be innovative and artistic, although at the time they didn't get much recognition, even in Europe. In the 80s the reputation of the genre grew, and today the term is no longer used in a humiliating way.
- A) It's believed that the genre arose after the success of Sergio Leone's *A Fistful of Dollars* (1964).
- B) In general spaghetti westerns are more action-oriented than their American counterparts.
- C) The outdoor scenes of many spaghetti westerns with the higher budget were shot in Spain.
- D) In Japan, they are called Macaroni westerns while in Germany they are known as *Italowestern*.
- E) The name '*spaghetti western*' originally was a humiliating term, given by foreign critics to these films.

76. (I) In the old days of stargazing, before smartphones, tablets and desktop computers existed, astronomers relied on star charts and catalogues to find things in the sky. (II) Whether someone is a stargazer or simply interested in what's going on "up there", these digital assistants open up the cosmos for individual exploration. (III) Of course, they also had to guide their own telescopes and, in some cases, rely simply on the naked eye for observing the night sky. (IV) With the digital revolution, tools that people use for navigation, communication, and education are prime targets for astronomy apps and programs. (V) These come in handy in addition to astronomy books and other products.

- A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

angora  
inSilizceangora  
enSilish

77. (I) After years of having five-day workweek, it turns out working less might mean more work gets done. (II) A raft of studies have shown that with less time to work, less time is wasted – there's less absenteeism and, in most cases, greater productivity. (III) A more compact working week has also been shown to encourage employees to stay with companies for longer and works as a recruitment tool. (IV) For enterprises which require to maintain services for customers all week, a five-day workweek is impossible. (V) A shorter working week could even reduce global carbon emissions, with fewer commuters clogging the roads on certain days.

A) I

B) II

C) III

D) IV

E) V

+

+

+

-

+

78. (I) Many preschools understand the importance of play and have designed their curriculum around it. (II) Many oppose the theory of learning through play as they think children are not gaining new knowledge. (III) However, play is the first way children learn to make sense of the world at a young age. (IV) As children watch others interact around them, they pick up on their slight nuances, from facial expressions to their tone of voice. (V) They explore different roles, learn how things work, and to communicate and work with others, all of which cannot be taught by a standard curriculum but have to be developed through the method of play.

- A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

However  
But

79. (I) Once you are done with your schooling and college, the next accomplishment that you have in your mind is to start earning money. (II) There are different ways to achieve this- by commencing your own trade by applying for a job or taking up a job temporarily to make savings and then start your business venture. (III) Certain reports suggest a strong correlation between education and wealth, but this association is not a strong one. (IV) Every individual has their own choice regarding how they wish to establish their career in the market. (V) However, looking at the current trend in the majority of the sectors, it is evident that people prefer to commence their own business now instead of doing a job with some firm.

- A) I    B) II    C) III    D) IV    E) V



80. (I) It's been proven that parental behaviour – like discussing financial matters with your children – has a positive impact on their financial behaviour as they move into adulthood. (II) So, discussing money around the dinner table can help your kids build an awareness of the importance of financial independence. (III) Unfortunately, most of the time, a lot of us avoid talking to our kids about money-related issues. (IV) This is because we lack confidence in how we've handled our own finances! (V) Therefore, talking about your finances this way might help you to be a better role model for your colleagues.

A) I

B) II

C) III

D) IV

E) V

TEST BİTTİ.  
LÜTFEN CEVAPLARINIZI  
KONTROL EDİNİZ.

CEVAP ANAHTARI

1	C	21	E	41	B	61	C
2	D	22	B	42	A	62	D
3	A	23	C	43	A	63	E
4	B	24	E	44	B	64	A
5	C	25	D	45	D	65	B
6	D	26	A	46	C	66	C
7	E	27	B	47	E	67	A
8	A	28	A	48	B	68	B
9	D	29	C	49	C	69	A
10	B	30	D	50	D	70	B
11	E	31	B	51	D	71	C
12	D	32	E	52	A	72	A
13	B	33	A	53	C	73	D
14	A	34	D	54	B	74	C
15	C	35	D	55	C	75	E
16	B	36	A	56	D	76	B
17	A	37	B	57	A	77	D
18	C	38	D	58	B	78	A
19	D	39	D	59	A	79	C
20	B	40	C	60	B	80	E